

TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC74VCX16834FT

Low-Voltage 18-Bit Universal Bus Driver with 3.6-V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

The TC74VCX16834FT is a high-performance CMOS 18-bit universal bus driver. Designed for use in 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

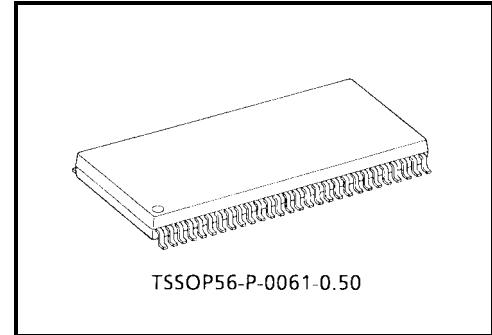
It is also designed with overvoltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to 3.6 V.

Data flow from A to Y is controlled by the output-enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) input. The device operates in the transparent mode when the latch-enable ( $\overline{LE}$ ) input is low.

When  $\overline{LE}$  is high, the A data is latched if the clock (CK) input is held at a high or low logic level. If  $\overline{LE}$  is high, the A data is stored in the latch/flip-flop on the low-to-high transition of CK.

When  $\overline{OE}$  is high, the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

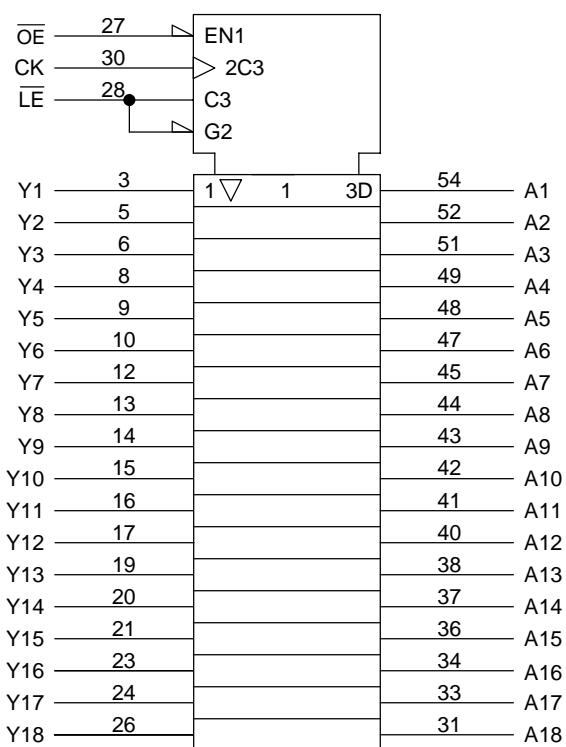
## Features

- Low-voltage operation:  $V_{CC} = 1.8$  to  $3.6$  V
- High-speed operation:  $t_{pd} = 3.3$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V)
  - :  $t_{pd} = 4.2$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 2.3$  to  $2.7$  V)
  - :  $t_{pd} = 8.4$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 1.8$  V)
- Output current:  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 24$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V)
  - :  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 18$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 2.3$  V)
  - :  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 6$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 1.8$  V)
- Latch-up performance:  $\pm 300$  mA
- ESD performance: Machine model  $> \pm 200$  V
  - : Human body model  $> \pm 2000$  V
- Package: TSSOP (thin shrink small outline package)
- 3.6-V tolerant function and power down protection provided on all inputs and outputs

## Pin Assignment (top view)

NC	1		56	GND
NC	2		55	NC
Y1	3		54	A1
GND	4		53	GND
Y2	5		52	A2
Y3	6		51	A3
V <sub>CC</sub>	7		50	V <sub>CC</sub>
Y4	8		49	A4
Y5	9		48	A5
Y6	10		47	A6
GND	11		46	GND
Y7	12		45	A7
Y8	13		44	A8
Y9	14		43	A9
Y10	15		42	A10
Y11	16		41	A11
Y12	17		40	A12
GND	18		39	GND
Y13	19		38	A13
Y14	20		37	A14
Y15	21		36	A15
V <sub>CC</sub>	22		35	V <sub>CC</sub>
Y16	23		34	A16
Y17	24		33	A17
GND	25		32	GND
Y18	26		31	A18
$\overline{OE}$	27		30	CK
$\overline{LE}$	28		29	GND

## IEC Logic Symbol



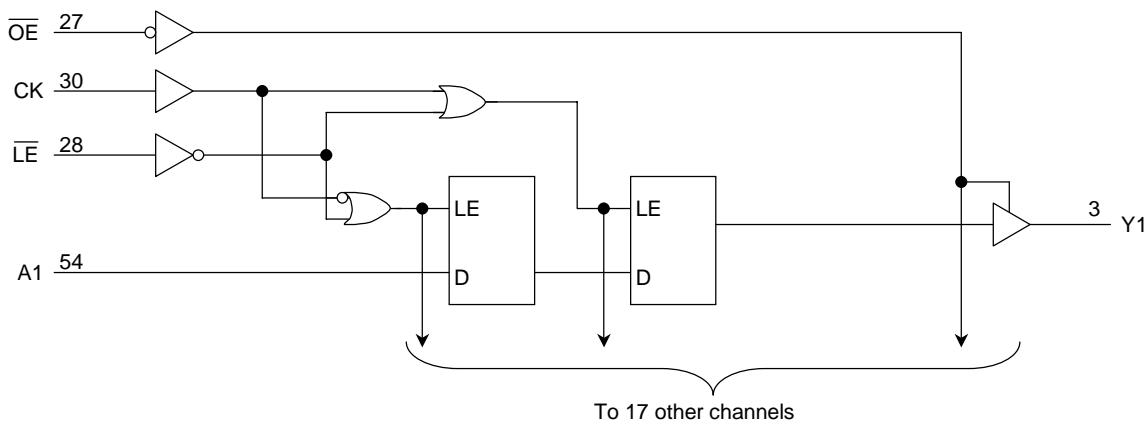
**Truth Table**

Inputs				Outputs Y
$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{LE}$	CK	A	
H	X	X	X	Z
L	L	X	L	L
L	L	X	H	H
L	H	↑	L	L
L	H	↑	H	H
L	H	H	X	$Y_0$ (Note 1)
L	H	L	X	$Y_0$ (Note 1)

X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

Note 1: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established, provided that CK was high or low before  $\overline{LE}$  went high.

**System Diagram**

**Maximum Ratings**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	–0.5 to 4.6	V
DC input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	–0.5 to 4.6	V
DC output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	–0.5 to 4.6 (Note 2)	V
		–0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 (Note 3)	
Input diode current	I <sub>IK</sub>	–50	mA
Output diode current	I <sub>OK</sub>	±50 (Note 4)	mA
DC output current	I <sub>OUT</sub>	±50	mA
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	400	mW
DC V <sub>CC</sub> /ground current per supply pin	I <sub>CC</sub> /I <sub>GND</sub>	±100	mA
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	–65 to 150	°C

Note 2: OFF state

Note 3: High or low state. I<sub>OUT</sub> absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 4: V<sub>OUT</sub> < GND, V<sub>OUT</sub> > V<sub>CC</sub>

**Recommended Operating Range**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	1.8 to 3.6	V
		1.2 to 3.6 (Note 5)	
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	–0.3 to 3.6	V
Output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	0 to 3.6 (Note 6)	V
		0 to V <sub>CC</sub> (Note 7)	
Output current	I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub>	±24 (Note 8)	mA
		±18 (Note 9)	
		±6 (Note 10)	
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	–40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0 to 10 (Note 11)	ns/V

Note 5: Data retention only

Note 6: OFF state

Note 7: High or low state

Note 8: V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 to 3.6 V

Note 9: V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 to 2.7 V

Note 10: V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V

Note 11: V<sub>IN</sub> = 0.8 to 2.0 V, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V

**Electrical Characteristics****DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.7 V < V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6 V)**

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit	
Input voltage	H-level		—	2.7 to 3.6					
	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	—	2.7 to 3.6	—	0.8	—		
Output voltage	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	—	V	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.7	2.2	—		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA	3.0	2.4	—		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA	3.0	2.2	—		
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	—	0.2		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7	—	0.4		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 18 mA	3.0	—	0.4		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3.0	—	0.55		
Input leakage current		I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±5.0	μA	
3-state output OFF state current		I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±10.0	μA	
Power-off leakage current		I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA	
Quiescent supply current		I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> ) ≤ 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	20.0	μA	
Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per input		ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	750		

**DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.3 V ≤ V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7 V)**

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit	
Input voltage	H-level		—	2.3 to 2.7	1.6	—			
	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	—	2.3 to 2.7	—	0.7			
Output voltage	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	—	V	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	2.3	2.0	—		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.3	1.8	—		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA	2.3	1.7	—		
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	—	0.2		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.3	—	0.4		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 18 mA	2.3	—	0.6		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	2.3 to 2.7	—	0.55		
Input leakage current		I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±5.0	μA	
3-state output OFF state current		I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±10.0	μA	
Power-off leakage current		I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA	
Quiescent supply current		I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> ) ≤ 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	20.0	μA	

DC Characteristics ( $T_a = -40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.3 \text{ V}$ )

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		$V_{CC} (\text{V})$	Min	Max	Unit	
Input voltage	H-level	$V_{IH}$	—		1.8 to 2.3	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	—	V	
	L-level	$V_{IL}$	—		1.8 to 2.3	—	$0.2 \times V_{CC}$		
Output voltage	H-level	$V_{OH}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$	1.8	$V_{CC} - 0.2$	—	V	
				$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	1.8	1.4	—		
	L-level	$V_{OL}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	1.8	—	0.2		
				$I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$	1.8	—	0.3		
Input leakage current		$I_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 0$ to $3.6 \text{ V}$		1.8	—	$\pm 5.0$	$\mu\text{A}$	
3-state output OFF state current		$I_{OZ}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = 0$ to $3.6 \text{ V}$		1.8	—	$\pm 10.0$	$\mu\text{A}$	
Power-off leakage current		$I_{OFF}$	$V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = 0$ to $3.6 \text{ V}$		0	—	10.0	$\mu\text{A}$	
Quiescent supply current		$I_{CC}$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND		1.8	—	20.0	$\mu\text{A}$	
			$V_{CC} \leq (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.8	—	$\pm 20.0$		

AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, input:  $t_r = t_f = 2.0$  ns,  $C_L = 30$  pF,  $R_L = 500 \Omega$ )

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	$V_{CC}$ (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Maximum clock frequency	$f_{max}$	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	100	—	MHz
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	200	—	
			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	250	—	
Propagation delay time (An-Yn)	$t_{pLH}$ $t_{pHL}$	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.8	1.5	8.4	ns
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	0.8	4.2	
			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.3	
Propagation delay time (CK-Yn)	$t_{pLH}$ $t_{pHL}$	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	1.5	9.2	ns
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	0.8	5.2	
			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	4.2	
Propagation delay time ( $\overline{LE}$ -Yn)	$t_{pLH}$ $t_{pHL}$	Figure 1, Figure 4	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	0.8	5.5	
			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	4.6	
Output enable time	$t_{pZL}$ $t_{pZH}$	Figure 1, Figure 5	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	0.8	4.9	
			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.8	
Output disable time	$t_{pLZ}$ $t_{pHZ}$	Figure 1, Figure 5	1.8	1.5	7.6	ns
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	0.8	4.5	
			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.9	
Minimum pulse width	$t_W$ (H) $t_W$ (L)	Figure 1, Figure 3, Figure 4	1.8	4.0	—	ns
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	1.5	—	
			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	1.5	—	
Minimum setup time (An-CK, An- $\overline{LE}$ )	$t_s$	Figure 1, Figure 3, Figure 4	1.8	2.5	—	ns
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	1.5	—	
			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	1.5	—	
Minimum hold time (An-CK, An- $\overline{LE}$ )	$t_h$	Figure 1, Figure 3, Figure 4	1.8	1.0	—	ns
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	0.6	—	
			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.7	—	
Output to output skew	$t_{osLH}$ $t_{osHL}$	(Note 12)	1.8	—	0.5	ns
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	—	0.5	
			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	—	0.5	

For  $C_L = 50$  pF, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 12: Parameter guaranteed by design.

$$(tosLH = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, tosHL = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$$

**Dynamic Switching Characteristics**(Ta = 25°C, input: t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 2.0 ns, C<sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, R<sub>L</sub> = 500 Ω)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Typ.	Unit
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note 13)			
Quiet output maximum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>OLP</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note 13)	2.5	0.7	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note 13)	3.3	0.9	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note 13)	1.8	-0.35	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>OLV</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note 13)	2.5	-0.7	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note 13)	3.3	-0.9	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note 13)	1.8	1.3	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>OHV</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note 13)	2.5	1.7	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note 13)	3.3	2.0	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note 13)	1.8	0.35	

Note 13: Parameter guaranteed by design.

**Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Typ.	Unit
		V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>			
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	—	—	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	pF
Output capacitance	C <sub>OUT</sub>	—	—	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C <sub>PD</sub>	f <sub>IN</sub> = 10 MHz	(Note 14)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	pF

Note 14: C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC\ (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/18 \text{ (per bit)}$$

## AC Test Circuit

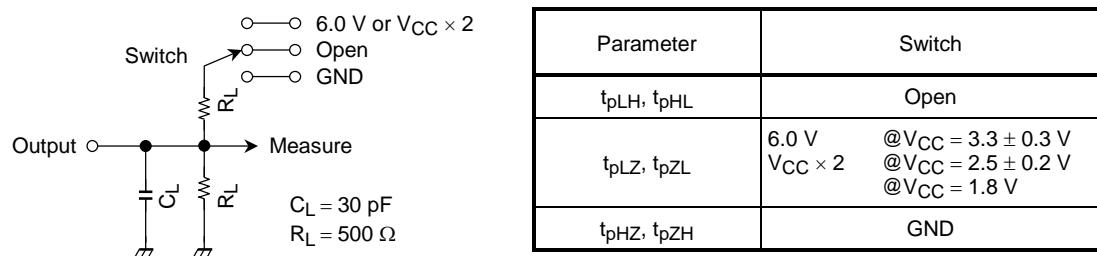
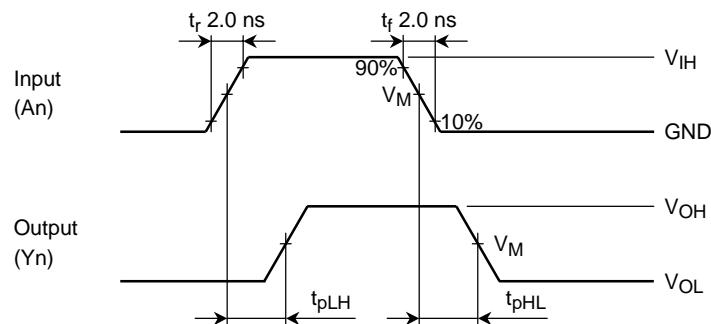
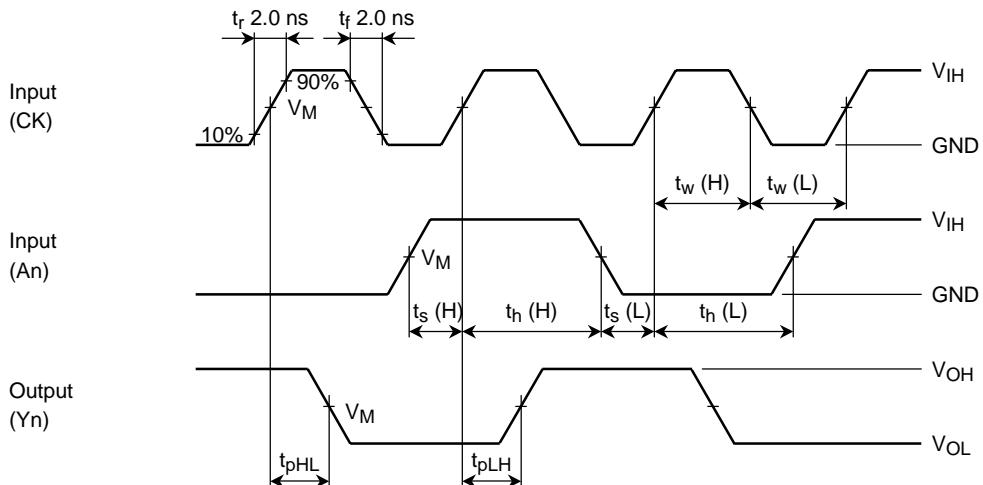
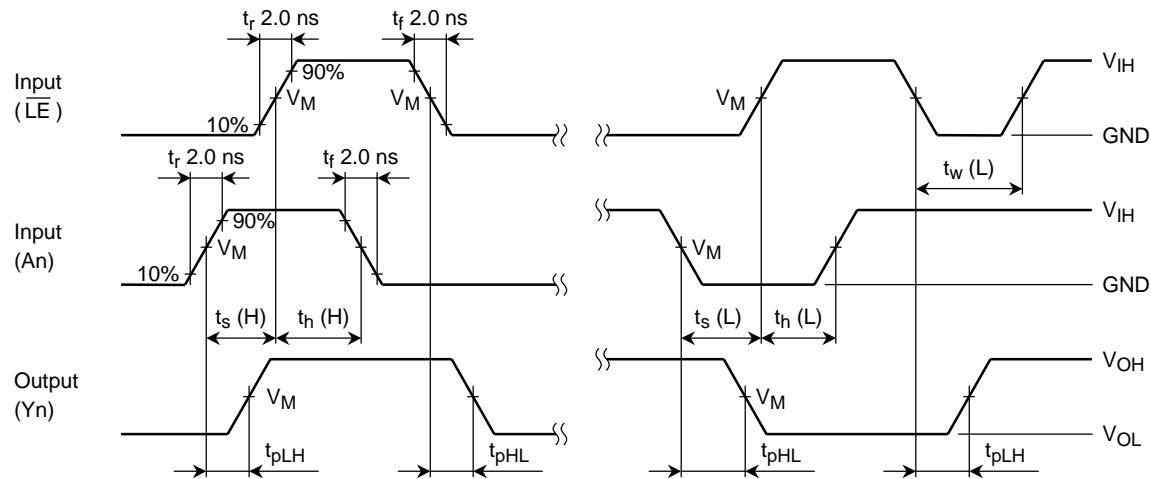
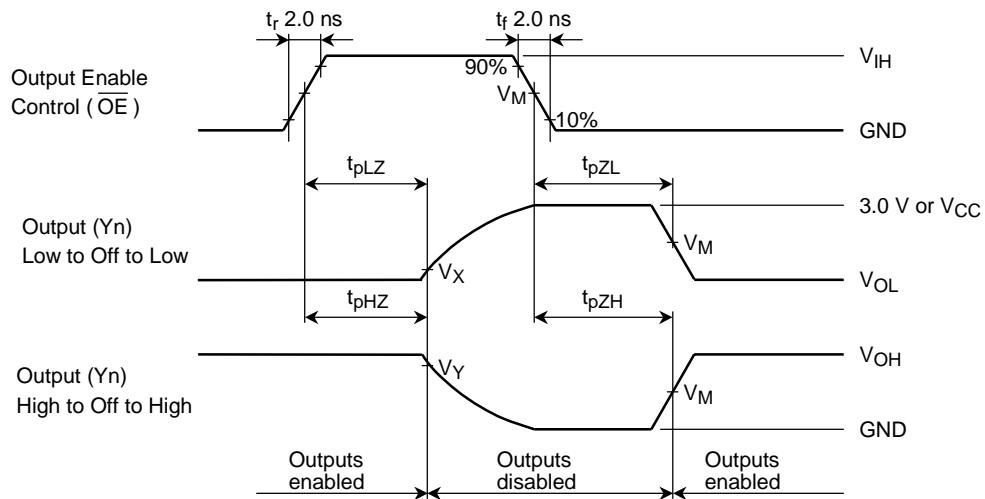


Figure 1

## AC Waveform

Figure 2  $t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}$ Figure 3  $t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}, t_w, t_s, t_h$

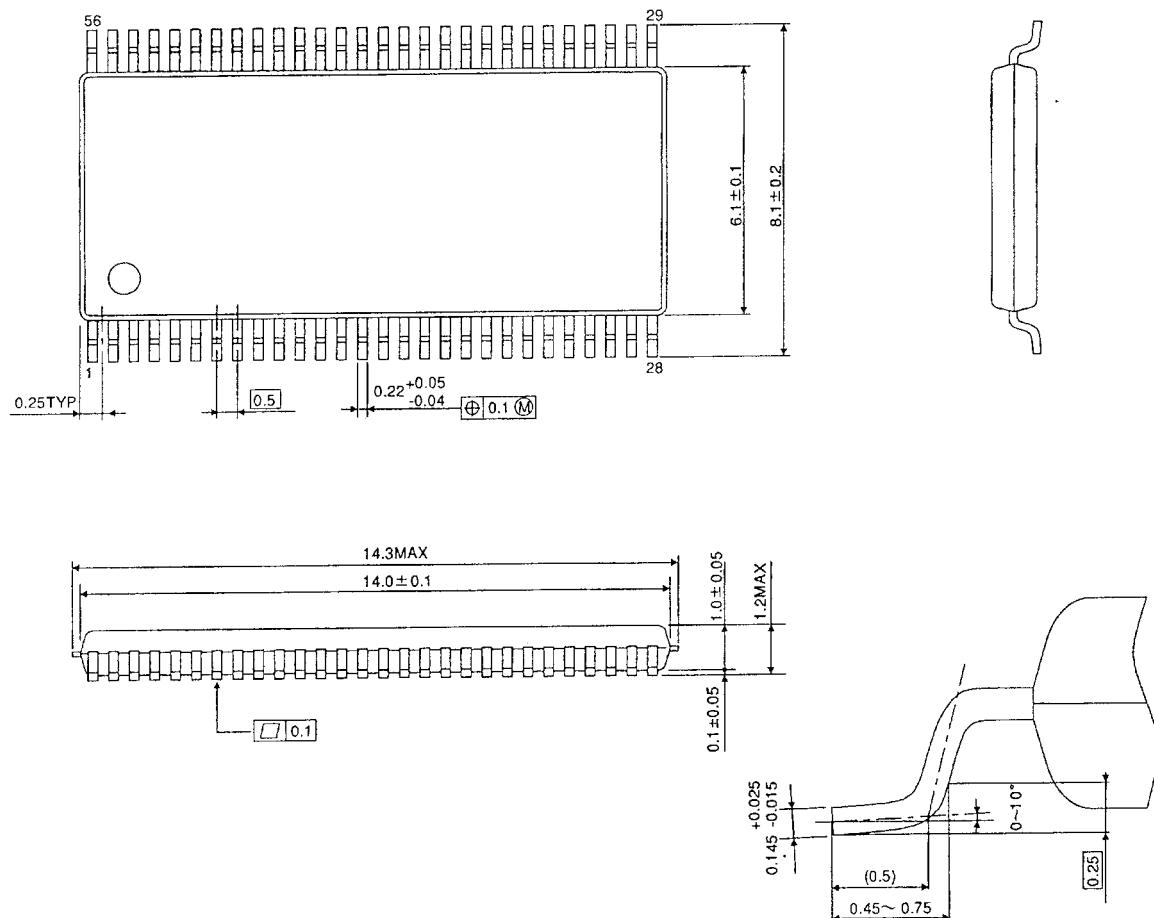
Figure 4  $t_{pLH}$ ,  $t_{pHL}$ ,  $t_w$ ,  $t_s$ ,  $t_h$ Figure 5  $t_{pLZ}$ ,  $t_{pHZ}$ ,  $t_{pZL}$ ,  $t_{pZH}$ 

Symbol	$V_{CC}$		
	$3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	$2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	$1.8 \text{ V}$
$V_{IH}$	$2.7 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC}$	$V_{CC}$
$V_M$	$1.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC}/2$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_X$	$V_{OL} + 0.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$
$V_Y$	$V_{OH} - 0.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}$

**Package Dimensions**

TSSOP56-P-0061-0.50

Unit : mm



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

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