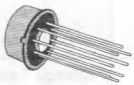
SGS-THOMSON MICROELECTRONICS

TL082
TL082A-TL082B

J–FET INPUT DUAL OP–AMPs

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
- WIDE COMMON-MODE AND DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE RANGE
- LOW INPUT BIAS AND OFFSET CURRENT
- OUTPUT SHORT-CIRCUIT PROTECTION
- HIGH INPUT IMPEDANCE J–FET INPUT STAGE
- INTERNAL FREQUENCY COMPENSATION
- LATCH UP FREE OPERATION
- HIGH SLEW RATE : 13 V/µs (typ)

N
DIP8
(Plastic package)



H
TO-99
(Metal can)

D
SO8
(Plastic micropackage)

GC
LCC20
(Tricecop - LCC)

ORDER CODES

Part Number	Temperature Range	Package			
		N	H	D	GC
TL082M	– 55 °C to + 125 °C		•		•
TL082I	– 40 °C to + 105 °C	•		•	
TL082C	0 °C to + 70 °C	•		•	
TL082AC	0 °C to + 70 °C	•		•	
TL082BC	0 °C to + 70 °C	•		•	

Note : Hi-Rel Versions Available
Examples : TL082CD, TL082MGC, TL082IN

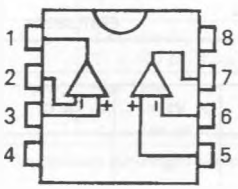
DESCRIPTION

The TL082, TL082A and TL082B are high speed J–FET input dual operational amplifiers incorporating well matched, high voltage J–FET and bipolar transistors in a monolithic integrated circuit.

The devices feature high slew rates, low input bias and offset current, and low offset voltage temperature coefficient.

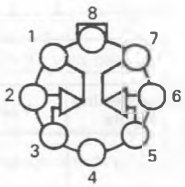
PIN CONNECTIONS (Top views)

DIP8
SO8



1 - Output (1)
2 - Inverting input (1)
3 - Non-inverting input (1)
4 - V_{CC}^-

TO-99



5 - Non-inverting input (2)
6 - Inverting input (2)
7 - Output (2)
8 - V_{CC}^+

LCC20

1 - NC
2 - Output (1)
3 - NC
4 - NC
5 - Inverting input (1)
6 - NC
7 - Non-inverting input (1)
8 - NC
9 - NC
10 - V_{CC}^-
11 - NC
12 - Non-inverting input (2)
13 - NC
14 - NC
15 - Inverting input (2)
16 - NC
17 - Output (2)
18 - NC
19 - NC
20 - V_{CC}^+

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage (note 1)	± 18	V
V_i	Input Voltage (note 3)	± 15	V
V_{id}	Differential Input Voltage (note 2)	± 30	V
P_{tot}	Power Dissipation	680	mW
	Output Short-circuit Duration (note 4)	Indefinite	
T_{oper}	Operating Free Air Temperature Range TL082C, AC, BC TL082I, BI TL082M	 0 to + 70 − 40 to + 105 − 55 to + 125	°C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	− 65 to + 150	°C

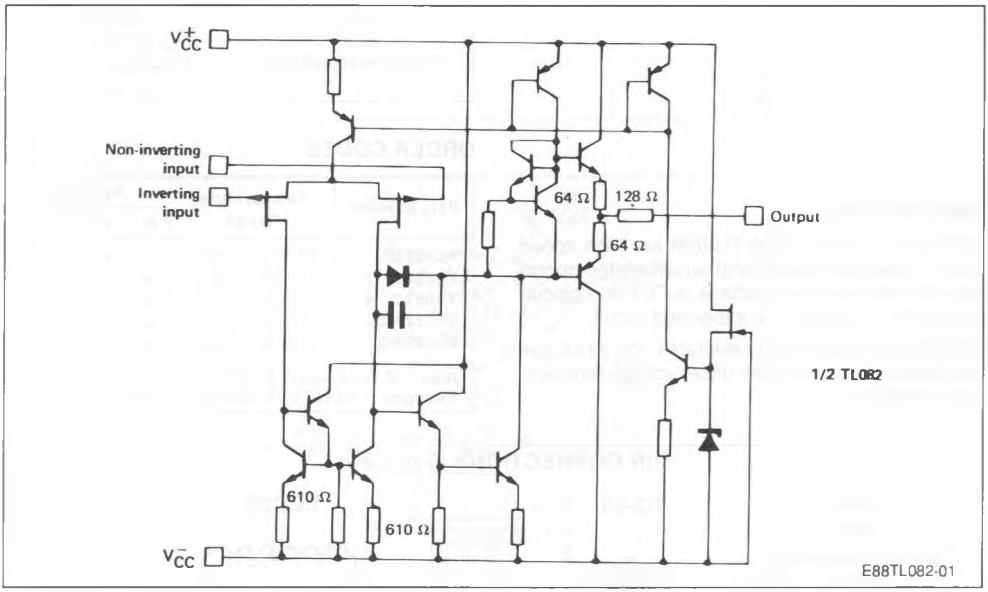
Notes : 1. All voltage values, except differential voltage, are with respect to the zero reference level (ground) of the supply voltages where the zero reference level is the midpoint between V_{CC}^+ and V_{CC}^-.

2. Differential voltages are at the non-inverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.

3. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage or 15 volts, whichever is less.

4. The output may be shorted to ground or to either supply. Temperature and /or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the dissipation rating is not exceeded.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



Case	Outputs	Inverting Inputs	Non-inverting Inputs	V_{CC}^-	V_{CC}^+	N.C.
DIP8 SO8 TO-99	1, 7	3, 5	2, 6	4	8	
LCC20	2, 17	7, 12	5, 15	10	20	*

* LCC20 : Other pins are not connected.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC} = \pm 15$ V (unless otherwise specified)
TL082M : $-55\ ^\circ C \le T_{amb} \le +125\ ^\circ C$
TL082I, BI : $-40\ ^\circ C \le T_{amb} \le +105\ ^\circ C$
TL082C, AC, BC: $0\ ^\circ C \le T_{amb} \le +70\ ^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	TL082M, I, BI TL082BC, AC			TL082C			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{IO}	Input Offset Voltage T_{amb} = 25 °C ($R_S \le 10$ kΩ) TL082BI, BC $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$ TL082BI, BC		 3 1	 5 3 9 5		 3	 8 13	mV
DV_{IO}	Input Offset Voltage Drift		10			10		µV/°C
I_{IO}	Input Offset Current * T_{amb} = 25 °C $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$		5	50 4		5	50 4	pA nA
I_{IB}	Input Bias Current * T_{amb} = 25 °C $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le +70$ °C		20	200 20		20	200 20	pA nA
A_{VD}	Large Signal Voltage Gain ($R_L \ge 2$ kΩ, $V_O = \pm 10$ V) T_{amb} = 25 °C $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	 50 25	 200		 50 25	 200		V/mV
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio ($R_S \le 10$ kΩ) T_{amb} = 25 °C $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	 80 80	 86		 80 80	 86		dB
I_{CC}	Supply Current, per Amp, no Load T_{amb} = 25 °C $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$		1.4	2.5 2.5		1.4	2.5 2.5	mA
V_I	Input Voltage Range	−11		+11	−11		+11	V
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio ($R_S \le 10$ kΩ) T_{amb} = 25 °C $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	 80 80	 86		 70 70	 86		dB
I_{OS}	Output Short-circuit Current T_{amb} = 25 °C $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	 10 10	 40	 60 60	 10 10	 40	 60 60	mA
$\pm V_{OPP}$	Output Voltage Swing T_{amb} = 25 °C $R_L \ge 2$ kΩ $R_L \ge 10$ kΩ $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$ $R_L \ge 2$ kΩ $R_L \ge 10$ kΩ	 11 12 11 12	 12 13.5		 11 12 11 12	 12 13.5		V
S_{VO}	Slew-rate (V_I = 10 V, R_L = 2 kΩ $C_L \le 100$ pF, T_{amb} = 25 °C, unity gain)	12	16		8	16		V/µs
t_r	Rise Time (V_I = 20 mV, R_L = 2 kΩ C_L = 100 pF, T_{amb} = 25 °C, unity gain)		0.1			0.1		µs

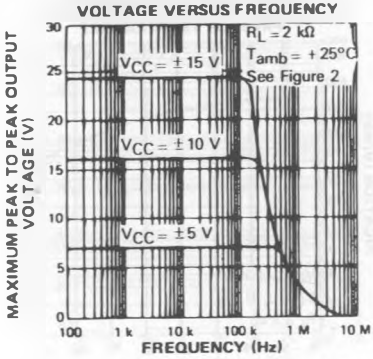
* The input bias currents are junction leakage currents wich approximatevely double for every 10 °C increase in the junction temperature.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	TL082M, I, BI TL082BC, AC			TL082C			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
K_{OV}	Overshoot (V_I = 20 mV, R_L = 2 kΩ $C_L \leq 100$ pF, T_{amb} = 25 °C, unity gain)		10			10		%
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product (f = 100 kHz, T_{amb} = 25 °C V_{IN} = 10 mV, R_L = 2 kΩ, C_L = 100 pF) TL082BI, BC	2.5 3.3	4.0 4.0	5.0 5.0	2.5	4.0	5.0	MHz
R_I	Input Resistance (T_{amb} = 25 °C)		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion (f = 1 kHz, A_V = 20 dB, R_L = 2 kΩ $C_L \leq 100$ pF, T_{amb} = 25 °C, V_O = 2 V_{PP})		0.01			0.01		%
V_n	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage (f = 1 kHz, R_g = 100 Ω)		15			15		$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$
Øm	Phase Margin		45			45		Degrees
V_{O1} / V_{O2}	Channel Separation Avd = 100, T_{amb} = 25 °C		120			120		dB

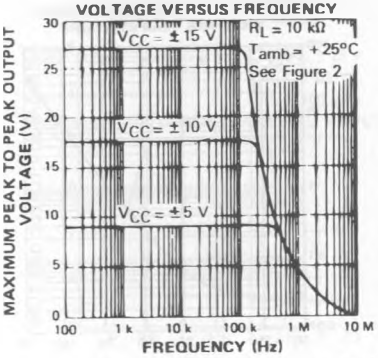
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

MAXIMUM PEAK TO PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY



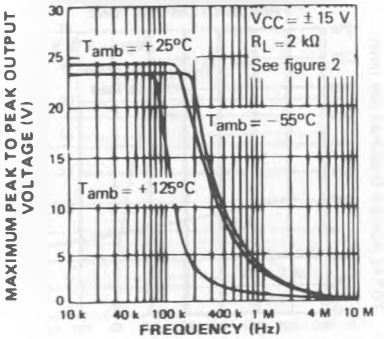
E88TL072-02

MAXIMUM PEAK TO PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY



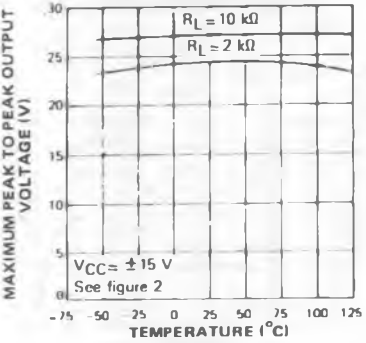
E88TL072-03

MAXIMUM PEAK TO PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY



E88TL072-04

MAXIMUM PEAK TO PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREE-AIR TEMP.



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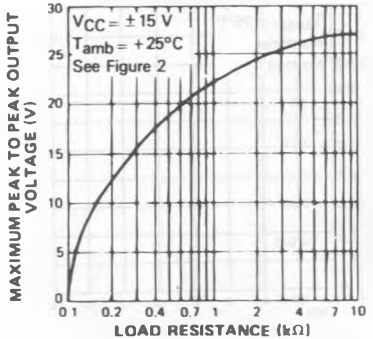
MAXIMUM PEAK TO PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS LOAD RESISTANCE



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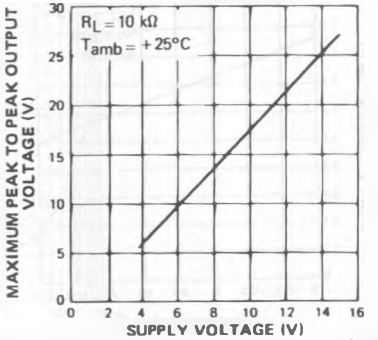
MAXIMUM PEAK TO PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS SUPPLY VOLTAGE



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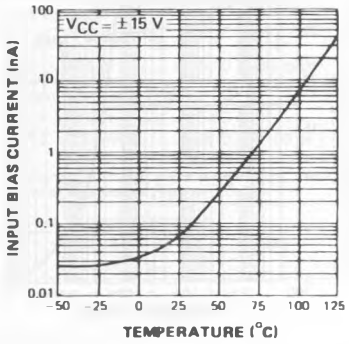
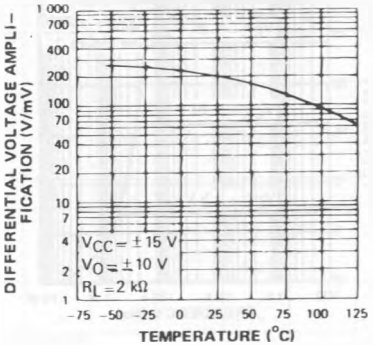
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

INPUT BIAS CURRENT VERSUS FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE



E88TL072-08

LARGE SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION VERSUS FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE



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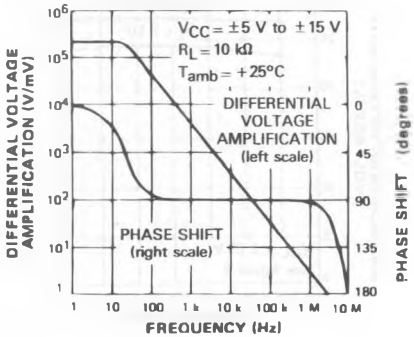
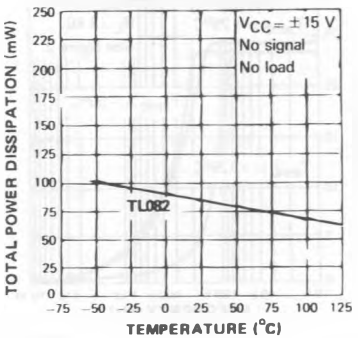
LARGE SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE SHIFT VERSUS FREQUENCY



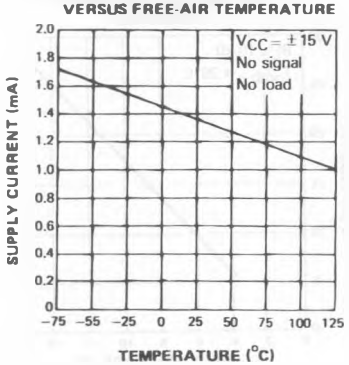
E88TL072-10

TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION VERSUS FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE



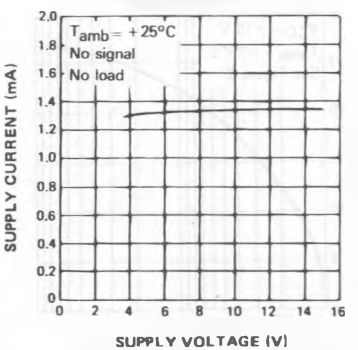
E88TL072-11

SUPPLY CURRENT PER AMPLIFIER VERSUS FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE



E88TL072-12

SUPPLY CURRENT PER AMPLIFIER VERSUS SUPPLY VOLTAGE



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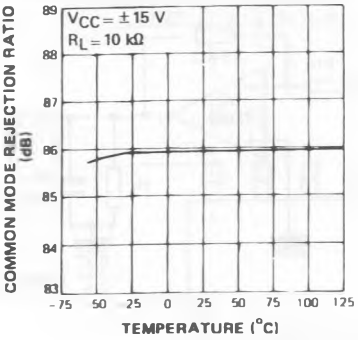
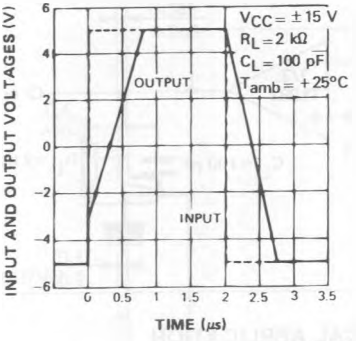
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

COMMON MODE REJECTION RATIO VERSUS FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE



E88TL072-13

VOLTAGE FOLLOWER LARGE SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE



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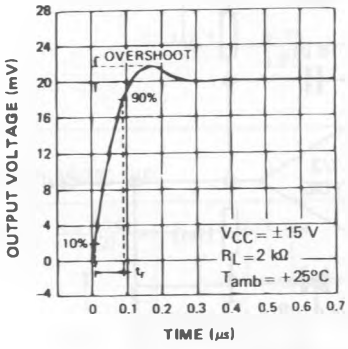
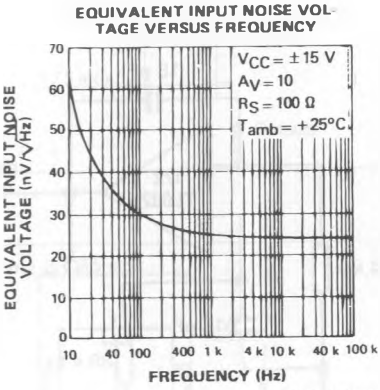
OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS TIME



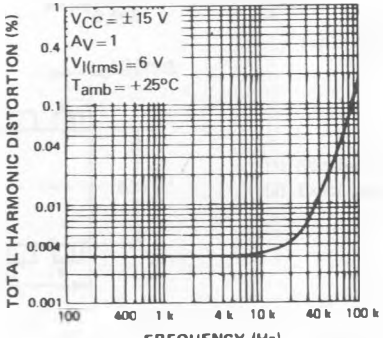
E88TL072-15

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY



E88TL072-16

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION VERSUS FREQUENCY



E88TL072-17

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Figure 1 : Voltage follower.

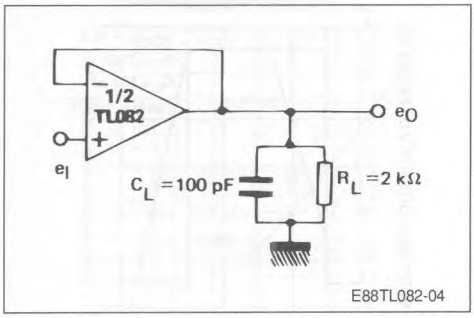
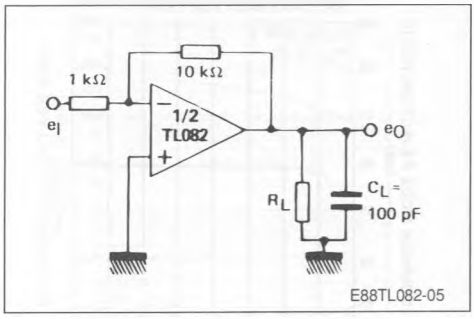
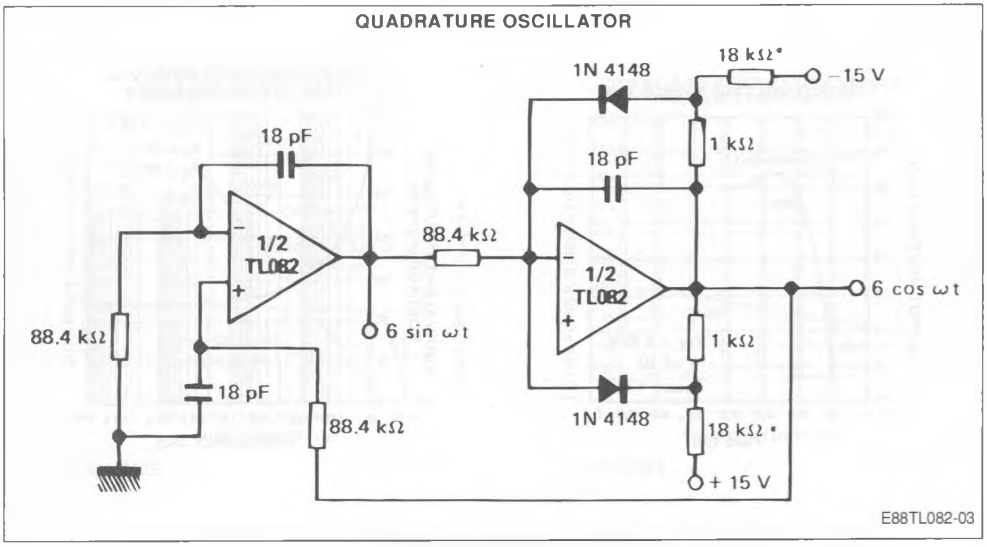


Figure 2 : Gain-of-10 inverting amplifier.



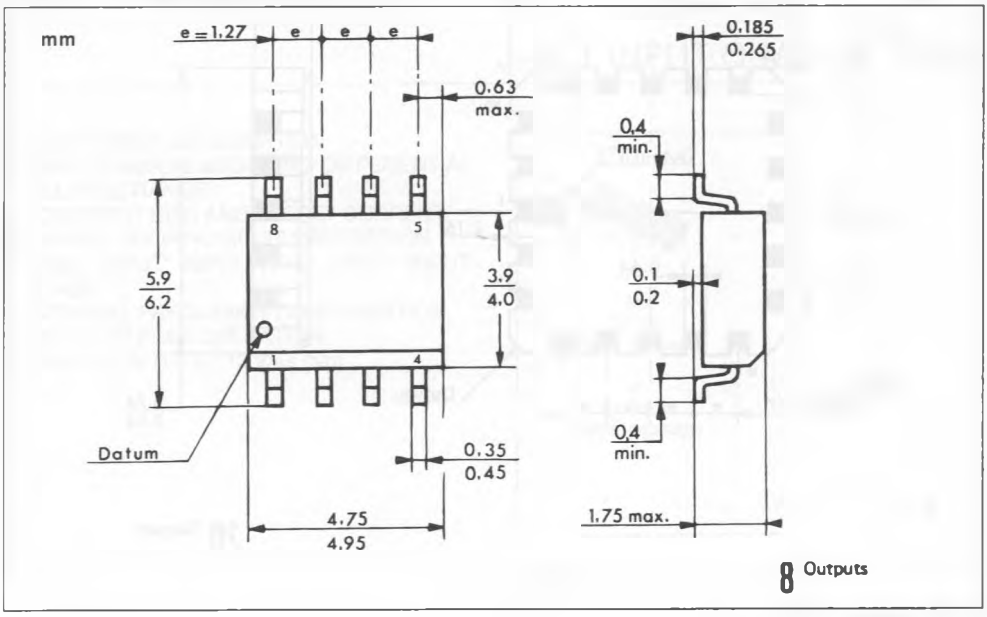
TYPICAL APPLICATION

QUADRATURE OSCILLATOR

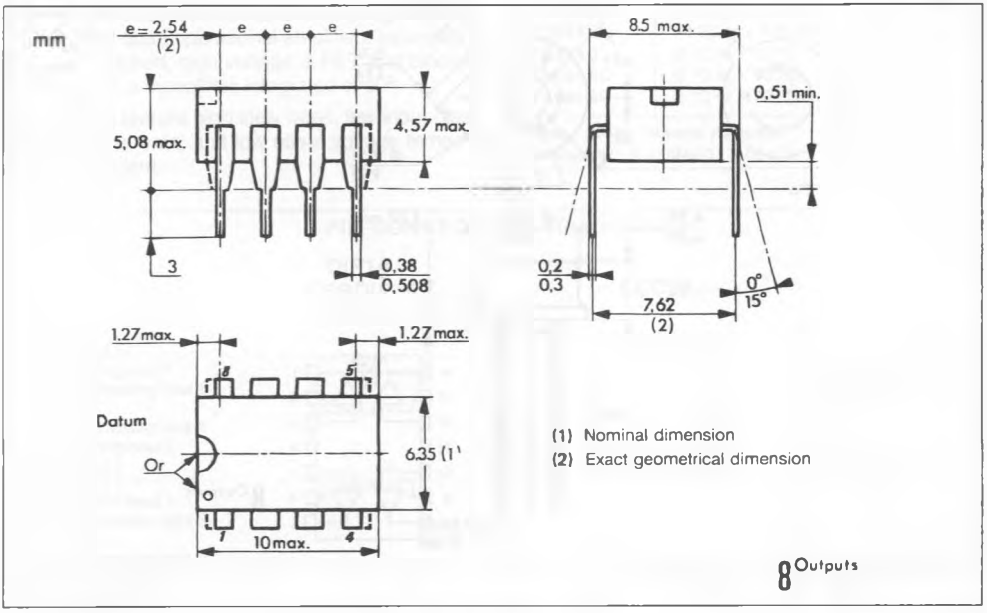


PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

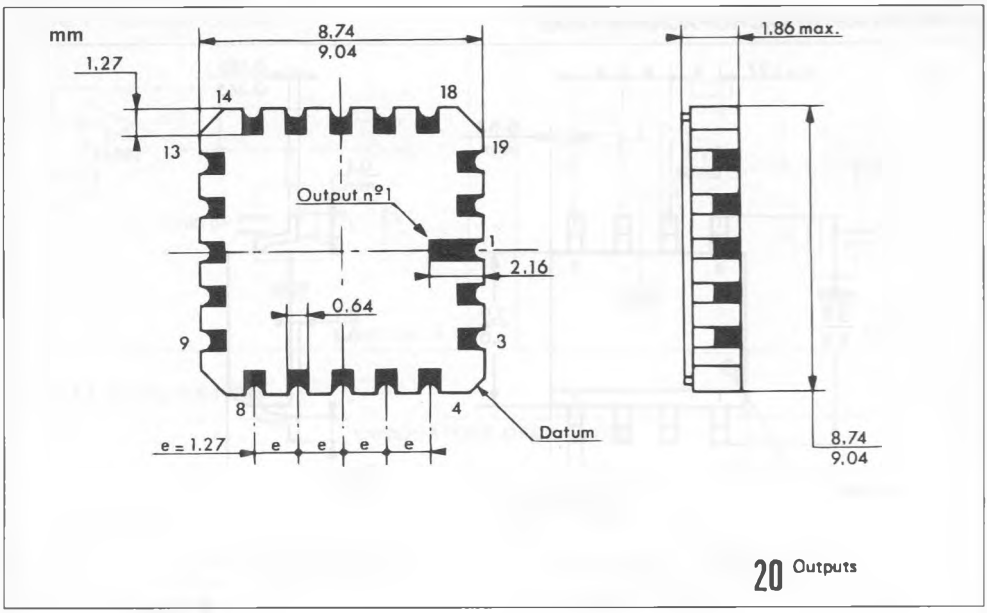
8 PINS - PLASTIC MICROPACKAGE (SO)



8 PINS – PLASTIC DIP



20 PINS - TRICECOP (LCC)



TO-99 – METAL CAN