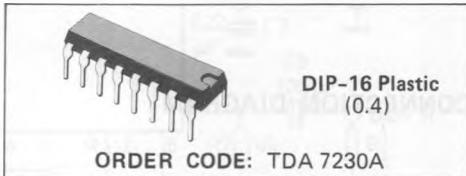


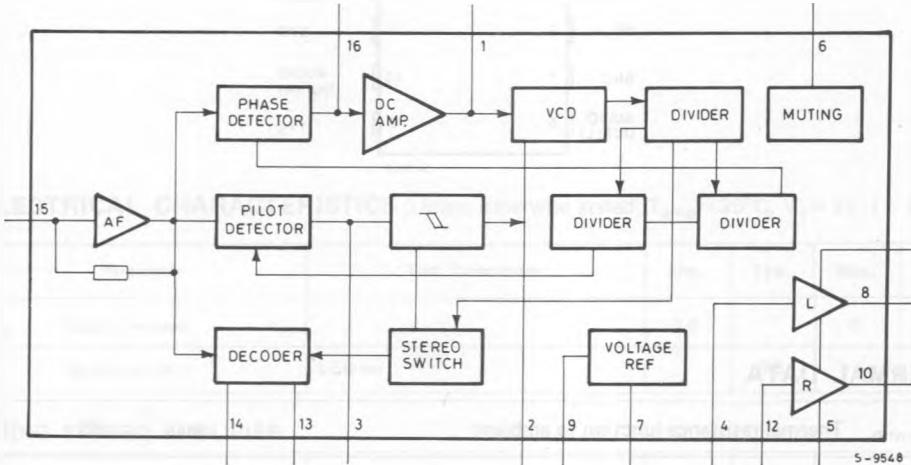
STEREO DECODER AND HEADPHONE AMPLIFIER

- OPERATING SUPPLY VOLTAGE RANGE: 1.8 to 6V
- LED DRIVING FOR STEREO INDICATION
- STEREO/MONO SWITCH
- ONLY OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY ADJUSTMENT NECESSARY
- LOW DISTORTION AND LOW NOISE
- VERY LOW POP ON/OFF NOISE
- FEW EXTERNAL COMPONENTS
- SOFT CLIPPING

The TDA7230A is a monolithic integrated circuit in 16 pin plastic package designed for stereo decoder and headphone amplifier applications in portable radio.



BLOCK DIAGRAM

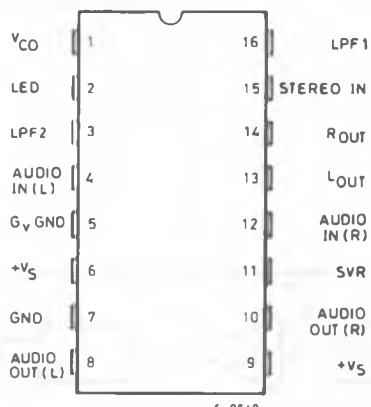


5-9548

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| | | | |
|-----------|---|-----|----|
| V_s | Supply voltage | 9 | V |
| I_L | LED current | 8 | mA |
| I_O | Peak output current | 200 | mA |
| P_{tot} | Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 70^\circ\text{C}$ | 1 | W |

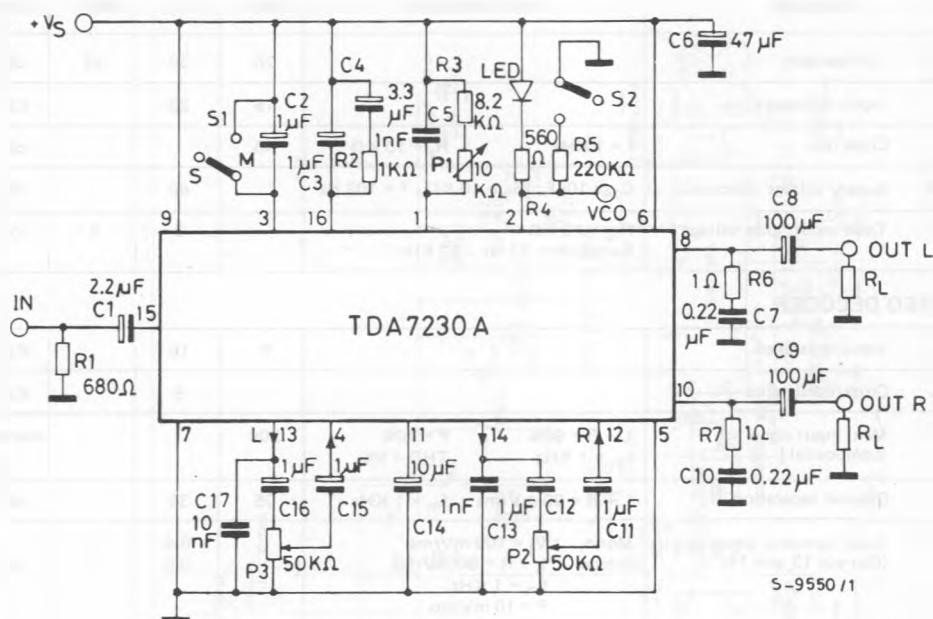
CONNECTION DIAGRAM



THERMAL DATA

| | | | | |
|----------------|--|-----|----|------|
| $R_{th j-amb}$ | Thermal resistance junction to ambient | max | 80 | °C/W |
|----------------|--|-----|----|------|

TEST CIRCUIT

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise stated, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_s = 3\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{KHz}$)

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| V_s | Supply voltage | 1.8 | | 6 | V |
| I_s | Supply current LED on | | 9.5 | | mA |

AUDIO STEREO AMPLIFIER

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|--|--|---------------|---------------|---|---|
| P_o | Output power $V_s = 3\text{V}$, $V_s = 3\text{V}$, $V_s = 1.8\text{V}$, | $R_L = 32\Omega$, $R_L = 16\Omega$, $R_L = 32\Omega$, | $d = 10\%$ $d = 10\%$ $d = 10\%$ | 27 45 6 | 30 48 7 | | mW mW mW |
| d | Distortion $P_o = 10\text{ mW}$, $f = 1\text{ KHz}$, $R_L = 32\Omega$ | | | | 0.2 | 1 | % |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

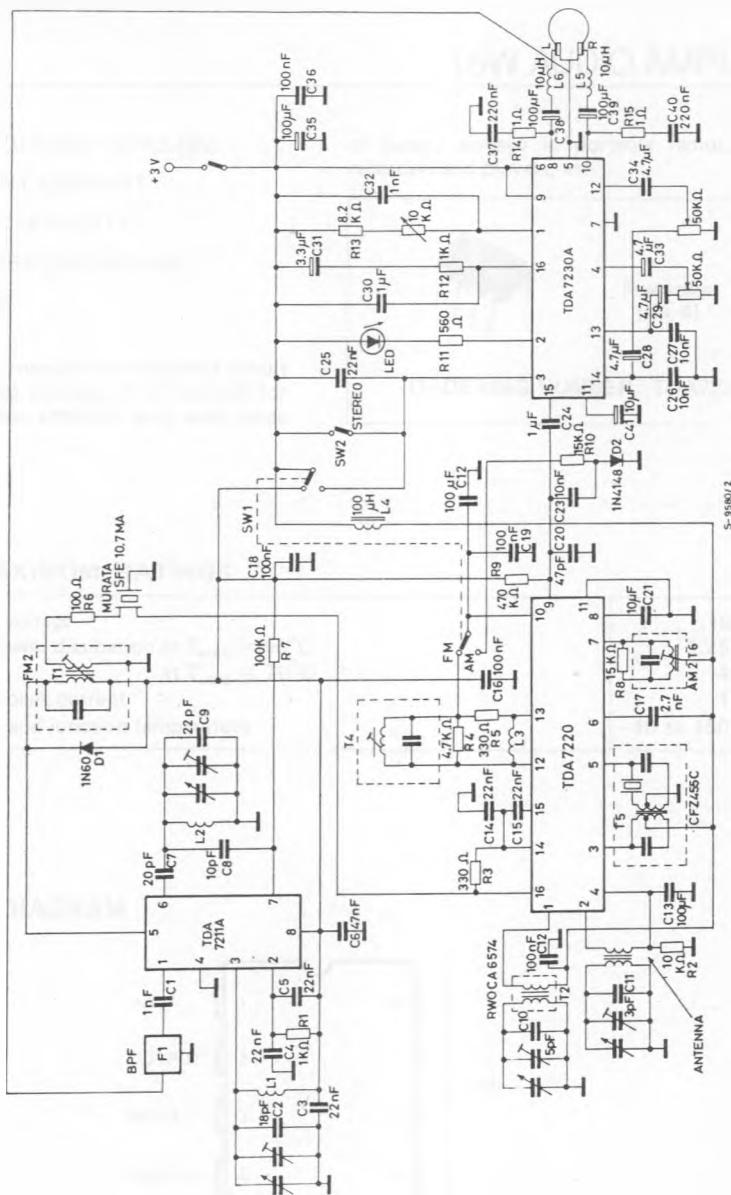
| Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------------|--|------|------|------|------------------|
| G_v Voltage gain | | 28 | 30 | 32 | dB |
| R_i Input resistance | | 15 | 20 | | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| Cross talk | $f = 1 \text{ KHz}$ $R_s = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$ | 40 | | | dB |
| SVR Supply voltage rejection | $C_{14} = 10\mu\text{F}$, $R_g = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$, $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$ | | 40 | | dB |
| e_N Total input noise voltage | $R_G = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$ Bandwidth: 22 Hz - 22 KHz | | 2 | 5 | μV |

STEREO DECODER

| | | | | | | |
|-------|---|--|------------------------|------------|------------|------------------|
| R_i | Input resistance | | 6 | 10 | | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| R_o | Output resistance | | | 5 | | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| V_i | Max. Input signal (composite) | $L + R = 90\%$ $f_m = 1 \text{ KHz}$ | $P = 10\%$ THD = 5% | 200 | | mVrms |
| S_c | Channel separation | $L + R = 90 \text{ mVrms}$ | $f_m = 1 \text{ KHz}$ | 25 | 35 | |
| d | Total harmonic distortion (Out pin 13, pin 14) | Mono $V_I = 100 \text{ mVrms}$ Stereo $L + R = 90 \text{ mVrms}$ $f_m = 1 \text{ KHz}$ $P = 10 \text{ mVrms}$ | | 0.4 0.5 | 1 1 | % |
| G_v | Voltage gain | $V_I = 100 \text{ mVrms}$ | | -3 | +3 | dB |
| | Channel balance | $V_I = 100 \text{ mVrms}$ | | -1 | 0 | dB |
| | LED on | Pilot input | | | 8 | mVrms |
| | LED off | | | | 6 | mVrms |
| | LED Hysteresis | Turn OFF from Turn ON | | | 3 | mVrms |
| | Capture range | $P = 10 \text{ mVrms}$ | | | ± 3 | % |
| S/N | Carrier leak 19 KHz 38 KHz | $P = 10 \text{ mVrms}$ $L + R = 90 \text{ mVrms}$ | | -25 -40 | -32 -48 | dB dB |
| S/N | Signal to noise | $V_I = 100 \text{ mVrms}$ | $R_G = 600\Omega$ | | 82 | |

TYPICAL APPLICATION

Fig. 1 - 3V stereo AM/FM mini-radio



S-9580/2