

INDUSTRIAL CATHODE-RAY TUBES

TYPES: 7AQP4, 7AQP7, 7AQP16, 7AQP19, 7AQP25

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

ELECTRICAL DATA

Focusing Method	Electrostatic
Deflecting Method	
Deflecting Angle (Approximate)	70 Degrees
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, Approximate	
Cathode to all other electrodes	3.0 µµf
Grid No. 1 to all other electrodes	6.5 µµf

OPTICAL DATA

Phosphor Number	4	7	16	19	25
Fluorescence	White	Blue	Violet	Orange	Orange
Phosphorescence		Yellow		Orange	Orange
Persistence	Short-to- medium	Long	Extremely Short	Long	Long

MECHANICAL DATA

Faceplate

Overall Length (seated height) $8\frac{1}{16}\pm\frac{3}{16}$ Inches
Greatest Diameter of Bulb $7 \pm \frac{1}{16}$ Inches
Minimum Useful Screen Diameter 6 Inches
Bulb Contact J1-22
Base ¹ E9-37
Basing 9HT
Bulb Contact Alignment:
Plane of J1-22 cap passes halfway between
Pins No. 1 and 9 ±10 Degrees
J1-22 cap on same side as Pins No. 1 and 9
Weight, Approximate 21/4 Pounds

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Absolute Maximum Values)

Heater Voltage	0.3 YOITS
Heater Current at 6.3 Volts	0.3 ± 10% Ampere
Accelerator Voltage	12,000 Max. Volts DC
Focusing Electrode Voltage	
550 to	11100 May Volte DC

Grid No. 2 Voltage 770 Max. Volts DC
Grid No. 1 Voltage:
Negative Bias Value 180 Max. Volts DC
Positive Pias Value 0 Max. Volts DC
Positive Peak Value 0 Max. Volts DC
Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage
Heater negative with respect to
cathode 180 Max. Volts
Heater positive with respect to
cathode 180 Max. Volts
TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

Clear, spherical

Accelerator Voltage	10,000 Volts DC
Focusing Electrode Voltage ³	
_	-50 to +350 Volts DC
Grid No. 2 Voltage	300 Volts DC
Grid No. 1 Voltage ⁴	— 15 to —45 Volts DC
Line Width ⁵	
Spot Position (Undeflected)6	3/8 Inch

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid No. 1 Circuit Resistance 1.5 Max. Megohms

NOTES

- A socket with a center opening to clear the tubulation should be used. Care should be taken in handling the tube to avoid damaging the exposed tubulation and bending the base pins.
- Brilliance and definition decrease with decreasing accelerator voltage. In general, accelerator voltage should not be less than 7,000 volts.
- 3. With Grid No. 1 voltage adjusted to produce an accelerator current of 100 $\mu\text{A}.$
- 4. Visual extinction of undeflected, focused spot.
- Measured in accordance with ML-E-1 specifications at an accelerator current of 100 µA.
- The center of the undeflected, focused spot will fall within a circle of %-inch radius concentric with the center of the tube face, with the tube shielded.

The P16, P19 and P25 screens can be permanently damaged if current density is permitted to rise too high. To prevent burning, minimum beam current densities should be employed.

FEATURES

- Space Saving Tube for Miniaturized Equipments
- Light Weight
- Short Overall Length
- Small Neck Diameter
- Miniature Base
- Low Heater Current
- Low Deflection Power Requirements
- Metallized Screen for High Light Output
- Other Phosphors Available

APPLICATIONS

- Air-Borne Radar
- Radar
- Monitor
- Slave Display Unit

DU MONT®

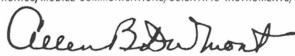
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precision electronics is our business

ELECTRONIC TUBES/INDUSTRIAL TV/MILITARY ELECTRONICS/MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS/SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS/AUTOMOTIVE TEST EQUIPMENT

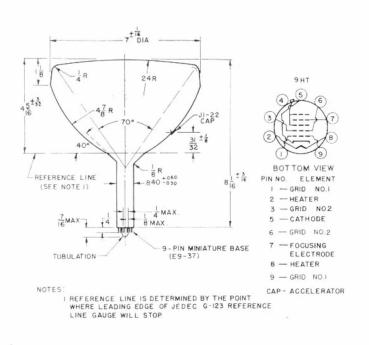
ELECTRONIC TUBE SALES DEPARTMENT

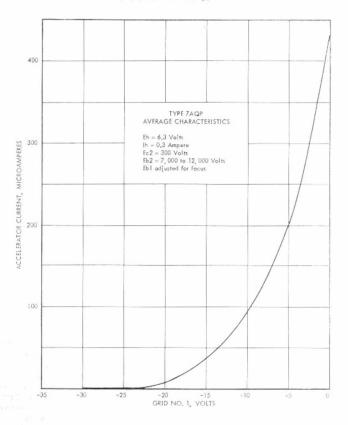


ALLEN B. DU MONT LABORATORIES, INC., CLIFTON, N. J., U. S. A.

OUTLINE DRAWING TYPE 7AQP-

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS TYPE 7AQP—





ACCESSORIES

Base Socket Du Mont P/N 340031705 and 1 (one) Connector Du Mont P/N 36000500.