

TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TC74VCX16646FT

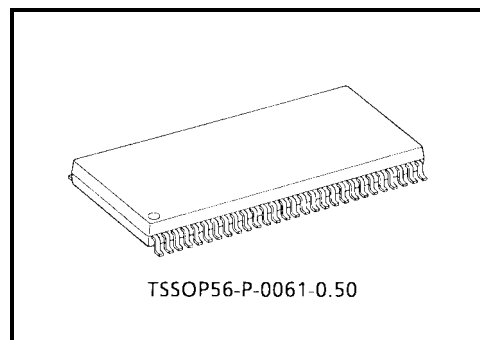
Low-Voltage 16-Bit Bus Transceiver/Register with 3.6-V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

The TC74VCX16646FT is a high-performance CMOS 16-bit bus transceiver/register. Designed for use in 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

It is also designed with overvoltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to 3.6 V.

This device is bus transceiver with 3-state outputs, D-type flip-flops, and control circuitry arranged for multiplexed transmission of data directly from the internal registers.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

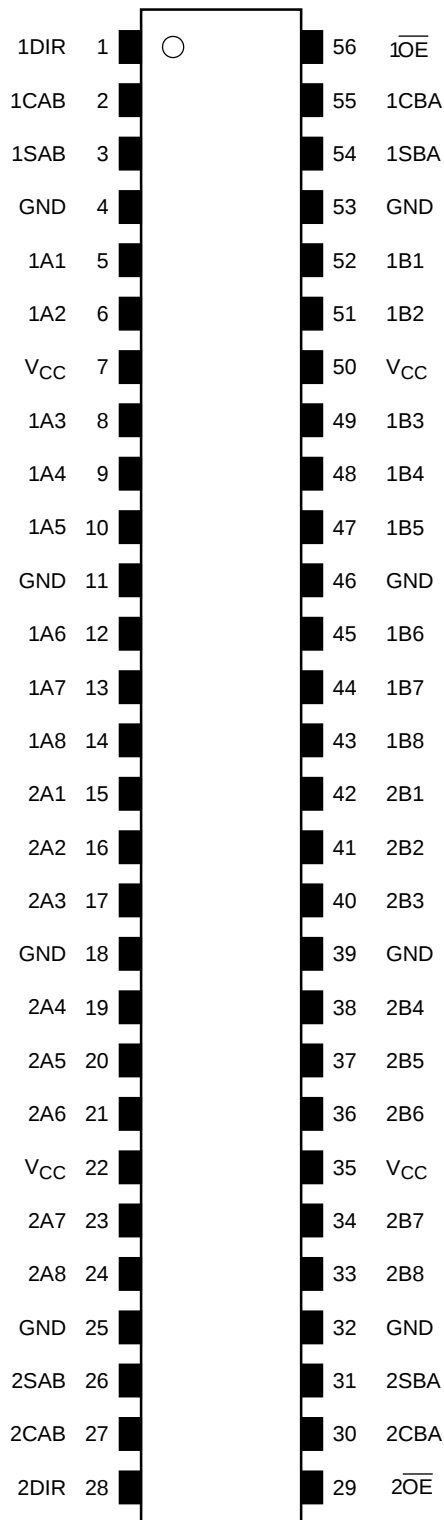
Features

- Low-voltage operation: $V_{CC} = 1.8$ to 3.6 V
- High-speed operation: $t_{pd} = 2.9$ ns (max) ($V_{CC} = 3.0$ to 3.6 V)
: $t_{pd} = 3.5$ ns (max) ($V_{CC} = 2.3$ to 2.7 V)
: $t_{pd} = 7.0$ ns (max) ($V_{CC} = 1.8$ V)
- Output current: $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 24$ mA (min) ($V_{CC} = 3.0$ V)
: $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 18$ mA (min) ($V_{CC} = 2.3$ V)
: $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 6$ mA (min) ($V_{CC} = 1.8$ V)
- Latch-up performance: ± 300 mA
- ESD performance: Machine model $> \pm 200$ V
: Human body model $> \pm 2000$ V
- Package: TSSOP (thin shrink small outline package)
- Bidirectional interface between 2.5 V and 3.3 V signals.
- 3.6-V tolerant function and power-down protection provided on all inputs and outputs

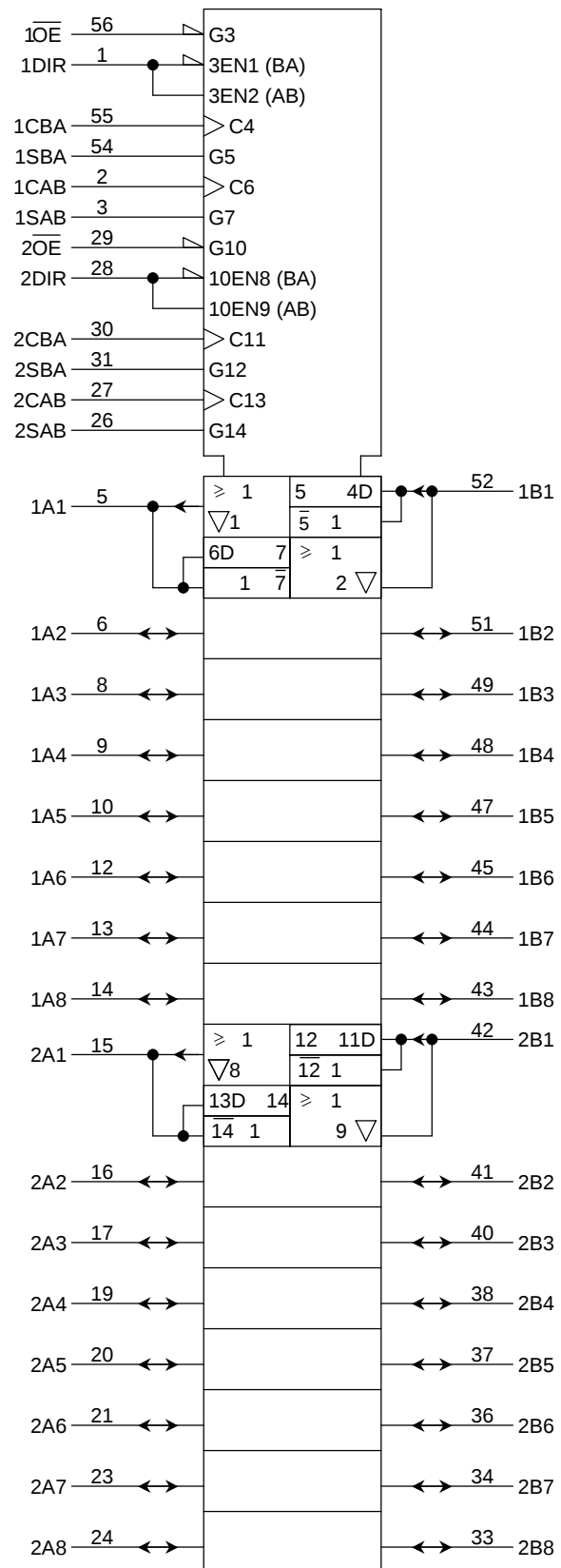
Note 1: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.

All floating (high impedance) bus pins must have their input level fixed by means of pull-up or pull-down resistors.

Pin Assignment (top view)



IEC Logic Symbol



Truth Table

Control Inputs						Bus		Function
$\overline{OE}$	DIR	CAB	CBA	SAB	SBA	A	B	
H	X	X*	X*	X	X	Input	Input	The output functions of A and B Busses are disabled.
				X	X	Z	Z	Both A and B Busses are used as inputs to the internal flip-flops. Data on the Bus will be stored on the rising edge of the Clock.
L	H	X*	X*	L	X	Input	Output	The data on the A bus are displayed on the B bus.
						L	L	
						H	H	
			X*	L	X	L	L	The data on the A bus are displayed on the B Bus, and are stored into the A storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CAB.
						H	H	
		X*	X*	H	X	X	Qn	The data in the A storage flip-flops are displayed on the B Bus.
L	L		X*	H	X	L	L	The data on the A Bus are stored into the A storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CAB, and the stored data propagate directly onto the B Bus.
						H	H	
		X*	X*	X	L	Output	Input	The data on the B Bus are displayed on the A bus.
						L	L	
						H	H	
		X*		X	L	L	L	The data on the B Bus are displayed on the A Bus, and are stored into the B storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CBA.
						H	H	
L	L	X*	X*	X	H	Qn	X	The data in the B storage flip-flops are displayed on the A Bus.
		X*		X	H	L	L	The data on the B Bus are stored into the B storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CBA, and the stored data propagate directly onto the A Bus.
						H	H	
		X*		X	H			

X: Don't care

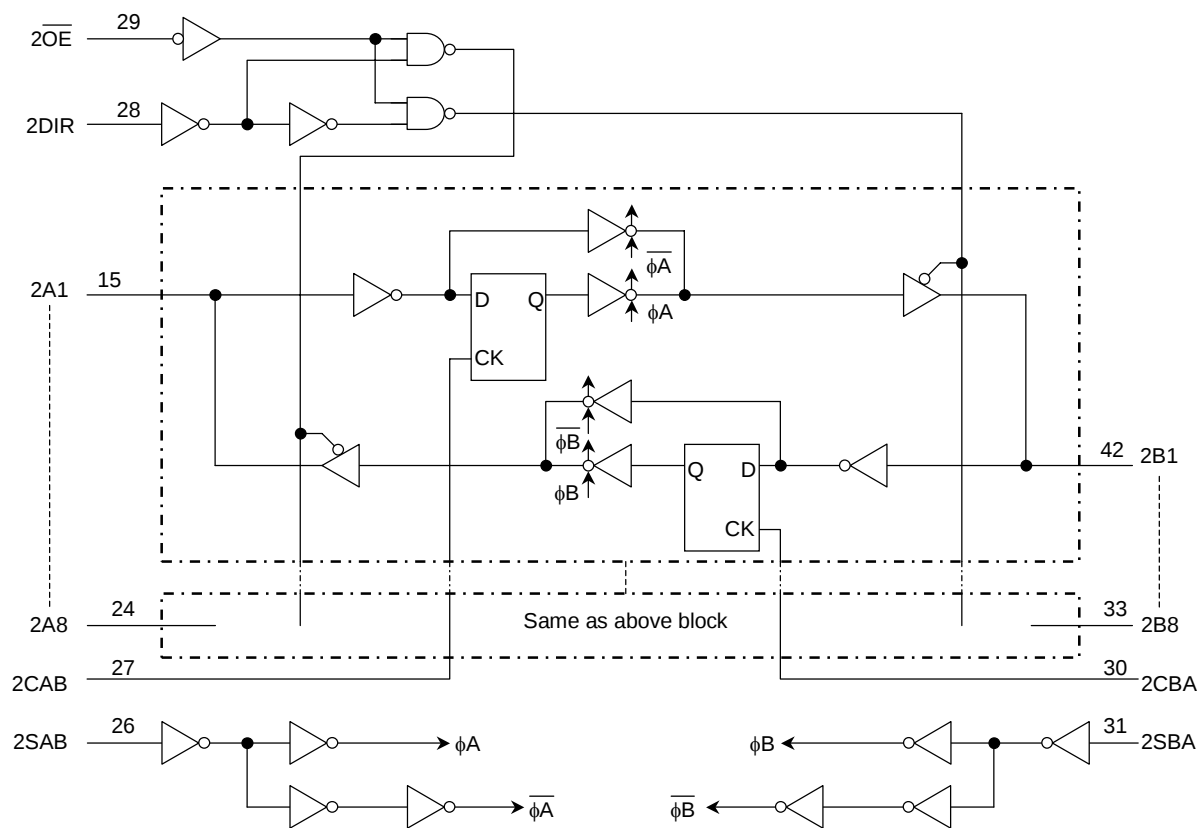
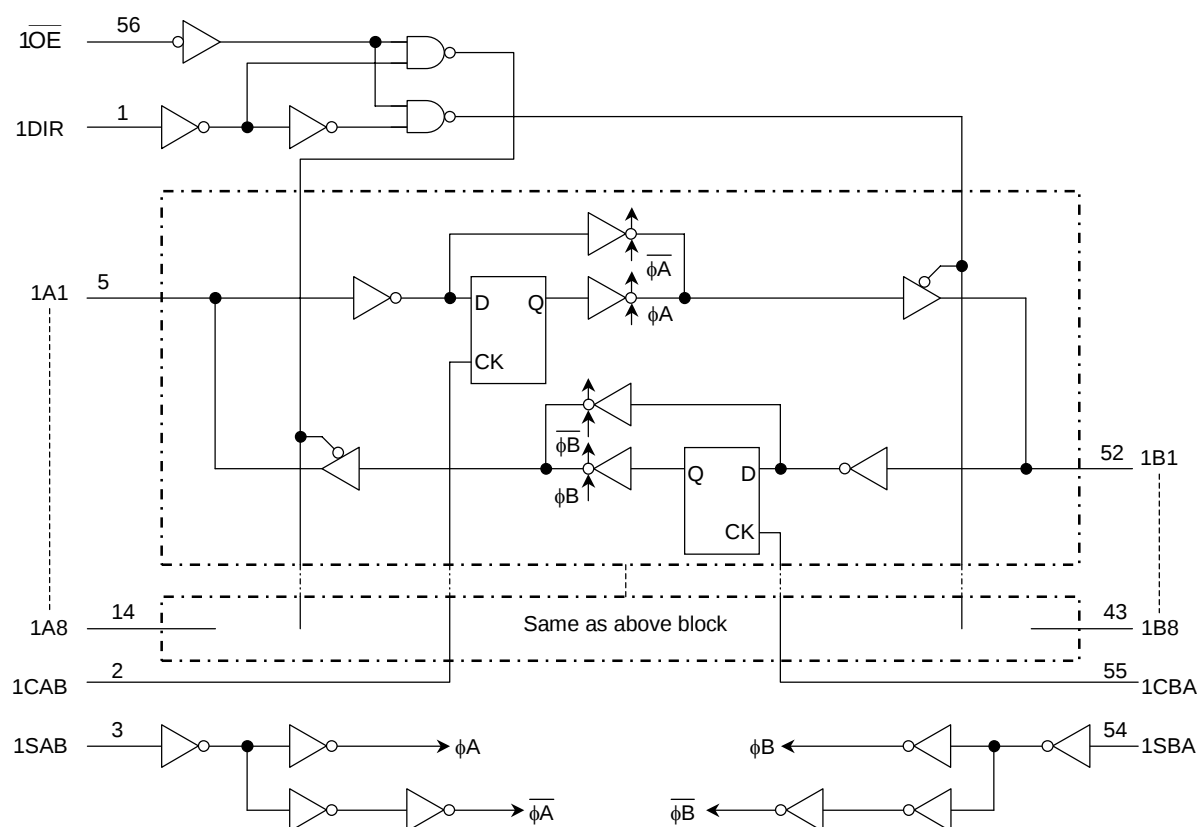
Z: High impedance

Qn: The data stored into the internal flip-flops by most recent low to high transition of the clock inputs.

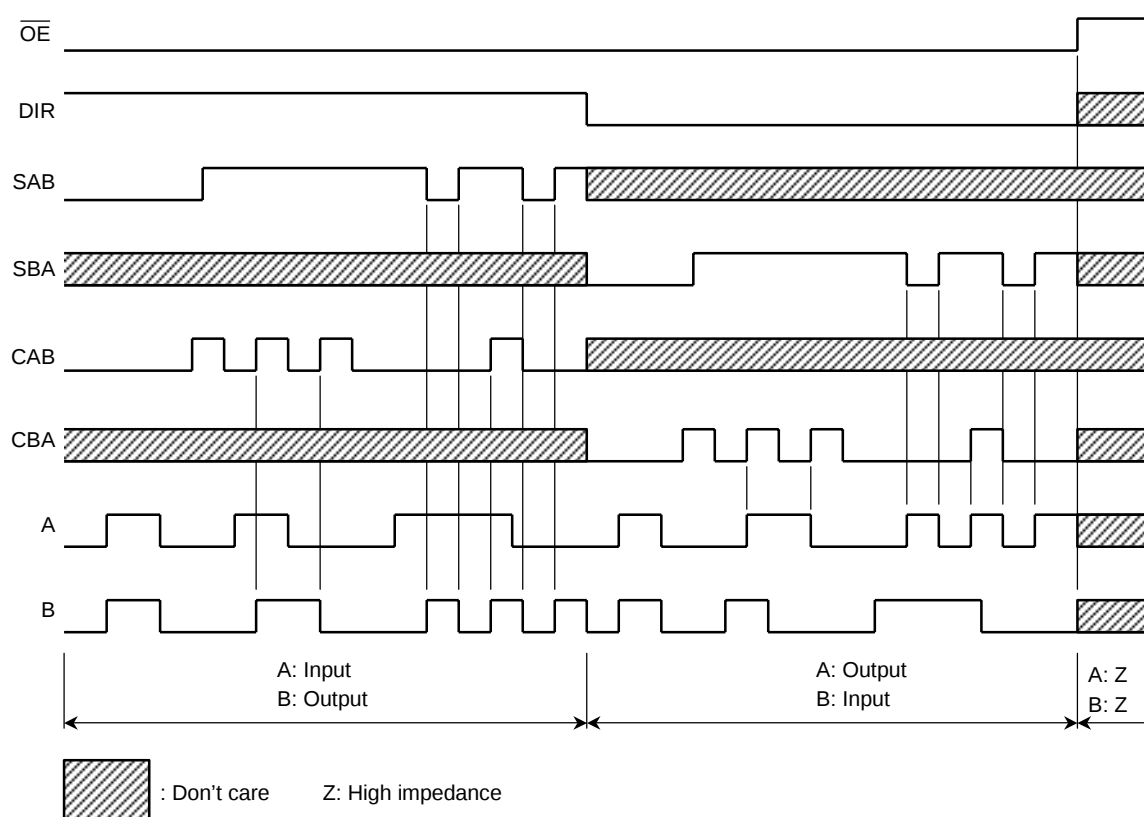
*: The clocks are not internally with either $\overline{OE}$ or DIR.

Therefore, data on the A and/or B busses may be clocked into the storage flip-flops at any time.

System Diagram



Timing Chart



Maximum Ratings

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}	-0.5 to 4.6	V
DC input voltage (DIR, $\overline{OE}$, CAB, CBA, SAB, SBA)	V_{IN}	-0.5 to 4.6	V
DC bus I/O voltage	$V_{I/O}$	-0.5 to 4.6 (Note 2)	V
		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ (Note 3)	
Input diode current	I_{IK}	-50	mA
Output diode current	I_{OK}	± 50 (Note 4)	mA
DC output current	I_{OUT}	± 50	mA
Power dissipation	P_D	400	mW
DC V_{CC} /ground current per supply pin	I_{CC}/I_{GND}	± 100	mA
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 to 150	°C

Note 2: OFF state

 Note 3: High or low state. I_{OUT} absolute maximum rating must be observed.

 Note 4: $V_{OUT} < GND$, $V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$
Recommended Operating Range

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}	1.8 to 3.6	V
		1.2 to 3.6 (Note 5)	
Input voltage (DIR, $\overline{OE}$, CAB, CBA, SAB, SBA)	V_{IN}	-0.3 to 3.6	V
Bus I/O voltage	$V_{I/O}$	0 to 3.6 (Note 6)	V
		0 to V_{CC} (Note 7)	
Output current	I_{OH}/I_{OL}	± 24 (Note 8)	mA
		± 18 (Note 9)	
		± 6 (Note 10)	
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0 to 10 (Note 11)	ns/V

Note 5: Data retention only

Note 6: OFF state

Note 7: High or low state

 Note 8: $V_{CC} = 3.0$ to 3.6 V

 Note 9: $V_{CC} = 2.3$ to 2.7 V

 Note 10: $V_{CC} = 1.8$ V

 Note 11: $V_{IN} = 0.8$ to 2.0 V, $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V

Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics ($T_a = -40$ to 85°C , $2.7\text{ V} < V_{CC} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		Min	Max	Unit	
				V _{CC} (V)				
Input voltage	H-level	V _{IH}	—		2.7 to 3.6	2.0	—	V
	L-level	V _{IL}	—		2.7 to 3.6	—	0.8	
Output voltage	H-level	V _{OH}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OH} = −100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	V _{CC} − 0.2	—	V
				I _{OH} = −12 mA	2.7	2.2	—	
				I _{OH} = −18 mA	3.0	2.4	—	
				I _{OH} = −24 mA	3.0	2.2	—	
	L-level	V _{OL}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OL} = 100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	—	0.2	
				I _{OL} = 12 mA	2.7	—	0.4	
				I _{OL} = 18 mA	3.0	—	0.4	
				I _{OL} = 24 mA	3.0	—	0.55	
Input leakage current		I _{IN}	V _{IN} = 0 to 3.6 V	2.7 to 3.6	—	±5.0	μA	
3-state output OFF state current		I _{OZ}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} V _{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V	2.7 to 3.6	—	±10.0	μA	
Power-off leakage current		I _{OFF}	V _{IN} , V _{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V	0	—	10.0	μA	
Quiescent supply current		I _{CC}	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND	2.7 to 3.6	—	20.0	μA	
			V _{CC} ≤ (V _{IN} , V _{OUT}) ≤ 3.6 V	2.7 to 3.6	—	±20.0		
Increase in I _{CC} per input		ΔI _{CC}	V _{IH} = V _{CC} − 0.6 V	2.7 to 3.6	—	750		

DC Characteristics ($T_a = -40$ to 85°C , $2.3\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition			Min	Max	Unit
					V _{CC} (V)			
Input voltage	H-level	V _{IH}	—		2.3 to 2.7	1.6	—	V
	L-level	V _{IL}	—		2.3 to 2.7	—	0.7	
Output voltage	H-level	V _{OH}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OH} = -100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	V _{CC} - 0.2	—	V
				I _{OH} = -6 mA	2.3	2.0	—	
				I _{OH} = -12 mA	2.3	1.8	—	
				I _{OH} = -18 mA	2.3	1.7	—	
	L-level	V _{OL}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OL} = 100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	—	0.2	
				I _{OL} = 12 mA	2.3	—	0.4	
				I _{OL} = 18 mA	2.3	—	0.6	
Input leakage current		I _{IN}	V _{IN} = 0 to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF state current		I _{OZ}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} V _{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage current		I _{OFF}	V _{IN} , V _{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I _{CC}	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		2.3 to 2.7	—	20.0	μA
			V _{CC} ≤ (V _{IN} , V _{OUT}) ≤ 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±20.0	

DC Characteristics ($T_a = -40$ to 85°C , $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.3\text{ V}$)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V _{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V _{IH}	—		1.8 to 2.3	0.7 × V _{CC}	—	V
	L-level	V _{IL}	—		1.8 to 2.3	—	0.2 × V _{CC}	
Output voltage	H-level	V _{OH}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OH} = −100 μA	1.8	V _{CC} − 0.2	—	V
				I _{OH} = −6 mA	1.8	1.4	—	
	L-level	V _{OL}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OL} = 100 μA	1.8	—	0.2	
				I _{OL} = 6 mA	1.8	—	0.3	
Input leakage current		I _{IN}	V _{IN} = 0 to 3.6 V		1.8	—	±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF state current		I _{OZ}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} V _{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		1.8	—	±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage current		I _{OFF}	V _{IN} , V _{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I _{CC}	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		1.8	—	20.0	μA
			V _{CC} ≤ (V _{IN} , V _{OUT}) ≤ 3.6 V		1.8	—	±20.0	

AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0$ ns, $C_L = 30$ pF, $R_L = 500$ Ω)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V _{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Maximum clock frequency	$f_{\max}$	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	100	—	MHz
			2.5 ± 0.2	200	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	250	—	
Propagation delay time (An, Bn-Bn, An)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.8	1.5	7.0	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	3.5	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	2.9	
Propagation delay time (CAB, CBA-Bn, An)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	1.5	8.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	4.4	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	3.2	
Propagation delay time (SAB, SBA-Bn, An)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.8	1.5	8.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	4.4	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	3.5	
Output enable time ($\overline{OE}$, DIR-An, Bn)	t_{pZL} t_{pZH}	Figure 1, Figure 4, Figure 5	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	4.9	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	3.8	
Output disable time ($\overline{OE}$, DIR-An, Bn)	t_{pLZ} t_{pHZ}	Figure 1, Figure 4, Figure 5	1.8	1.5	7.6	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	4.2	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	3.7	
Minimum pulse width	t_w (H) t_w (L)	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	4.0	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	—	
Minimum setup time	t_s	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	2.5	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	—	
Minimum hold time	t_h	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	1.0	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.0	—	
Output to output skew	t_{osLH} t_{osHL}	(Note 12)	1.8	—	0.5	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	—	0.5	
			3.3 ± 0.3	—	0.5	

For $C_L = 50$ pF, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 12: Parameter guaranteed by design.

$$(t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$$

Dynamic Switching Characteristics
(Ta = 25°C, input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0$ ns, $C_L = 30$ pF, $R_L = 500 \Omega$)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V _{CC} (V)	Typ.	Unit
Quiet output maximum dynamic V _{OL}	V _{OLP}	V _{IH} = 1.8 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	1.8	0.25	V
		V _{IH} = 2.5 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	2.5	0.6	
		V _{IH} = 3.3 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	3.3	0.8	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V _{OL}	V _{OLV}	V _{IH} = 1.8 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	1.8	-0.25	V
		V _{IH} = 2.5 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	2.5	-0.6	
		V _{IH} = 3.3 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	3.3	-0.8	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V _{OH}	V _{OHV}	V _{IH} = 1.8 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	1.8	1.5	V
		V _{IH} = 2.5 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	2.5	1.9	
		V _{IH} = 3.3 V, V _{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	3.3	2.2	

Note 13: Parameter guaranteed by design.

Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V _{CC} (V)	Typ.	Unit
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	(DIR, $\overline{\text{OE}}$, CAB, CBA, SAB, SBA)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	pF
Bus I/O capacitance	C _{I/O}	—	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C _{PD}	f _{IN} = 10 MHz (Note 14)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	pF

 Note 14: C_{PD} is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC}(\text{opr}) = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/16 \text{ (per bit)}$$

AC Test Circuit

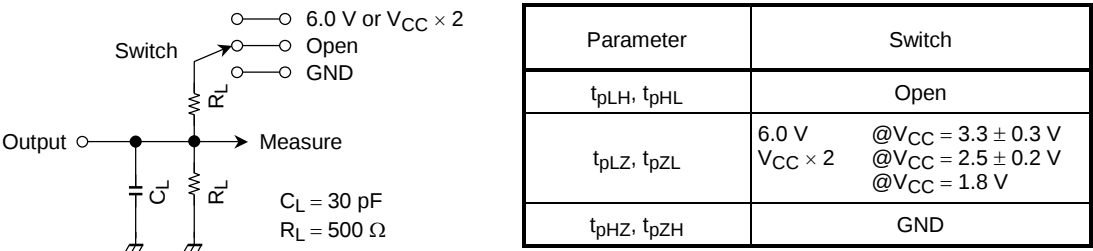


Figure 1

AC Waveform

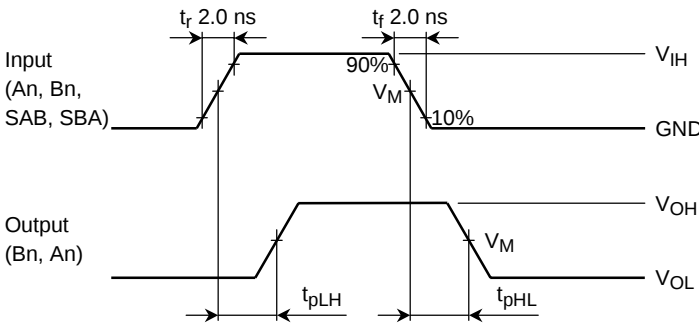


Figure 2 t_{pLH} , t_{pHL}

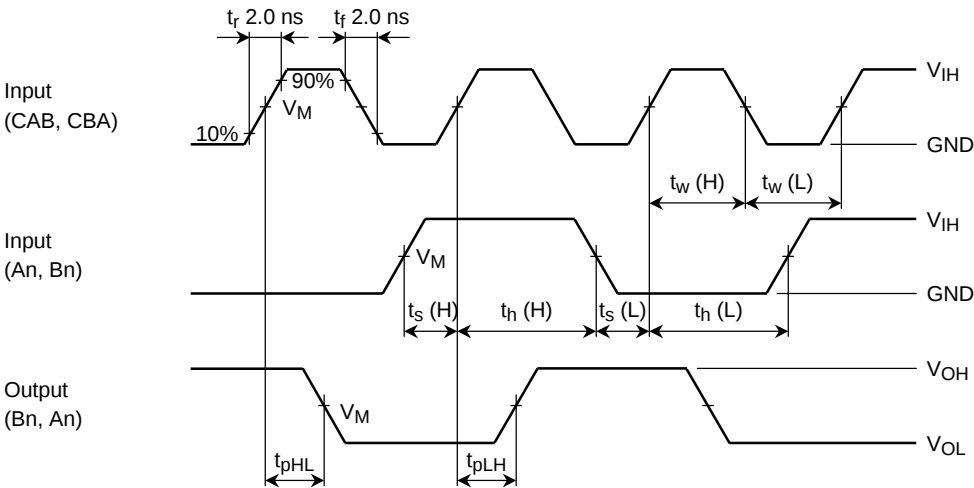


Figure 3 t_{pLH} , t_{pHL} , t_w , t_s , t_h

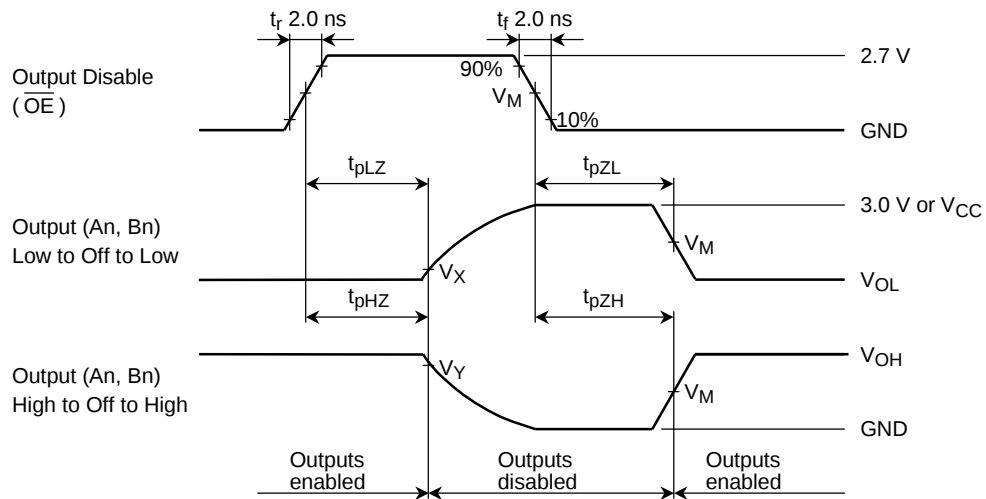


Figure 4 t_{pLZ} , t_{pH} , t_{pZ} , t_{pZH}

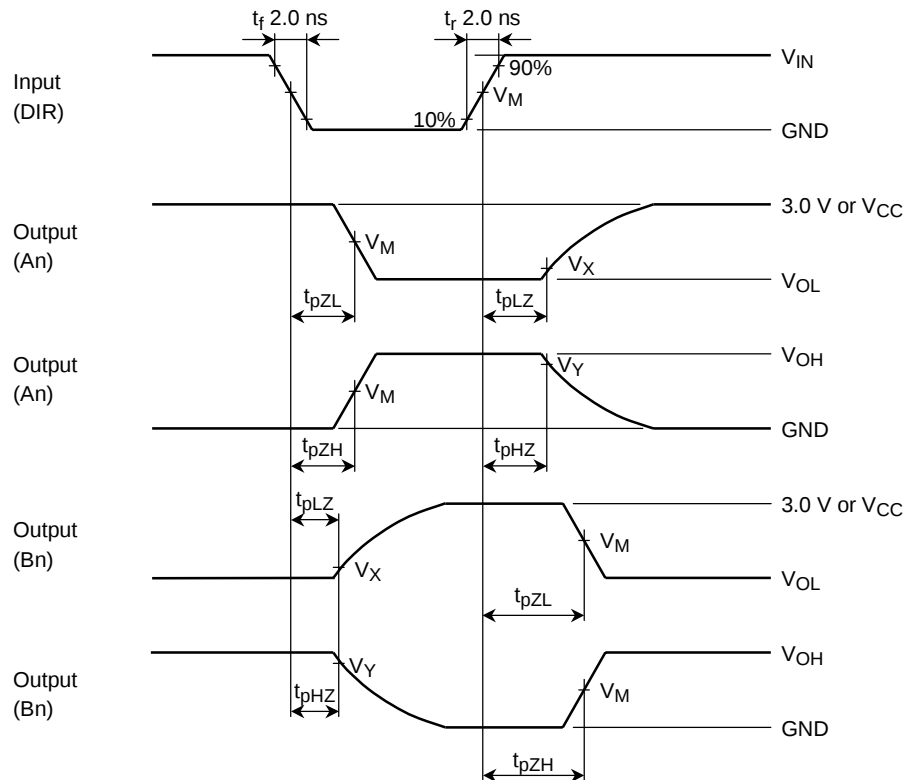


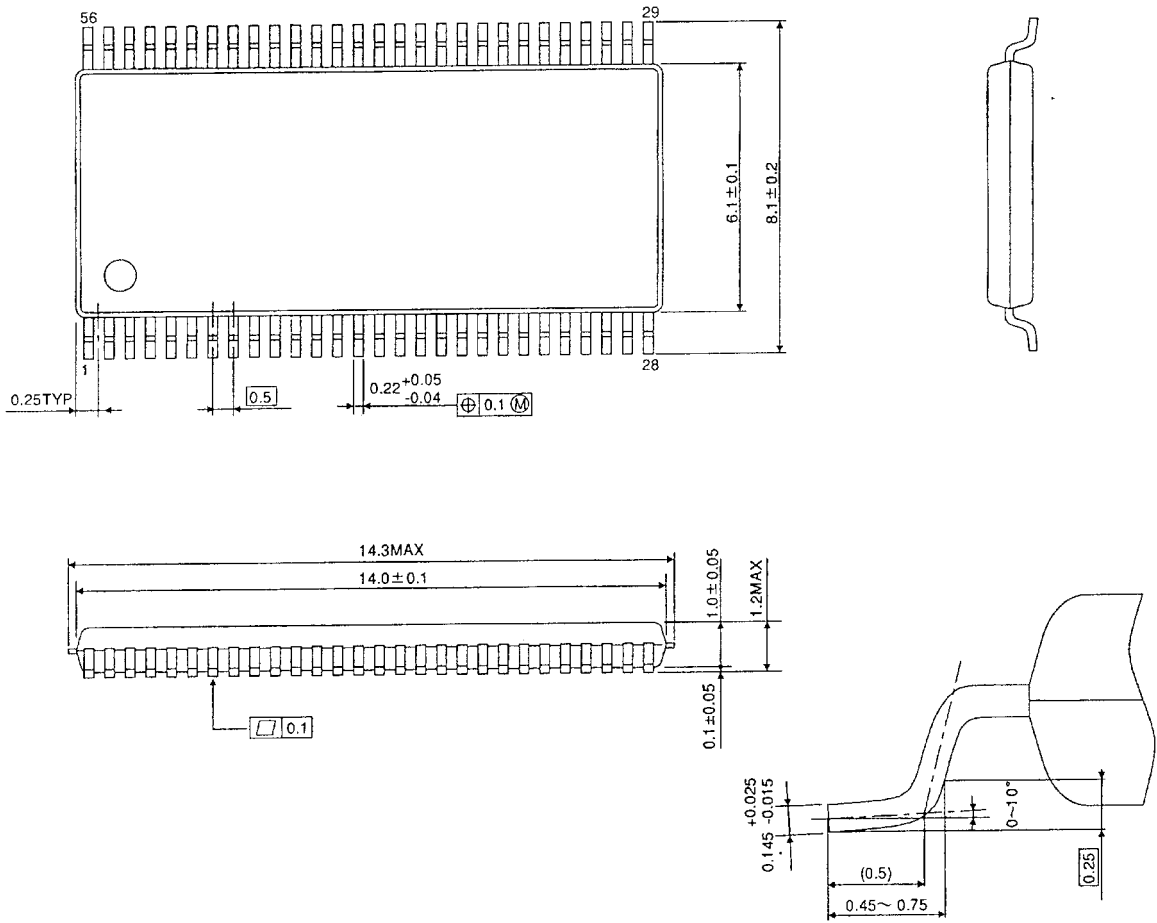
Figure 5 t_{pLZ} , t_{pH} , t_{pZ} , t_{pZH}

Symbol	V_{CC}		
	$3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	$2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	1.8 V
V_{IH}	2.7 V	V_{CC}	V_{CC}
V_M	1.5 V	$V_{CC}/2$	$V_{CC}/2$
V_X	$V_{OL} + 0.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$
V_Y	$V_{OH} - 0.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}$

Package Dimensions

TSSOP56-P-0061-0.50

Unit : mm



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

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000707EBA

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