

300-mA, Low- I_Q , Low-Dropout Regulator

Check for Samples: [TLV70012-Q1](#)

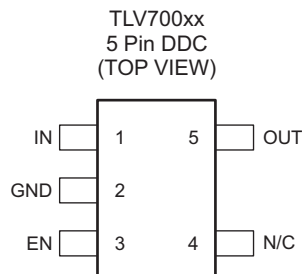
FEATURES

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- AEC-Q100 Qualified With the Following Results:
 - Device Temperature Grade 1: -40°C to 125°C Ambient Operating Temperature Range
 - Device HBM ESD Classification Level H2
 - Device CDM ESD Classification Level C3B
- 2% Accuracy
- Low I_Q : 35 μA
- Fixed-Output Voltage Combinations Possible from 1.2 V to 4.8 V
- High PSRR: 68 dB at 1 kHz
- Stable With Effective Capacitance of 0.1 $\mu\text{F}^{(1)}$
- Thermal Shutdown and Overcurrent Protection
- Packages: SOT23-5 and 1,5-mm $\times$ 1,5-mm SON-6

⁽¹⁾ See the [Input and Output Capacitor Requirements](#) in the Application Information section.

APPLICATIONS

- MP3 Players
- ZigBee® Networks
- Bluetooth® Devices
- Li-Ion Operated Handheld Products



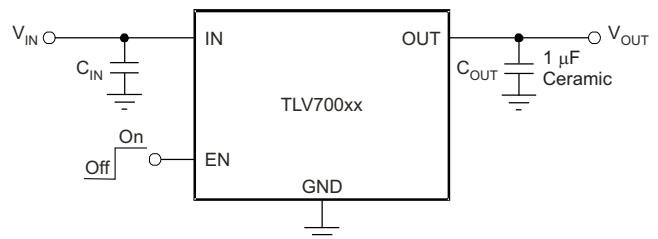
DESCRIPTION

The TLV700xx-Q1 series of low-dropout (LDO) linear regulators are low quiescent current devices with excellent line and load transient performance. These LDOs are designed for power-sensitive applications. A precision bandgap and error amplifier provides overall 2% accuracy. Low output noise, high power-supply rejection ratio (PSRR), and low-dropout voltage make this series of devices ideal for a wide selection of battery-operated handheld equipment. All device versions have thermal shutdown and current limit for safety.

Furthermore, these devices are stable with an effective output capacitance of only 0.1 μF . This feature enables the use of cost-effective capacitors that have higher bias voltages and temperature derating. The devices regulate to specified accuracy with no output load.

The TLV700xx-Q1 series of LDO linear regulators are available in SOT23-5 and 1,5mm $\times$ 1,5mm SON-6 packages.

Typical Application Circuit (Fixed-Voltage Versions)



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PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of the Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

T _A	PACKAGE	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP SIDE MAKING
–40°C to 125°C	5 Pin DDC, SOT23 Reel of 3000	TLV70018QDDCRQ1	DAL
		TLV70040QDDCRQ1	Preview
		TLV70012QDDCRQ1	SDO

- (1) For the most current package and ordering information see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or visit the [device product folder](http://www.ti.com) at www.ti.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		VALUE		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	
Voltage ⁽²⁾	IN	–0.3	+6.0	V
	EN	–0.3	+6.0	V
	OUT	–0.3	+6.0	V
Current (source)	OUT	Internally Limited		
Output short-circuit duration		Indefinite		
Temperature	Operating virtual junction, T _J	–55	+150	°C
	Storage, T _{stg}	–55	+150	°C
Electrostatic Discharge Rating	Human Body Model (HBM) AEC-Q100 Classification Level H2		2	kV
	Charged Device Model (CDM) AEC-Q100 Classification Level C3B		750	V

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltages are with respect to network ground terminal.

DISSIPATION RATINGS

BOARD	PACKAG E	R _{θJC}	R _{θJA}	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C	T _A ≤ 25°C	T _A = 70°C	T _A = 85°C	T _A = 125°C
Low-K ⁽¹⁾	DDC	90°C/W	280°C/W	3.6 mW/°C	360 mW	200 mW	145 mW	51 mW
High-K ⁽²⁾	DDC	90°C/W	200°C/W	5.0 mW/°C	500 mW	275 mW	200 mW	106 mW

- (1) The JEDEC low-K (1s) board used to derive this data was a 3-inch × 3-inch, two-layer board with 2-ounce copper traces on top of the board.
- (2) The JEDEC high-K (2s2p) board used to derive this data was a 3-inch × 3-inch, multilayer board with 1-ounce internal power and ground planes and 2-ounce copper traces on top and bottom of the board.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

At $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$ or 2 V (whichever is greater); $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = 0.9\text{ V}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, and $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{IN}	Input voltage range		2		5.5	V
V_{OUT}	DC output accuracy	$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$	-2	0.5	+2	%
$\Delta V_O / \Delta V_{IN}$	Line regulation	$V_{OUT(NOM)} + 0.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$		1	5	mV
$\Delta V_O / \Delta I_{OUT}$	Load regulation	$0\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300\text{ mA}$, TLV70018-Q1		1	15	mV
		$0\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300\text{ mA}$, TLV70012-Q1		1	20	
I_{CL}	Output current limit	$V_{OUT} = 0.9 \times V_{OUT(NOM)}$	320	500	860	mA
I_{GND}	Ground pin current	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{ mA}$		35	55	μA
		$I_{OUT} = 300\text{ mA}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5\text{ V}$		370		μA
I_{SHDN}	Ground pin current (shutdown)	$V_{EN} \leq 0.4\text{ V}$, $V_{IN} = 2.0\text{ V}$		400		nA
		$V_{EN} \leq 0.4\text{ V}$, $2.0\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.5\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$		1	2	μA
		$V_{EN} \leq 0.4\text{ V}$, $2.0\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.5\text{ V}$, $T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$		1	2.5	μA
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio	$V_{IN} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$, $f = 1\text{ kHz}$		68		dB
V_N	Output noise voltage	$\text{BW} = 100\text{ Hz to } 100\text{ kHz}$, $V_{IN} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$		48		μV_{RMS}
t_{STR}	Startup time ⁽¹⁾	$C_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 300\text{ mA}$		100		μs
$V_{EN(HI)}$	Enable pin high (enabled)		0.9		V_{IN}	V
$V_{EN(LO)}$	Enable pin low (disabled)		0		0.4	V
I_{EN}	Enable pin current	$V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 5.5\text{ V}$		0.04		μA
UVLO	Undervoltage lockout	V_{IN} rising		1.9		V
T_{SD}	Thermal shutdown temperature	Shutdown, temperature increasing		+165		$^\circ\text{C}$
		Reset, temperature decreasing		+145		$^\circ\text{C}$
T_A	Operating temperature		-40		+125	$^\circ\text{C}$

(1) Startup time = time from EN assertion to $0.98 \times V_{OUT(NOM)}$.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

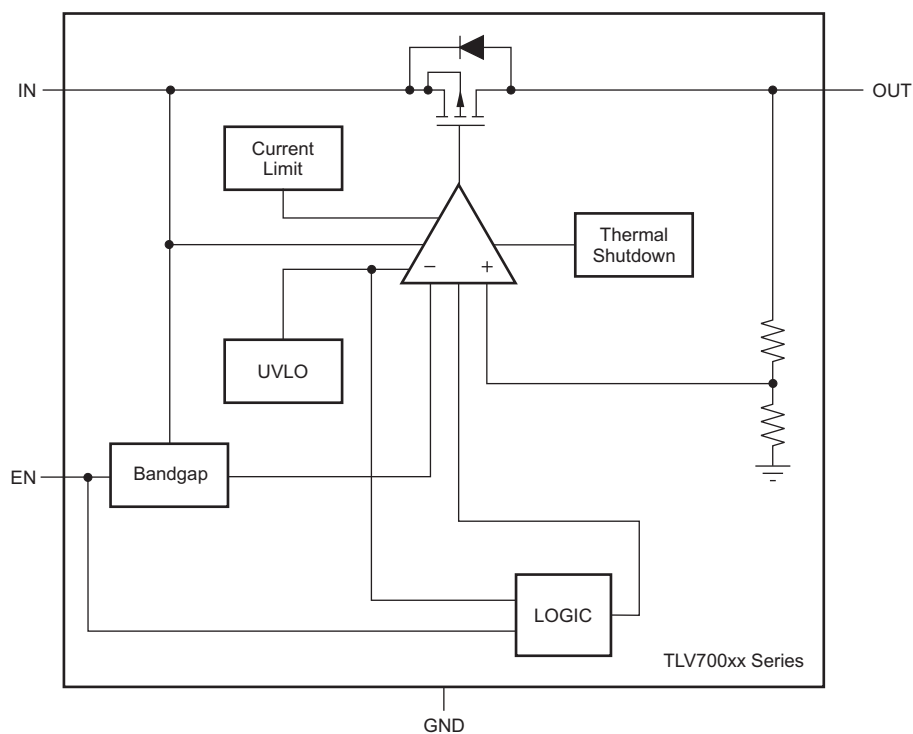


Figure 1. TLV70018-Q1

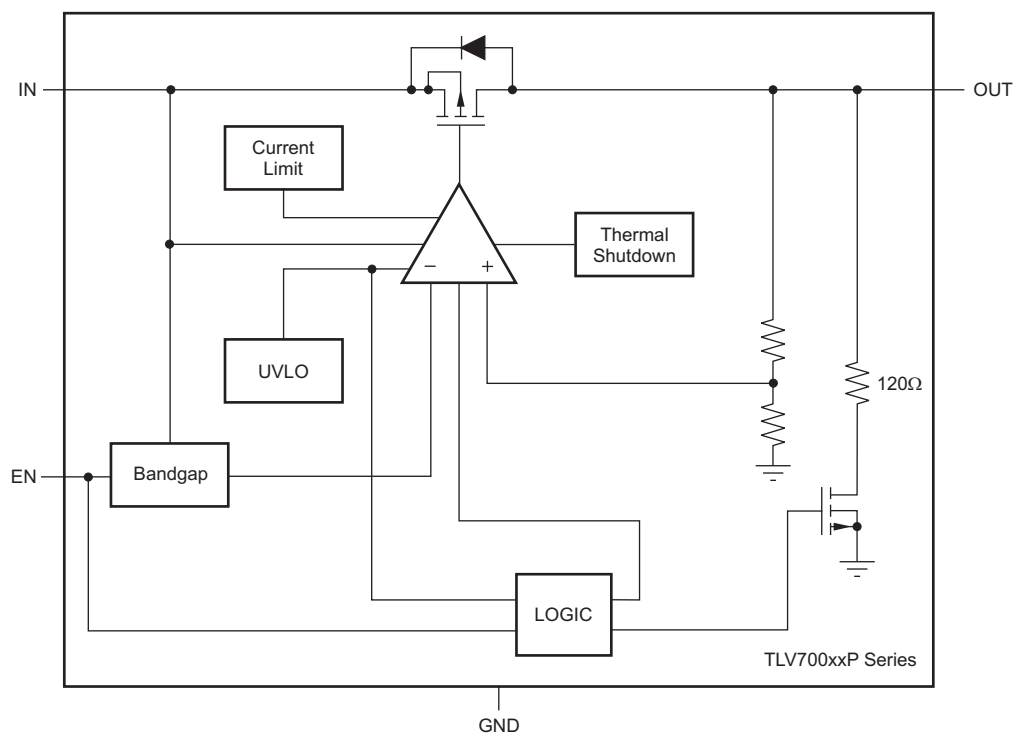
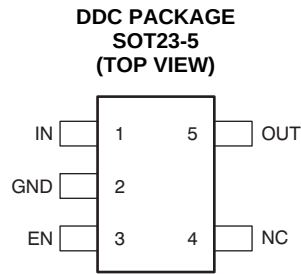


Figure 2. TLV70018-Q1P

PIN CONFIGURATIONS



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

PIN NAME	SOT23-5 DBV	DESCRIPTION
IN	1	Input pin. A small 1- μ F ceramic capacitor is recommended from this pin to ground to assure stability and good transient performance. See Input and Output Capacitor Requirements in the <i>Application Information</i> section for more details.
GND	2	Ground pin
EN	3	Enable pin. Driving EN over 0.9 V turns on the regulator. Driving EN below 0.4 V puts the regulator into shutdown mode and reduces operating current to 1 μ A, nominal. For TLV70018-Q1P, output voltage is discharged through an internal 120- Ω resistor when device is shut down.
NC	4	No connection. This pin can be tied to ground to improve thermal dissipation.
OUT	5	Regulated output voltage pin. A small 1- μ F ceramic capacitor is needed from this pin to ground to assure stability. See Input and Output Capacitor Requirements in the <i>Application Information</i> section for more details.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Over operating temperature range ($T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$), $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$ or 2 V , whichever is greater; $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

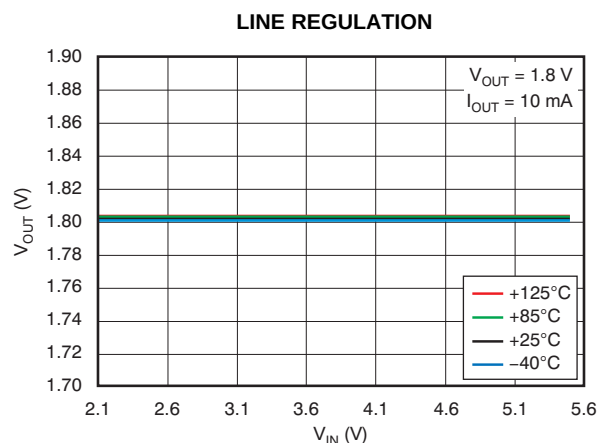


Figure 3.

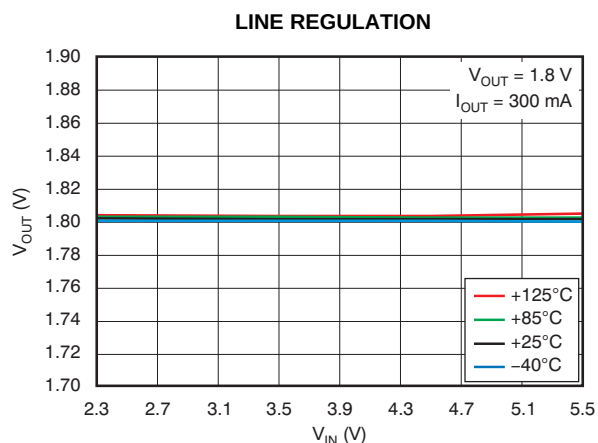


Figure 4.

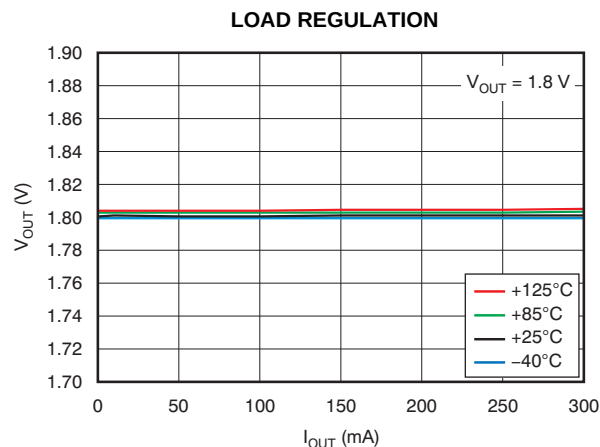


Figure 5.

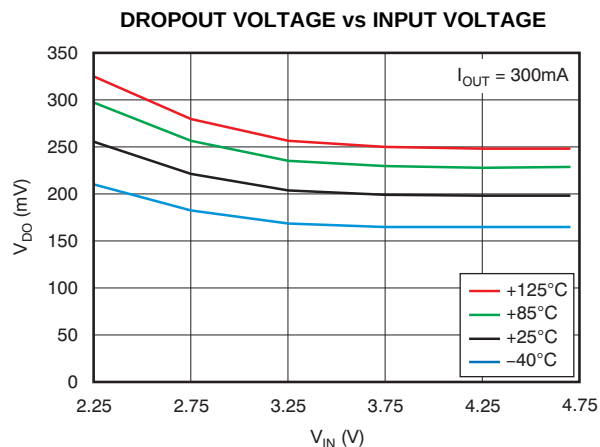


Figure 6.

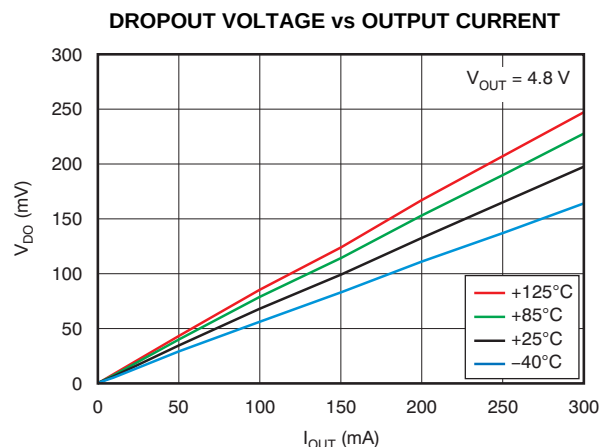


Figure 7.

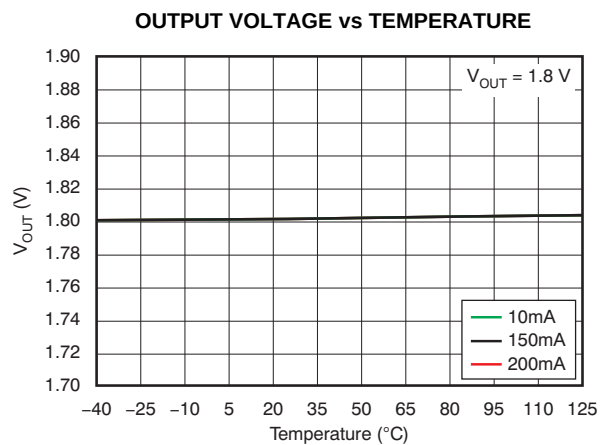


Figure 8.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Over operating temperature range ($T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$), $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$ or 2 V , whichever is greater; $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

GROUND PIN CURRENT vs INPUT VOLTAGE

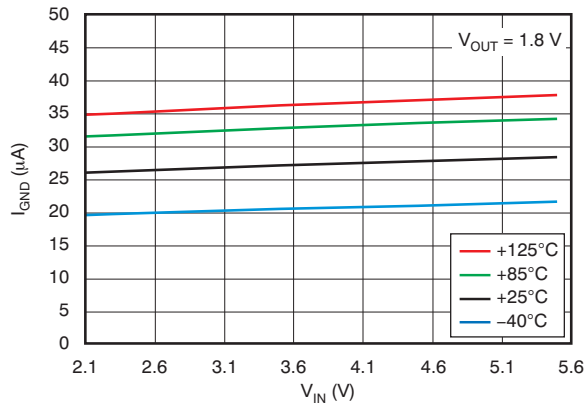


Figure 9.

GROUND PIN CURRENT vs LOAD

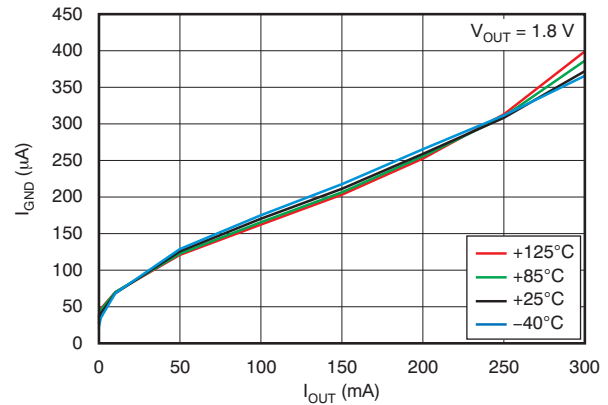


Figure 10.

GROUND PIN CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

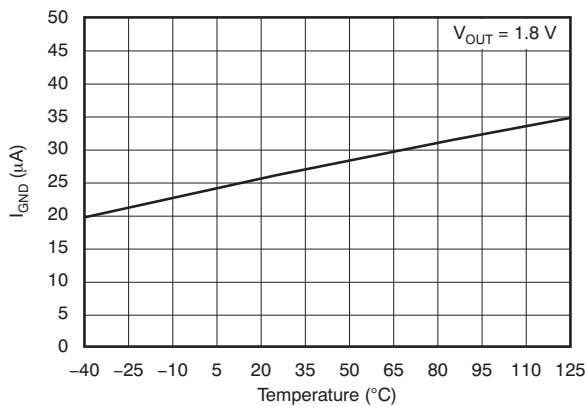


Figure 11.

SHUTDOWN CURRENT vs INPUT VOLTAGE

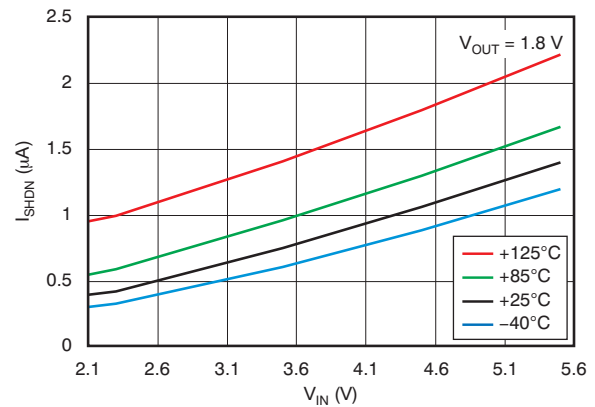


Figure 12.

CURRENT LIMIT vs INPUT VOLTAGE

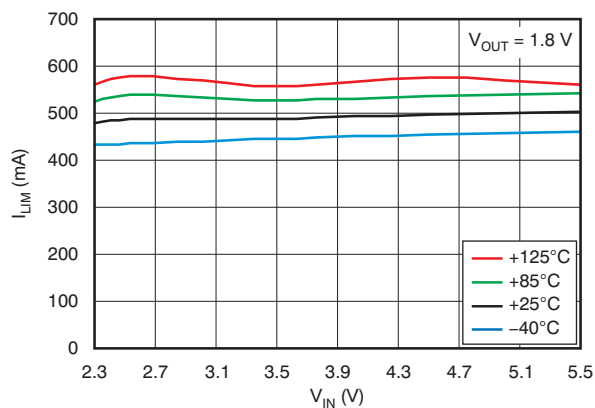


Figure 13.

POWER-SUPPLY RIPPLE REJECTION vs FREQUENCY

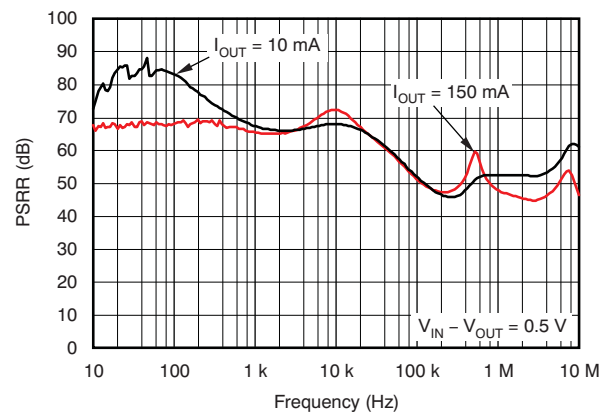


Figure 14.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Over operating temperature range ($T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$), $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$ or 2 V , whichever is greater; $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

POWER-SUPPLY RIPPLE REJECTION vs INPUT VOLTAGE

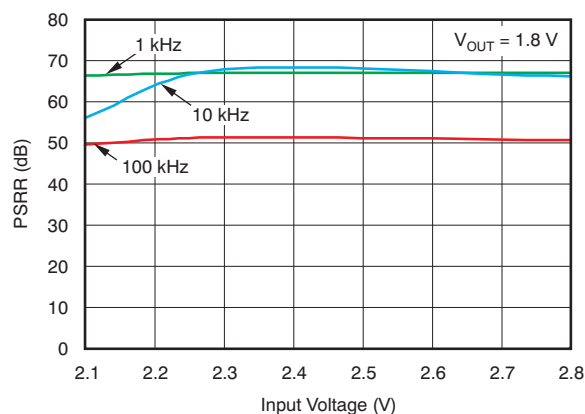


Figure 15.

OUTPUT SPECTRAL NOISE DENSITY vs FREQUENCY

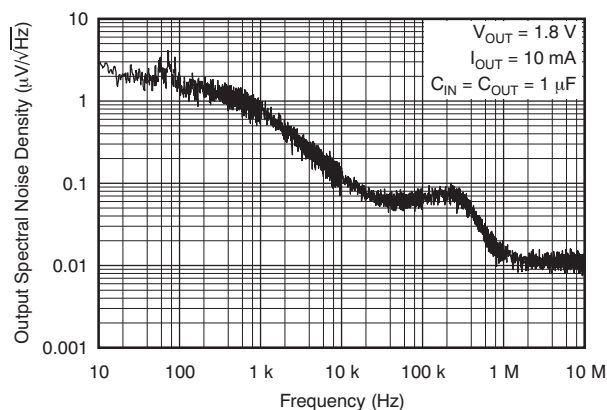


Figure 16.

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

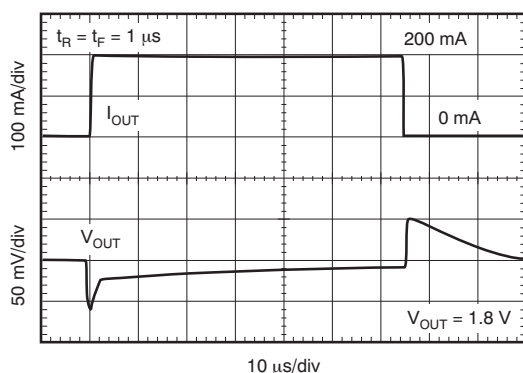


Figure 17.

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

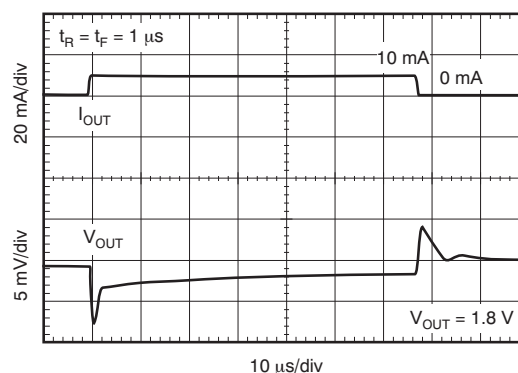


Figure 18.

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

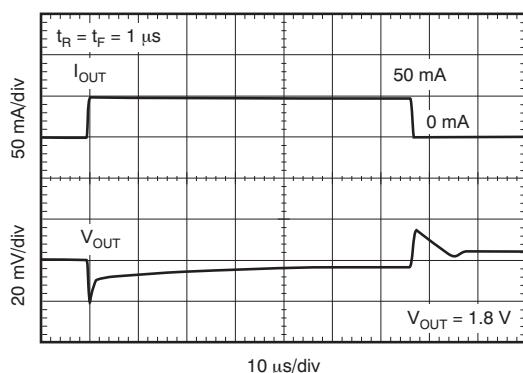


Figure 19.

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

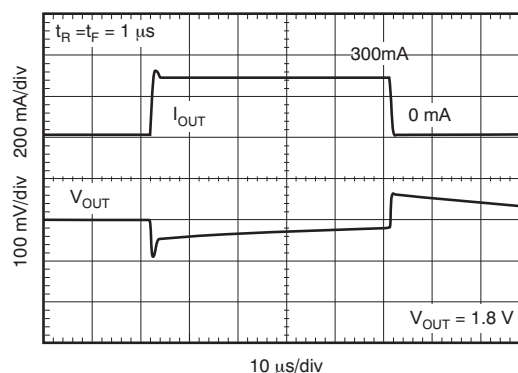


Figure 20.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Over operating temperature range ($T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$), $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$ or 2 V , whichever is greater; $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $C_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

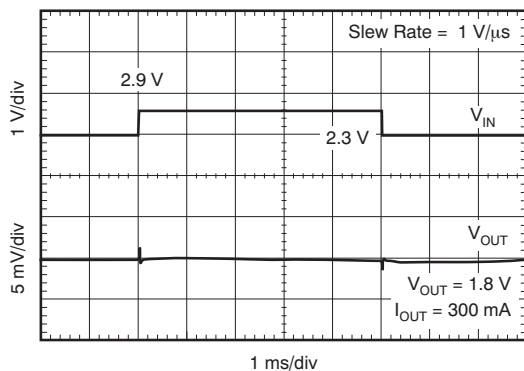


Figure 21.

LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

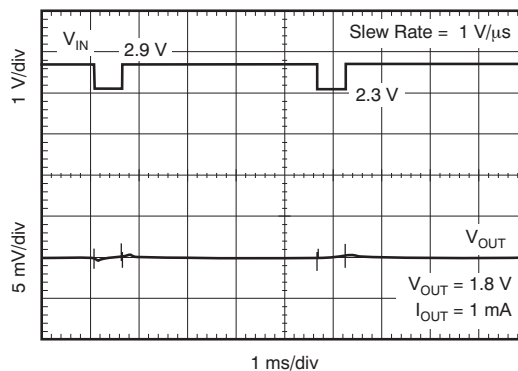


Figure 22.

LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

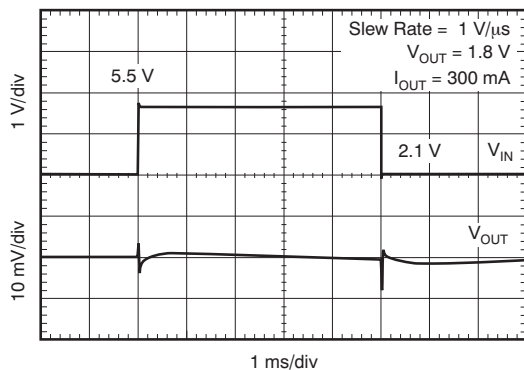


Figure 23.

V_{IN} RAMP UP, RAMP DOWN RESPONSE

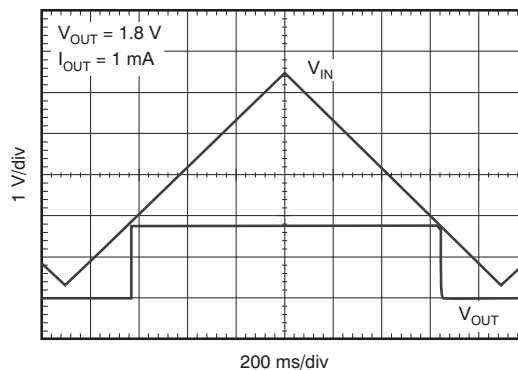


Figure 24.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TLV70018-Q1 belongs to a new family of next-generation value LDO regulators. These devices consume low quiescent current and deliver excellent line and load transient performance. These characteristics, combined with low noise and very good PSRR with little ($V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$) headroom, make this family of devices ideal for portable RF applications. This family of regulators offers current limit and thermal protection, and is specified from -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$.

INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITOR REQUIREMENTS

1.0- μF X5R- and X7R-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because these capacitors have minimal variation in value and equivalent series resistance (ESR) over temperature.

However, the TLV70018-Q1 is designed to be stable with an *effective capacitance* of 0.1 μF or larger at the output. Thus, the device is stable with capacitors of other dielectric types as well, as long as the effective capacitance under operating bias voltage and temperature is greater than 0.1 μF . This effective capacitance refers to the capacitance that the LDO sees under operating bias voltage and temperature conditions; that is, the capacitance after taking both bias voltage and temperature derating into consideration. In addition to allowing the use of lower-cost dielectrics, this capability of being stable with 0.1- μF effective capacitance also enables the use of smaller footprint capacitors that have higher derating in size- and space-constrained applications.

NOTE: Using a 0.1- μF rated capacitor at the output of the LDO does not ensure stability because the effective capacitance under the specified operating conditions would be less than 0.1 μF . Maximum ESR should be less than 200 m Ω .

Although an input capacitor is not required for stability, it is good analog design practice to connect a 0.1- μF to 1.0- μF , low ESR capacitor across the IN pin and GND pin of the regulator. This capacitor counteracts reactive input sources and improves transient response, noise rejection, and ripple rejection. A higher-value capacitor may be necessary if large, fast rise-time load transients are anticipated, or if the device is not located close to the power source. If source impedance is more than 2 Ω , a 0.1- μF input capacitor may be necessary to ensure stability.

BOARD LAYOUT RECOMMENDATIONS TO

IMPROVE PSRR AND NOISE PERFORMANCE

Input and output capacitors should be placed as close to the device pins as possible. To improve ac performance such as PSRR, output noise, and transient response, it is recommended that the board be designed with separate ground planes for V_{IN} and V_{OUT} , with the ground plane connected only at the GND pin of the device. In addition, the ground connection for the output capacitor should be connected directly to the GND pin of the device. High ESR capacitors may degrade PSRR performance.

INTERNAL CURRENT LIMIT

The TLV70018-Q1 internal current limit helps to protect the regulator during fault conditions. During current limit, the output sources a fixed amount of current that is largely independent of the output voltage. In such a case, the output voltage is not regulated, and is $V_{OUT} = I_{LIMIT} \times R_{LOAD}$. The PMOS pass transistor dissipates $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{LIMIT}$ until thermal shutdown is triggered and the device turns off. As the device cools, it is turned on by the internal thermal shutdown circuit. If the fault condition continues, the device cycles between current limit and thermal shutdown. See the [Thermal Information](#) section for more details.

The PMOS pass element in the TLV70018-Q1 has a built-in body diode that conducts current when the voltage at OUT exceeds the voltage at IN. This current is not limited, so if extended reverse voltage operation is anticipated, external limiting to 5% of the rated output current is recommended.

SHUTDOWN

The enable pin (EN) is active high. The device is enabled when voltage at EN pin goes above 0.9 V. This relatively lower value of voltage required to turn the LDO on can be exploited to power the LDO with a GPIO of recent processors whose GPIO Logic 1 voltage level is lower than traditional microcontrollers. The device is turned off when the EN pin is held at less than 0.4V. When shutdown capability is not required, EN can be connected to the IN pin.

DROPOUT VOLTAGE

The TLV70018-Q1 uses a PMOS pass transistor to achieve low dropout. When $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ is less than the dropout voltage (V_{DO}), the PMOS pass device is in the linear region of operation and the input-to-output resistance is the $R_{DS(ON)}$ of the PMOS pass element. V_{DO} scales approximately with output current because the PMOS device behaves as a resistor in dropout.

As with any linear regulator, PSRR and transient response are degraded as $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ approaches dropout. This effect is shown in [Figure 15](#) in the [Typical Characteristics](#) section.

TRANSIENT RESPONSE

As with any regulator, increasing the size of the output capacitor reduces over-/undershoot magnitude but increases the duration of the transient response.

UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT (UVLO)

The TLV70018-Q1 uses an undervoltage lockout circuit to keep the output shut off until internal circuitry is operating properly.

THERMAL INFORMATION

Thermal protection disables the output when the junction temperature rises to approximately +165°C, allowing the device to cool. When the junction temperature cools to approximately +145°C, the output circuitry is again enabled. Depending on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This cycling limits the dissipation of the regulator, protecting it from damage as a result of overheating.

Any tendency to activate the thermal protection circuit indicates excessive power dissipation or an inadequate heatsink. For reliable operation, junction temperature should be limited to +125°C maximum.

To estimate the margin of safety in a complete design (including heatsink), increase the ambient temperature until the thermal protection is triggered; use worst-case loads and signal conditions.

The internal protection circuitry of the TLV70018-Q1 has been designed to protect against overload conditions. It was not intended to replace proper heatsinking. Continuously running the TLV70018-Q1 into thermal shutdown degrades device reliability.

POWER DISSIPATION

The ability to remove heat from the die is different for each package type, presenting different considerations in the printed circuit board (PCB) layout. The PCB area around the device that is free of other components moves the heat from the device to the ambient air.

Thermal performance data for TLV70018-Q1 were gathered using the [TLV700 evaluation module](#) (EVM), a 2-layer board with two ounces of copper per side. The dimensions and layout for the SOT23-5 (DBV) EVM are shown in [Figure 25](#) and [Figure 26](#). Corresponding thermal performance data are given in [Table 1](#). Note that this board has provision for soldering not only the SOT23-5 package on the bottom layer, but also the SC-70 package on the top layer. Corresponding thermal performance data is again given in [Table 1](#). Using heavier copper increases the effectiveness in removing heat from the device. The addition of plated through-holes to heat-dissipating layers also improves heatsink effectiveness.

Power dissipation depends on input voltage and load conditions. Power dissipation (P_D) is equal to the product of the output current and the voltage drop across the output pass element, as shown in [Equation 1](#).

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} \quad (1)$$

PACKAGE MOUNTING

Solder pad footprint recommendations for the TLV70018-Q1 are available from the Texas Instruments web site at www.ti.com.

Table 1. EVM Dissipation Ratings

BOARD	PACKAG E	$R_{\theta JC}$	$R_{\theta JA}$	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$
Low-K ⁽¹⁾	DDC	90°C/W	280°C/W	3.6 mW/°C	360 mW	200 mW	145 mW	51 mW
High-K ⁽²⁾	DDC	90°C/W	200°C/W	5.0 mW/°C	500 mW	275 mW	200 mW	106 mW

- (1) The JEDEC low-K (1s) board used to derive this data was a 3-inch × 3-inch, two-layer board with 2-ounce copper traces on top of the board.
- (2) The JEDEC high-K (2s2p) board used to derive this data was a 3-inch × 3-inch, multilayer board with 1-ounce internal power and ground planes and 2-ounce copper traces on top and bottom of the board.

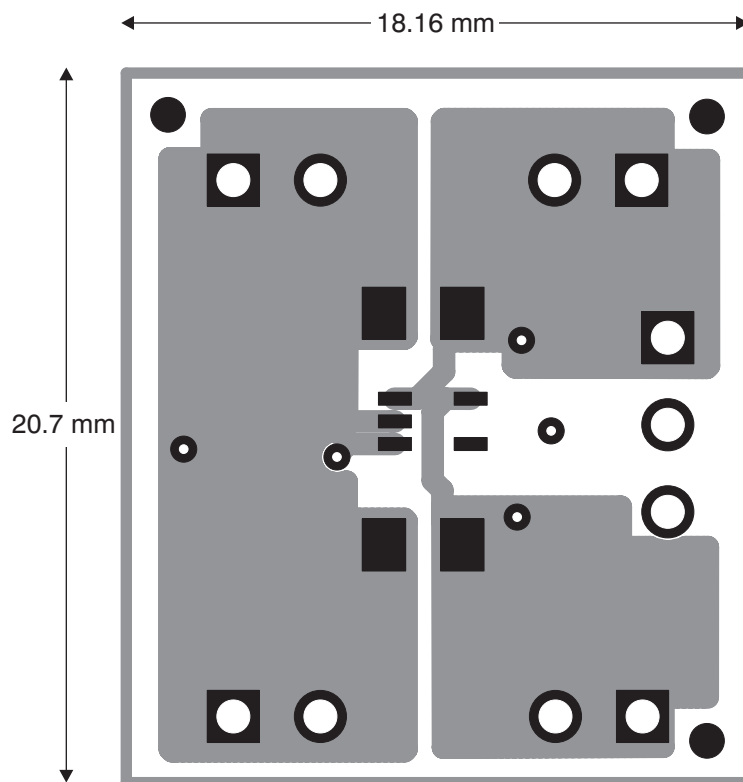


Figure 25. HPA503 EVM Top Layer

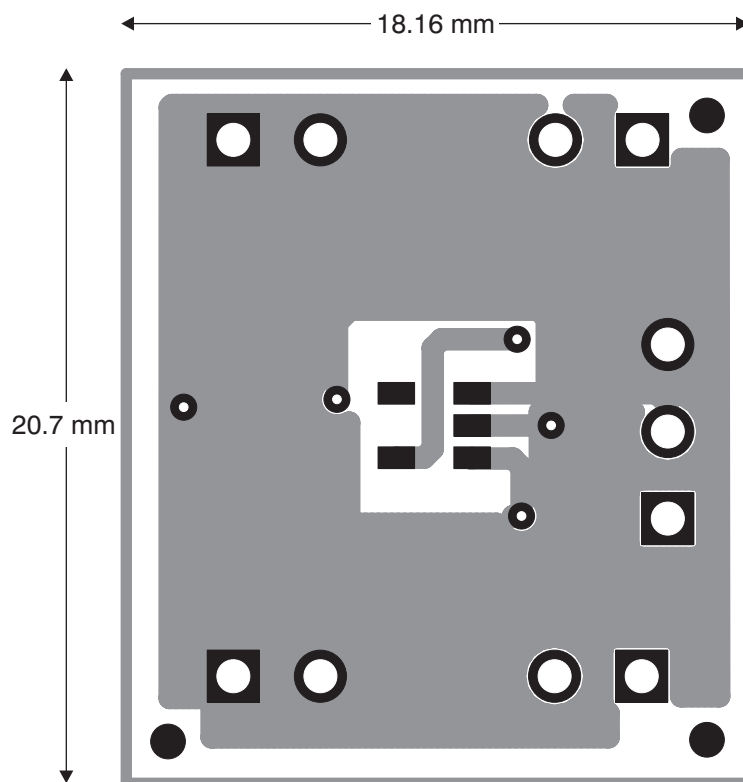


Figure 26. HPA503 EVM Bottom Layer

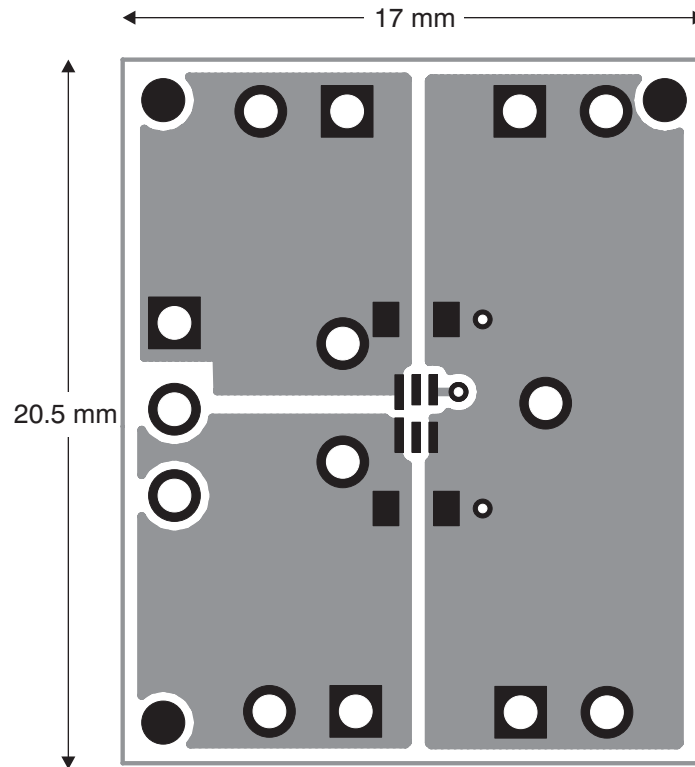


Figure 27. DSE EVM Top Layer

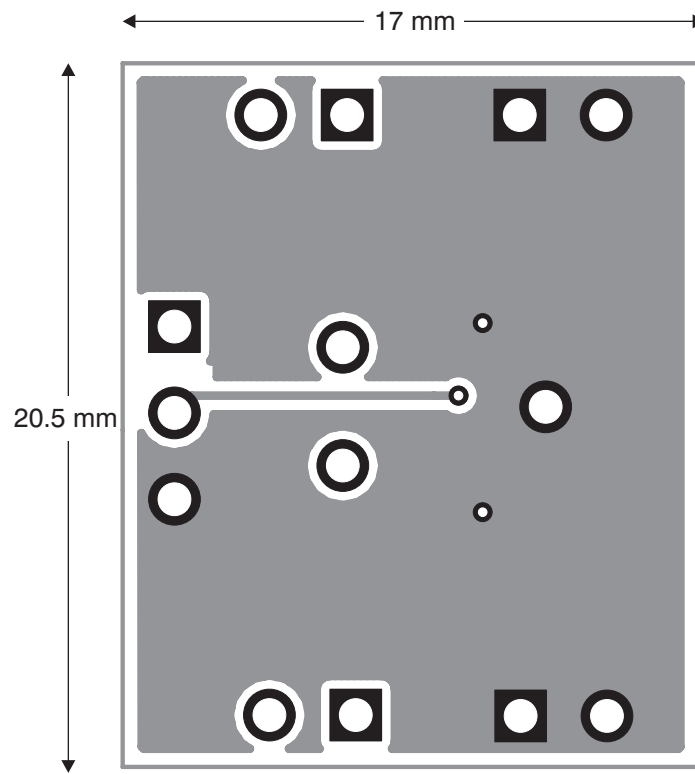


Figure 28. DSE EVM Bottom Layer

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾	Samples (Requires Login)
TLV70012QDDCRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	
TLV70018QDDCRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV70012-Q1, TLV70018-Q1 :

- Catalog: [TLV70012](#), [TLV70018](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

-
- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV70012QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV70018QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

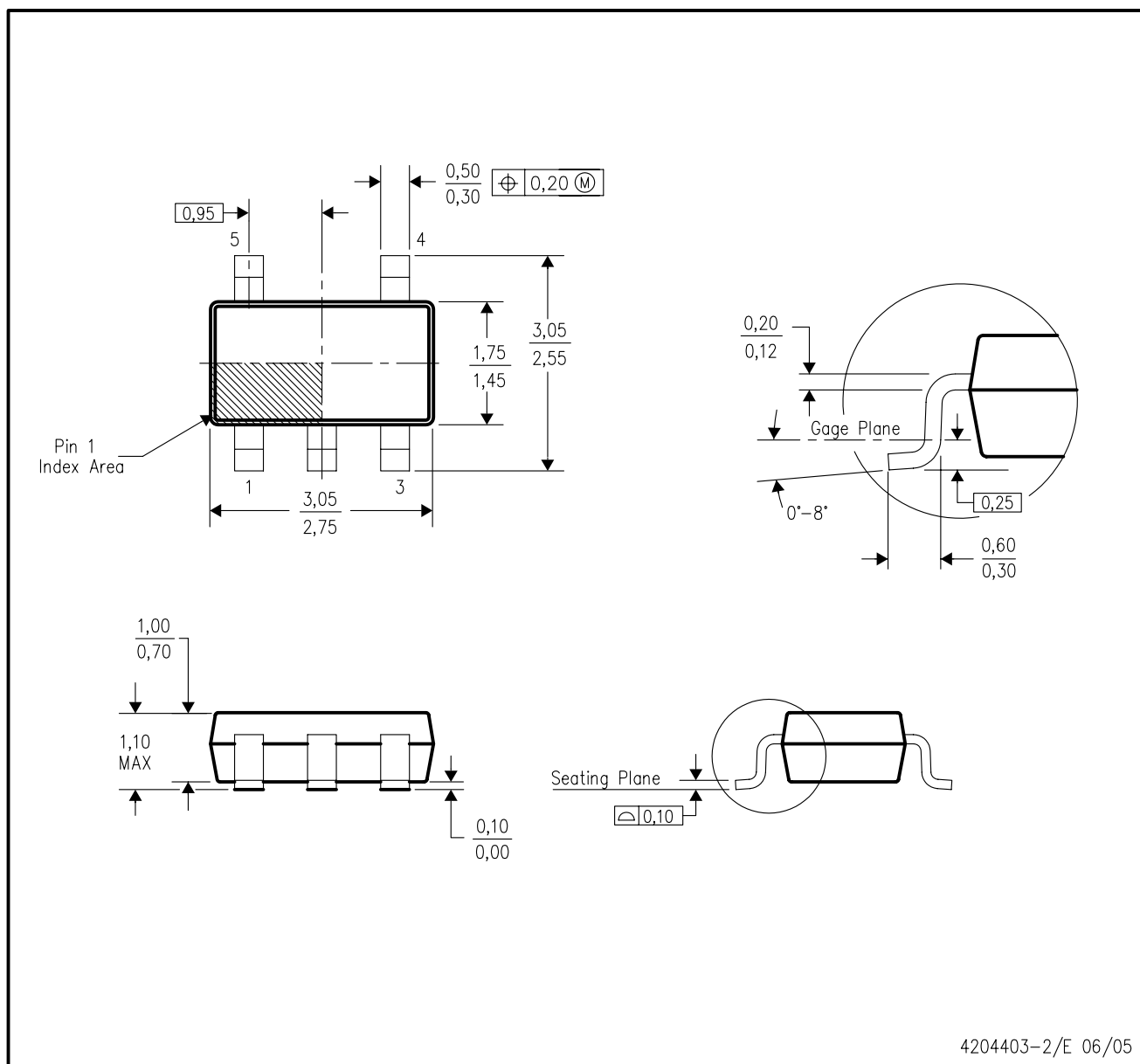


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV70012QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TLV70018QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0

DDC (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
 - Falls within JEDEC MO-193 variation AB (5 pin).

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