Low Voltage / Low Power CMOS 16-bit Microcontrollers

TMP93CS32F

Outline and Device Characteristics

The TMP93CS32 is high-speed, advanced 16-bit microcontroller developed for controlling medium to large-scale equipment.

The TMP93CS32 is housed in 64-pin flat package (P-QFP64-1414-0.80A).

The device characteristics are as follows:

- Original 16-bit CPU (900/L CPU) (1)
 - TLCS-90 instruction mnemonic upward compatible
 - 16M-byte linear address space
 - General-purpose registers and register bank system
 - 16-bit multiplication / division and bit transfer / arithmetic instructions
 - Micro DMA: 4 channels (1.6 μs per 2 bytes at 20 MHz)
- (2)Minimum instruction execution time: 200 ns at 20 MHz
- Internal RAM: 2 Kbytes

Internal ROM: 64 Kbytes

- (4) External memory expansion
 - Can be expanded up to 16-Mbytes (for both programs and data).
 - AM8 / $\overline{16}$ pin (select the external data bus width)
 - Can mix 8- and 16-bit external data buses.

(Dynamic bus sizing)

- 8-bit timer: 4 channels (5)
- (6) 16-bit timer: 2 channels
- (7)Serial interface: 2 channels
- 10-bit AD converter: 6 channels (8)
- (9)High current output: 2 ports
- (10)Watchdog timer
- (11)Bus width / wait controller: 3 blocks
- (12) Interrupt functions: 31
 - 9 CPU interrupts (SWI instruction, and Illegal instruction)
 - 16 internal interrupts
 - 7-level priority can be set. • 6 external interrupts

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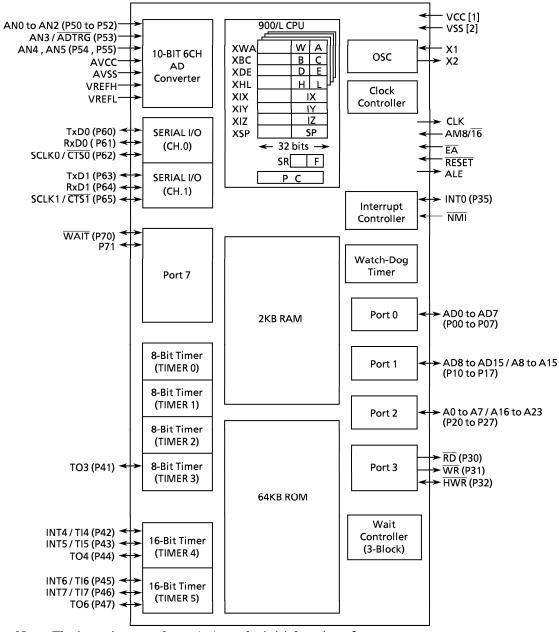
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- (13) I/O ports
 - 49 pins for TMP93CS32
- (14) Standby function: 4 halt modes (RUN, IDLE2, IDLE1, STOP)
- (15) Clock-gear function
 - Clock can be changed from fc to fc/16.
- (16) Wide Range of Operating Voltage
 - Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V
- (17) Package
 - P-QFP64-1414-0.80A



Note: The items in parentheses () are the initial setting after reset.

Figure 1.1 TMP93CS32 Block Diagram

2. Pin Assignment and Functions

The assignment of input and output pins for the TMP93CS32, their names and functions are described below.

2.1 Pin Assignment

Figure 2.1.1 shows pin assignment of the TMP93CS32.

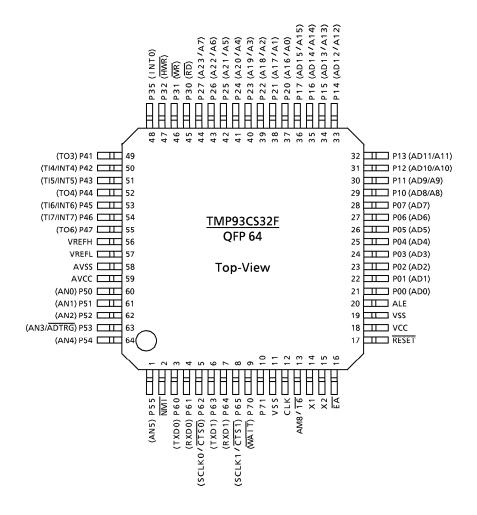


Figure 2.1.1 Pin Assignment (64-pin QFP)

2.2 Pin Names and Functions

The names of input / output pins and their functions are described below. Table 2.2.1 Pin Names and Functions.

Table 2.2.1 Pin Names and Function (1/3)

Pin name	Number of pins	I/O	Functions
P00 to P07	8	I/O	Port 0: I/O port that allows selection of I/O on a bit basis
/ AD0 to AD7	0	3-state	Address/data (lower): Bits 0 to 7 for address/data bus
P10 to P17		I/O	Port 1: I/O port that allows selection of I/O on a bit basis
/ AD8 to AD15	8	3-state	Address/data (upper): Bits 8 to 15 for address/data bus
/ A8 to A15		Output	Address: Bits 8 to 15 for address bus
P20 to P27		I/O	Port 2: I/O port that allows selection of I/O on a bit basis (with pull-up resistor)
/ A0 to A7	8	Output	Address: Bits 0 to 7 for address bus
/ A16 to A23		Output	Address: Bits 16 to 23 for address bus
P30	1	Output	Port 30: Output port
/ RD	1	Output	Read: Strobe signal for reading external memory
P31	1	Output	Port 31: Output port
/WR	1	Output	Write: Strobe signal for writing data on pins AD0 to 7
P32	1	I/O	Port 32: I/O port (with pull-up resistor)
/ HWR	1	Output	High write: Strobe signal for writing data on pins AD8 to 15
P35			Port 35: I/O port
/ INT0	1	Input	Interrupt request pin 0: Interrupt request pin with programmable level/rising edge
P41	1 1	I/O	Port 41: I/O port
/TO3	'	Output	PWM output 3: 8-bit PWM timer 3 output
P42		I/O	Port 42: I/O port
	1		Timer input 4: Timer 4 input
/TI4	·	Input	Interrupt request pin 4: Interrupt request pin with
/ INT4		1/0	programmable rising / falling edge
P43			Port 43: I/O port
/TI5	1	-	Timer input 5: Timer 4 input
/ INT5			Interrupt request pin 5: Interrupt request pin with rising edge
P44	1		Port 44: I/O port
/TO4		Output	Timer output 4: Timer 4 output pin

Table 2.2.1 Pin Names and Function (2/3)

Pin name	Number of pins	I/O	Functions
P45		I/O	Port 45: I/O port
/TI6	1 1	Input	Timer input 6: Timer 5 input
/ INT6	'	Input	Interrupt request pin 6: Interrupt request pin with programmable rising / falling edge
P46		I/O	Port 46: I/O port
/ TI7	1 1		Timer input 7: Timer 5 input
/ INT7		•	Interrupt request pin 7: Interrupt request pin with rising edge
P47			Port 47: I/O port
/TO6	1		Timer output 6: Timer 5 output pin
P50 to P52, P54, P55			Port 50 to Port 52, Port 54, Port 55: Input port
/ AN0 to AN2, AN4, AN5	5	Input	Analog input: Analog signal input for AD converter
P53		Input	Port53: Input Port
/ AN3	1 [Input	Analog input: Analog signal input for AD converter
/ ADTRG		Input	AD converter external start trigger input
P60	1	I/O	Port 60: I/O port (with pull-up resistor)
/TXD0	1	Output	Serial send data 0
P61	1	I/O	Port 61: I/O port (with pull-up resistor)
/RXD0	1	Input	Serial receive data 0
P62		I/O	Port 62: I/O port (with pull-up resistor)
/ CTSO	1	Input	Serial data send enable 0 (Clear to Send)
/SCLK0		I/O	Serial Clock I/O 0
P63	_	I/O	Port 63: I/O port (with pull-up resistor)
/TXD1	1	Output	Serial send data 1
P64	_	I/O	Port 64: I/O port (with pull-up resistor)
/RXD1	1		Serial receive data 1
P65		I/O	Port 65: I/O port (with pull-up resistor)
/ CTS1	1 1	Input	Serial data send enable 1 (Clear to Send)
/SCLK1		I/O	Serial clock I/O 1
P70		I/O	Port 70: I/O port (High current output available)
/WAIT	1 1		WAIT: Pin used to request CPU bus wait (It is active in 1 WAIT + N mode. Set by the Bus-width/wait control register.)
P71	1	1/0	Port 71: I/O port (High current output available)
' '	'		Non-maskable interrupt request pin: Interrupt request pin with
NMI	1		falling edge. Can also be operated at falling and rising edges by program.
		Output	
CLK	1	Juiput	Pulled-up during reset.
	<u> </u>		Can be disabled for reducing noise.
ĒĀ	1	Input	"1" should be inputted with TMP93CS32.

Table 2.2.1 Pin Names and Function (3/3)

Pin name	Number of pins	I/O	Functions
AM8 / 16	1	Input	Address Mode: Selects external Data Bus width. "1" should be inputted. The Data Bus Width for external access is set by Chip Select / WAIT Control register, Port 1 Control register.
ALE	1	Output	Address Latch Enable Can be disabled for reducing noise.
RESET	1	Input	Reset: Initializes TMP93CS32. (With pull-up resistor)
VREFH	1	Input	Pin for high level reference voltage input to AD converter
VREFL	1	Input	Pin for low level reference voltage input to AD converter
AVCC	1	Input	Power supply pin for AD converter
AVSS	1	Input	GND pin for AD converter (0 V)
X1	1	Input	Oscillator connecting pin
X2	1	Output	Oscillator connecting pin
VCC	1	Input	Power supply pin
VSS	2	Input	GND pin (All V _{SS} pins are connected to the GND (0 V).)

Note: Built-in pull-up resistors can be released from the pins other than the \overline{RESET} pin by software.

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3. Operation

This section describes the functions and basic operational blocks of TMP93CS32 devices. See the 7.Points of Concern and Restriction for the using notice and restrictions for each block.

3.1 CPU

The TMP93CS32 device has a built-in high-performance 16-bit CPU (900/L CPU). (For CPU operation, see TLCS-900/L CPU in the previous section).

This section describes CPU functions unique to the TMP93CS32 that are not described in the previous section.

3.1.1 Reset

To reset the TMP93CS32, the \overline{RESET} input must be kept at 0 for at least 10 system clocks (Resetting initializes the clock gear to 1/16: 16 μs at 20 MHz) within the operating voltage range and with a stable oscillation.

When reset is accepted, the CPU sets as follows:

• Program Counter (PC) according to Reset Vector that is stored FFFF00H to FFFF02H.

```
PC (7 to 0) ← data in location FFFF00H

PC (15 to 8) ← data in location FFFF01H

PC (23 to 16) ← data in location FFFF02H
```

- Stack pointer (XSP) for system mode to 100H.
- IFF2 to 0 bits of status register to 111. (Sets mask register to interrupt level 7.)
- MAX bit of status register to 1. (Sets to maximum mode)
- Bits RFP2 to 0 of status register to 000. (Sets register banks to 0.)

When reset is released, instruction execution starts from PC (reset vector). CPU internal registers other than the above are not changed.

When reset is accepted, processing for built-in I/Os, ports, and other pins is as follows

- Initializes built-in I/O registers as per specifications.
- Sets port pins (including pins also used as built-in I/Os) to general-purpose input / output port mode.
- Pulls up the CLK pin to "H" level.
- Sets the ALE pin to High Impeadance (High-Z).

Note 1: By resetting, register in the CPU except program counter (PC), status register (SR) and stack pointer (XSP) and the data in internal RAM are not changed.

Note 2: The CLK pin is pulled up to "H" level during reset. When the voltage is put down externally, there is possible to cause malfunctions.

Figure 3.1.1 shows the reset timing chart of TMP93CS32.

3.1.2 AM8/16 pin

Set this pin to "H". After reset, the CPU accesses the internal ROM with 16 bit bus width. The bus width when the CPU accesses an external area is set by bus width / wait control registers and the registers of Port 1. (The value "H"of this pin is ignored and the value set by register is active.) For details, see the bus width / wait control registers in section 3.6.3.

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3.2 Memory Map

Figure 3.2.1 is a memory map of the TMP93CS32.

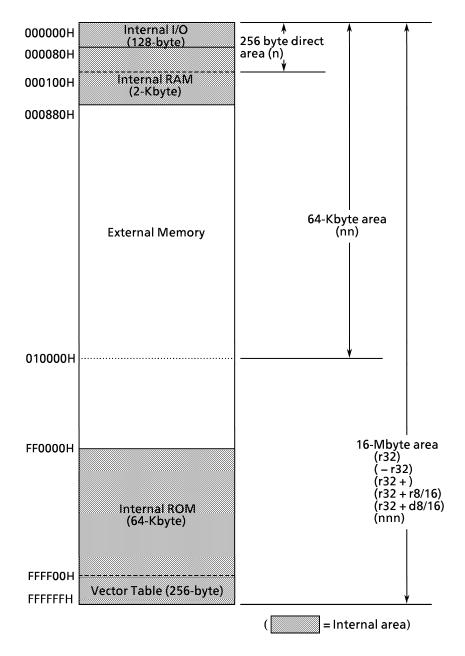


Figure 3.2.1 Memory map

4. Electrical Characteristics

4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (TMP93CS32F)

"X" used in an expression shows a cycle of clock $f_{\rm FPH}$. If a clock gear or a low speed oscillator is selected, a value of "X" is different. The value as an example is gear = 1/fc (SYSCR1 < GEAR 2 to 0 > = "000").

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	– 0.5 to 6.5	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	– 0.5 to Vcc + 0.5	V
Output current (Per 1 pin) P7	I _{OL1}	20	mA
Output current (Per 1 pin) except P7	I _{OL2}	2	mA
Output Current (total)	Σl _{OL}	120	mA
Output Current (total)	Σl _{OH}	- 80	mA
Power Dissipation (Ta = 85°C)	P _D	350	mW
Soldering Temperature (10 s)	T _{SOLDER}	260	င
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	– 65 to 150	င
Operating Temperature	T _{OPR}	– 40 to 85	°C

Note: The absolute maximum ratings are rated values which must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant. Any one of the ratings must not be exceeded. If any absolute maximum rating is exceeded, a device may break down or its performance may be degraded, causing it to catch fire or explode resulting in injury to the user. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that no absolute maximum rating value will ever be exceeded.

4.2 DC Characteristics (1/2)

 $Ta = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$

	Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ. (Note)	Max	Unit
DOM/	er Supply Voltage	Vcc	fc = 4 to 20 MHz	4.5		5.5	V
FOW	Tower supply voltage		fc = 4 to 12.5 MHz	2.7		3.3	∣
e e	AD0 to 15	VIL	Vcc ≧ 4.5 V			0.8	
ag e	AD0 t0 15	VIL	Vcc < 4.5 V			0.6	
ou t Volt	Port2 to 7 (except P35)	V _{IL1}		-0.3		0.3 Vcc	
	RESET, NMI, INTO	V_{IL2}	V 274-55V			0.25 Vcc	
- %	EA , AM8/ 16	V _{IL3}	Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V			0.3	
	X1	V _{IL4}				0.2 Vcc] V
Зе	abo AD0 to 15	V _{IH}	Vcc ≧ 4.5 V	2.2			
t aç			Vcc < 4.5 V	2.0		Vcc + 0.3	
-	Port2 to 7 (except P35)	V _{IH1}		0.7 Vcc			
- - - - - - - - - - - - -	RESET, NMI, INTO	V_{IH2}	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	0.75 Vcc			
n d u	EA , AM8/ 16	V _{IH3}	Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V	Vcc – 0.3			
_ H	X1	V_{IH4}		0.8 Vcc			
Outp	out Low Voltage	V _{OL}	$I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$ (Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V)			0.45	V
Outp	out Low current (P7)	I _{OL7}	$V_{OL} = 1.0V$ (Vcc = 5 V ± 10%) (Vcc = 3 V ± 10%)	16 7			mA
Outr	Output High Voltage		$I_{OH} = -400 \mu\text{A}$ (Vcc = 3 ± 10%)	2.4			V
Cut			$I_{OH} = -400 \mu\text{A}$ (Vcc = 5 V ± 10%)	4.2			

Note: Typical values are for Ta = 25 $^{\circ}$ C and V_{CC} = 5 V unless otherwise noted.

4.2 DC Characteristics (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Condi	tion	Min	Typ.(Note1)	Max	Unit	
Darlington Drive Current (8 Output Pins max.)	I _{DAR} (Note2)	V _{EXT} = 1.5 V R _{EXT} = 1.1 kΩ (Vcc = 5 V ± 1	$V_{EXT} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ $R_{EXT} = 1.1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (Vcc = 5 V ± 10% only)			- 3.5	mA	
Input Leakage Current	ILI	$0.0 \le V_{IN} \le$	V _C C		0.02	± 5		
Output Leakage Current	ILO	$0.2 \le V_{IN} \le$	V _{CC} – 0.2		0.05	± 10	μA	
Power Down Voltage (at STOP, RAM Back up)	V _{STOP}	V _{IL2} = 0.2 Vcc V _{IH2} = 0.8 Vcc	;, c	2.0		6.0	V	
		Vcc = 5.5 V		45		130		
RESET Pull Up Resistance	Page	Vcc = 4.5 V		50		160	$\left[\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{k}_{\Omega} \end{array} \right]$	
RESET Full Op Resistance	R _{RST}	Vcc = 3.3 V		70		280	1 K32	
		Vcc = 2.7 V		90		400	1	
Pin Capacitance	C _{IO}	fc = 1 MHz				10	pF	
Schmitt Width RESET, NMI, INTO	V _{TH}			0.4	1.0		V	
Programmable Pull Up Resistance	R _{KH}	Vcc = 5.5 V Vcc = 4.5 V Vcc = 3.3 V Vcc = 2.7 V		45 50 70 90		130 160 280 400	k Ω	
NORMAL (Note3)	lcc	Vcc = 5 V ± 10	0%		19	25		
RUN		fc = 20 MHz			17	25	1	
IDLE2	1				10	15	1	
IDLE1	1				3.5	5	· ^	
NORMAL (Note3)	1	$Vcc = 3 V \pm 10$			6.5	10	mA	
RUN	1	fc = 12.5 MH;			5.0	9	1	
IDLE2	1	(Typ.: Vcc = 3.0 V)			3.0	5	1	
IDLE1	1				0.8	1.5	1	
	1	Ta ≤ 50°C				10		
STOP			Vcc = 2.7 V to 5.5 V		0.2	20	μA	
		Ta ≦ 85°C	J.J V		1	50	1	

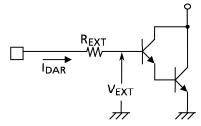
Note 1: Typical values are for $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ and $V_{CC} = 5$ V unless otherwise noted.

Note 2: I_{DAR} is guranteed for total of up to 8 ports.

Note 3: ICC measurement conditions (NORMAL, SLOW):

Only CPU is operational; output pins are open and input pins are fixed.

(Reference) Definition of IDAR



4.3 AC Characteristics

(1) $Vcc = 5 V \pm 10\%$

No.	Parameter	Symbol	Vari	able	16 N	ЛHz	20 N	ЛHz	Unit
INO.	raiailletei	Зуппоот	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
1	Osc. Period (=x)	tosc	50	31250	62.5		50		ns
2	CLK pulse width	t _{CLK}	2x - 40		85		60		ns
3	A0 to 23 Valid→CLK Hold	t _{AK}	0.5x - 20		11		5		ns
4	CLK Valid→ A0 to 23 Hold	t _{KA}	1.5x – 70		24		5		ns
5	A0 to 15 Valid→ ALE fall	t_{AL}	0.5x – 15		16		10		ns
6	ALE fall → A0 to 15 Hold	t _{LA}	0.5x - 20		11		5		ns
7	ALE High pulse width	t _{LL}	x – 40		23		10		ns
8	ALE fall → RD/WR fall	t_{LC}	0.5x - 25		6		0		ns
9	RD/WR rise→ ALE rise	t _{CL}	0.5x - 20		11		5		ns
10	A0 to 15 Valid→RD/WR fall	t _{ACL}	x – 25		38		25		ns
11	A0 to 23 Valid→RD/WR fall	t _{ACH}	1.5x – 50		44		25		ns
12	RD/WR rise→ A0 to 23 Hold	tcA	0.5x – 25		6		0		ns
13	A0 to 15 Valid \rightarrow D0 to 15 input	t _{ADL}		3.0x – 55		133		95	ns
14	A0 to 23 Valid \rightarrow D0 to 15 input	t _{ADH}		3.5x – 65		154		110	ns
15	\overline{RD} fall \rightarrow D0 to 15 input	t _{RD}		2.0x – 60		65		40	ns
16	RD Low pulse width	t _{RR}	2.0x - 40		85		60		ns
17	RDrise→ D0 to 15 Hold	t _{HR}	0		0		0		ns
18	RDrise→A0 to 15output	t _{RAE}	x – 15		48		35		ns
19	WR Low pulse width	tww	2.0x - 40		85		60		ns
20	D0 to 15 Valid $\rightarrow \overline{WR}$ rise	t _{DW}	2.0x - 55		70		45		ns
21	WR rise →D0 to 15 Hold	t _{WD}	0.5x – 15		16		10		ns
22	A0 to 23 Valid $\rightarrow \overline{\text{WAIT}}$ input $\binom{1 \text{ WAIT}}{+ \text{ n mode}}$	t _{AWH}		3.5x – 90		129		85	ns
23	A0 to 15 Valid $\rightarrow \overline{\text{WAIT}}$ input $\binom{1 \text{ WAIT}}{+ \text{ n mode}}$	t _{AWL}	·	3.0x - 80		108		70	ns
24	(+111110dg	tcw	2.0x + 0		125		100		ns
25	A0 to 23 Valid→ PORT input	t _{APH}		2.5x – 120		36		5	ns
26	A0 to 23 Valid→ PORT Hold	t _{APH2}	2.5x + 50		206		175		ns
27	WR rise→ PORT Valid	t _{CP}		200		200		200	ns

AC Measuring Conditions

• Output Level: High 2.2 V / Low 0.8 V, CL = 50 pF

(However CL = 100 pF for AD0 to AD15, A0 to A23, ALE, RD, WR, HWR, CLK)

• Input Level: High 2.4 V / Low 0.45 V (AD0 to AD15)

High $0.8 \times Vcc / Low 0.2 \times Vcc$ (Except for AD0 to AD15)

(2) $Vcc = 3 V \pm 10\%$

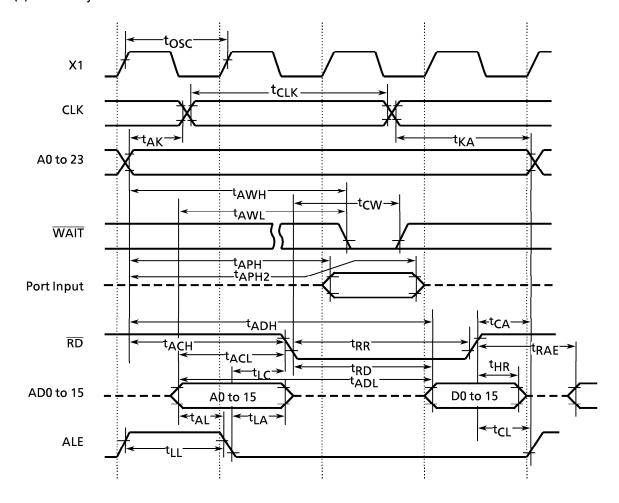
No.	Donomotor	Cuma la a l	Vari	able	12.5	MHz	Unit
INO.	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
1	Osc. Period (=x)	tosc	80	31250	80		ns
2	CLK pulse width	t _{CLK}	2x – 40		120		ns
3	A0 to 23 Valid→CLK Hold	t _{AK}	0.5x - 30		10		ns
4	CLK Valid→ A0 to 23 Hold	t _{KA}	1.5x - 80		40		ns
5	A0 to 15 Valid→ ALE fall	t_{AL}	0.5x - 35		5		ns
6	ALE fall → A0 to 15 Hold	t _{LA}	0.5x - 35		5		ns
7	ALE High pulse width	t _{LL}	x – 60		20		ns
8	ALE fall → RD/WR fall	t_{LC}	0.5x - 35		5		ns
9	RD/WR rise→ ALE rise	t _{CL}	0.5x - 40		0		ns
10	A0 to 15 Valid→ RD/WR fall	t _{ACL}	x – 50		30		ns
11	A0 to 23 Valid→ RD/WR fall	t _{ACH}	1.5x – 50		70		ns
12	RD/WR rise→ A0 to 23 Hold	t _{CA}	0.5x - 40		0		ns
13	A0 to 15 Valid \rightarrow D0 to 15 input	t _{ADL}		3.0x – 110		130	ns
14	A0 to 23 Valid \rightarrow D0 to 15 input	t _{ADH}		3.5x – 125		155	ns
15	\overline{RD} fall \rightarrow D0 to 15 input	t _{RD}		2.0x – 115		45	ns
16	RD Low pulse width	t _{RR}	2.0x - 40		120		ns
17	RDrise→ D0 to 15 Hold	t _{HR}	0		0		ns
18	RDrise→ A0 to 15output	t _{RAE}	x – 25		55		ns
19	WR Low pulse width	tww	2.0x - 40		120		ns
20	D0 to 15 Valid→ WRrise	t _{DW}	2.0x - 120		40		ns
21	WR rise →D0 to 15 Hold	t _{WD}	0.5x - 40		0		ns
22		t _{AWH}		3.5x - 130		150	ns
23	A0 to 15 Valid $\rightarrow \overline{\text{WAIT}}$ input $\binom{1 \text{WAIT}}{+ \text{n mode}}$	t _{AWL}		3.0x - 100		140	ns
24	$\overline{RD/WR}$ fall $\rightarrow \overline{WAIT}$ Hold $\binom{1 \text{WAIT}}{+ \text{n mode}}$	t _{CW}	2.0x + 0		160		ns
25	A0 to 23 Valid→ PORT input	t _{APH}		2.5x - 195		5	ns
26	A0 to 23 Valid→ PORT Hold	t _{APH2}	2.5x + 50		250		ns
27	WR rise→ PORT Valid	t _{CP}		200		200	ns

AC Measuring Conditions

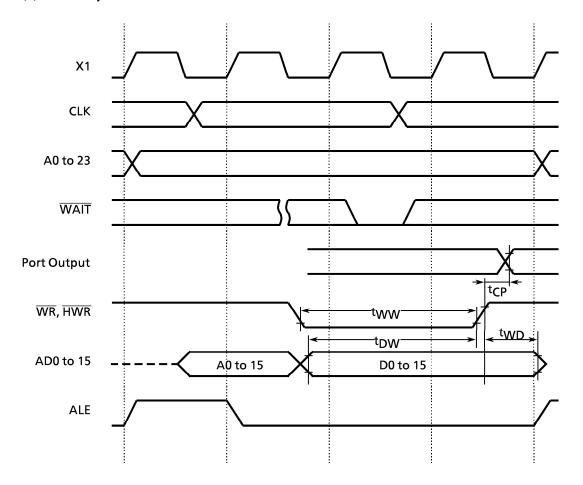
• Output Level: High $0.7 \times V_{CC} / Low 0.3 \times V_{CC}$, CL = 50 pF

• Input Level: High $0.9 \times V_{CC} / Low 0.1 \times V_{CC}$

(3) Read Cycle



(4) Write Cycle



4.4 Serial Channel Timing

(1) I/O Interface Mode

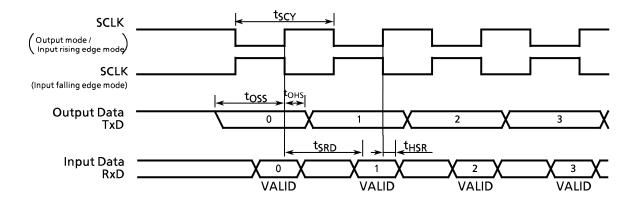
① SCLK Input Mode

Parameter	Symbol	Variable		12.5 MHz		20 MHz		Unit
rarameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
SCLK cycle	t _{SCY}	16X		1.28		0.8		μS
Output Data \rightarrow Rising / falling edge of SCLK	toss	t _{SCY} /2 – 5X – 50		190		100		ns
SCLK rising / falling edge→ Output Data hold	t _{OHS}	5X – 100		300		150		ns
SCLK rising / falling edge→Input Data hold	t _{HSR}	0		0		0		ns
SCLK rising / falling edge→ effective data input	t _{SRD}		t _{SCY} – 5X – 100		780		450	ns

Note: SCLK rising / falling timing; SCLK rising in the rising mode of SCLK, SCLK falling in the falling mode of SLCK.

② SCLK Output Mode

Parameter	Cumph of	Varia	12.5 MHz		20MHz		Unit	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
SCLK cycle (programmable)	t _{SCY}	16X	8192X	1.28	655.36	0.8	409.6	μS
Output Data → SCLK rising edge	toss	t _{SCY} – 2X – 150		970		550		ns
SCLK rising edge→ Output Data hold	t _{OHS}	2X – 80		80		20		ns
SCLK rising edge→Input Data hold	t _{HSR}	0		0		0		ns
SCLK rising edge→ effective data input	t _{SRD}		t _{SCY} – 2X – 150		970		550	ns



(2) UART Mode (SCLKO, 1 are external input)

Parameter	Symbol	Varia	12.5 MHz		20 MHz		Unit	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Offic
SCLK cycle	t _{SCY}	4x + 20		340		220		ns
SCLK Low level pulse width	t _{SCYL}	2x + 5		165		105		ns
SCLK High level pulse width	t _{SCYH}	2x + 5		165		105		ns

4.5 AD Conversion Characteristics

 $AV_{CC} = V_{CC}$, $AV_{SS} = V_{SS}$

Parameter	Symbol	Power Supply	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Analan vafaranca valtana (,)		V _{CC} = 5 V ± 10%	V _{CC} – 0.2 V	V _{CC}	V _{CC}	
Analog reference voltage (+)	V _{REFH}	V _{CC} = 3 V ± 10%	V _{CC} – 0.2 V	V _{CC}	V _{CC}	
Analog reference voltage (–)	.,	V _{CC} = 5 V ± 10%	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.2 V	V
	V_{REFL}	V _{CC} = 3 V ± 10%	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.2 V	
Analog input voltage range	V _{AIN}		V_{REFL}		V _{REFH}	
Analog current for analog reference voltage		V _{CC} = 5 V ± 10%		0.5	1.5	mA
<pre><vrefon> = 1</vrefon></pre>	$ V_{REF} $ $ V_{REFL} = 0 V $	V _{CC} = 3 V ± 10%		0.3	0.9] ""A
<vrefon> = 0</vrefon>		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.02	5.0	μA
Error		V _{CC} = 5 V ± 10%		± 1.0	± 3.0	LSB
(except quantization errors)	_	V _{CC} = 3 V ± 10%		± 1.0	± 5.0] [36]

Note 1: $1LSB = (V_{REFH} - V_{REFL}) / 2^{10} [V]$

Note 2: The operation above is guaranteed for $f_{FPH} \ge 4$ MHz.

Note 3: The value I_{CC} includes the current which flows through the AVCC pin.

4.6 Event Counter Input Clock (external input clock: TI4, TI5, TI6, TI7)

Parameter	Symbol	Varia	12.5 MHz		20 MHz		Unit	
	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Clock Cycle	t _{VCK}	8X + 100		740		500		ns
Low level clock Pulse width	t _{VCKL}	4X + 40		360		240		ns
High level clock Pulse width	t _{VCKH}	4X + 40		360		240		ns

4.7 Interrupt and Capture Operation

(1) NMI, INTO Interrupts

	Parameter	Symbol	Variable		12.5 MHz		20 MHz		l l mild
١			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
	NMI, INTO Low level Pulse width	t _{INTAL}	4X		320		200		ns
	NMI, INTO High level Pulse width	tinitah	4X		320		200		ns

(2) INT4 to 7 Interrupts and Capture

Parameter	Symbol	Variable		12.5 MHz		20 MHz		l l a l t
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
INT4 to INT7 Low level Pulse width	t _{INTBL}	4X + 100		420		300		ns
INT4 to INT7 High level Pulse width	t _{INTBH}	4X + 100		420		300		ns