

SANYO Semiconductors DATA SHEET

An ON Semiconductor Company

STK433-040N-E Thick-Film Hybrid IC 2channel class-AB Audio Power IC 40W+40W

Overview

The STK433-040N-E is a hybrid IC designed to be used in 40W × 2ch class AB audio power amplifiers.

Application

Audio Power amplifiers

Features

- Pin-to-pin compatible outputs ranging from 40W to 150W.
- Output load impedance: $R_{\rm L} = 6\Omega$ recommended.
- Allows the use of predesigned applications for standby and mute circuit.

• Miniature package.

Allowable load shorted time: 0.3 second

Series model

	STK433-040N-E	STK433-060N-E	STK433-130N-E	STK433-330N-E
Output1 (10%/1kHz)	$40W \times 2ch$	50W × 2ch	150W × 2ch	150W × 3ch
Output2 (0.4%/20Hz to 20kHz)	$25W \times 2ch$	35W × 2ch	100W × 2ch	$100W \times 3\text{ch}$
Max. rating V _{CC} (quiescent)	±38V	±46V	±71.5V	±71.5V
Max. rating V _{CC} (6Ω)	±36V	±40V	±63V	±63V
Recommended operating V_{CC} (6 Ω)	±24V	±27V	±44V	±44V
Dimensions (excluding pin height)	47.0mm×25.	6mm×9.0mm	67.0mm×25.6mm×9.0mm	64.0mm×36.6mm×9.0mm

	STK433-840N-E	STK433-870N-E	STK433-890N-E		
Output1 (10%/1kHz)	$40W \times 4ch$	60W × 4ch	80W × 4ch		
Output2 (0.4%/20Hz to 20kHz)	25W × 4ch	40W × 4ch	50W × 4ch		
Max. rating V _{CC} (quiescent)	±38V	±50V	±54V		
Max. rating V_{CC} (6 Ω)	±36V	±44V	±47V		
Recommended operating V_{CC} (6 Ω)	±25V	±30V	±34V		
Dimensions (excluding pin height)	64.0mm×31.	78.0mm×44.1mm×9.0mm			

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Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C, Tc = 25°C unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum power supply voltage	V _{CC} max (0)	Non- signal	±38	V
	V _{CC} max (1)	Signal, $R_L \ge 6\Omega$	±36	V
	V _{CC} max (2)	Signal, $R_L \ge 4\Omega$	±30	V
Minimum operation supply voltage	V _{CC} min		±10	V
#13 Operating voltage *5	VST OFF max	#13 voltage	-0.3 to +5.5	V
Thermal resistance	θј-с	Per one power transistor	4.2	°C/W
Junction temperature	Tj max	Should satisfy Tj max and Tc max	150	°C
Operating substrate temperature	Tc max		125	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-30 to +125	°C
Allowable time for load short-circuit *4	ts	V_{CC} = ±24V, R_L = 6Ω , f = 50Hz P_O = 25W, 1ch drive	0.3	s

Operating Characteristics at Tc = 25°C, R_I = 6Ω (Non-inductive Load), Rg = 600Ω , VG = 30dB

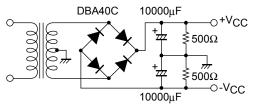
				С	onditions *							
Parameter		Symbol	V _{CC} [V]	f [Hz]	P _O [W]	THD [%]		min	typ	max	Unit	
Output power	*1	P _O 1	±24	20 to 20k		0.4		23	25			
		P _O 2	±24	1k		10			40		W	
		P _O 3	±20	1k		1	R _L =4Ω		25			
Total harmonic distortion	*1	THD 1	±24	20 to 20k			\ (C			0.4	24	
		THD 2	±24	1k	5.0		VG=30dB		0.02		%	
Frequency characteristics	*1	fL, fH	±24		1.0		+0 -3dB		20 to 50k	Hz		
Input impedance		ri	±24	1k	1.0				55		kΩ	
Output noise voltage	*3	V _{NO}	±29				Rg=2.2kΩ			1.0	mVrms	
Quiescent current		Icco	±29				No load	15	30	70	mA	
Quiescent current at stand-	by	ICST	±29							1.0	mA	
Output neutral voltage		V _N	±29					-70	0	+70	mV	
#13 Stand-by ON threshold	*5	VST ON	±24				Stand-by		0	0.6	V	
#13 Stand-by OFF threshold	d *5	VST OFF	±24				Operation	2.5	3.0	5.5	V	

Note

- *1. 1channel operation.
- *2. All tests are measured using a constant-voltage supply unless otherwise specified
- *3. The output noise voltage is peak value of an average-reading meter with a rms value scale (VTVM). A regulated AC supply (50Hz) should be used to eliminate the effects of AC primary line flicker noise
- *4. Allowable time for load short-circuit and output noise voltage are measured using the specified transformer power supply.
- *5. Please connect PreVcc pin (#1 pin) with the stable minimum voltage. and connect so that current does not flow in by reverse bias.
- *6. In case of heat sink design, we request customer to design in the condition to have assumed market.
- * The case of this Hybrid-IC is using thermosetting silicon adhesive (TSE322SX).
- * Weight of HIC: (typ) 12.0g

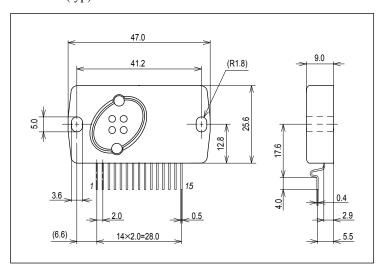
Outer carton dimensions (W×L×H): 452mm×325mm×192mm

Specified transformer power supply (Equivalent to MG-200)



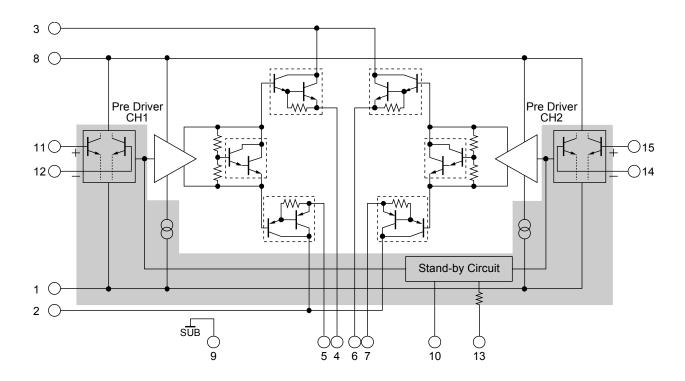
Package Dimensions

unit: mm (typ)

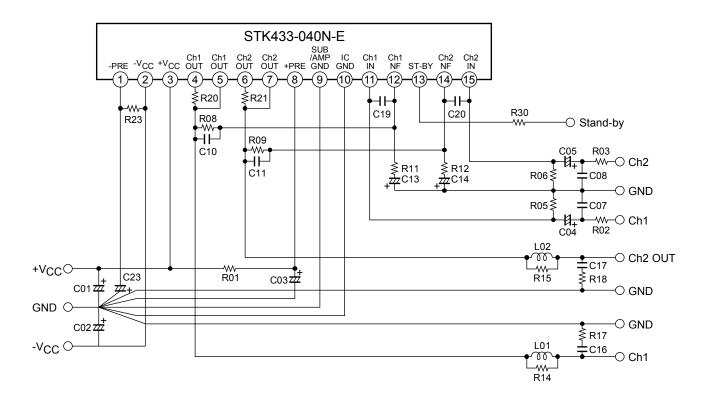


RoHS directive pass

Equivalent Circuit

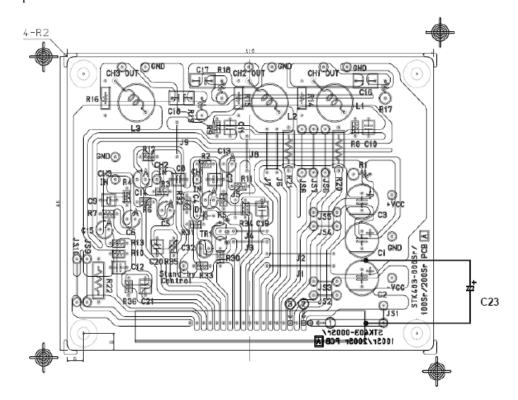


Application Circuit



PCB Layout Example

Top view



STK433-040N-E

STK433-040N-E/060N-E/130N-E/330N-E PCB PARTS LIST

PCB Name: STK403-000Sr/100Sr/200Sr PCBA

Locati	on No.											
	doesn't mount f().	RATING	Component									
				STK433-								
Hybrid IC#1 Pin Positi	on	-	040N-E	060N-E	130N-E/ 330N-E							
R01		100Ω, 1W	0									
R02, R03, (R04)		1kΩ, 1/6W	0									
R05, R06, (R07), R08	, R09, (R10)	56KΩ, 1/6W										
R11, R12, (R13)		1.8KΩ, 1/6W										
R14, R15, (R16)		4.7Ω, 1/4W		0								
R17, R18, (R19)		4.7Ω, 1W		0								
R20, R21, (R22)		0.22Ω, 5W	0									
C01, C02, C03, C23	(*3)	100μF, 100V	0									
C04, C05, (C06)		2.2μF, 50V		○ (*1)								
C07, C08, (C09)		470pF, 50V		0								
C10, C11, (C12)		3pF, 50V		0								
C13, C14, (C15)		10μF, 10V		○ (*1)								
C16, C17, (C18)		0.1μF, 50V	0									
C19, C20, (C21)		***pF, 50V	100pF	56pF	N.C.							
R34, R35, (R36)		3kΩ, 1/6W		Short								
L01, L02, (L03)		3μΗ		0								
	Tr1	VCE ≥ 75V, IC ≥ 1mA		0								
	D1	Di		0								
Stand-By	R30 (*4)	***kΩ, 1/6W		○ (*4)								
Control	R31	33kΩ, 1/6W		0								
Circuit	R32	1kΩ, 1/6W		0								
	R33	2kΩ, 1/6W		0								
	C32	33μF, 10V		0								
J1, J2, J3, J4, J5, J6,	J8, J9	-		0								
J7, JS2, JS3, JS4, JS JS8, JS9	5, JS7	-										
JS6, JS10		-		0								
JS1 (R23)		100Ω, 1W		0								

^(*1) Capacitor mark "A" side is " - " (negative).

^(*2) STK433-040N-E/060N-E/130N-E (2ch Amp) doesn't mount parts of ()

^(*3) Add parts C23 to the other side of PCB.

^(*4) Recommended standby circuit is used.

STK433-040N-E

Recommended external components

STK433-040N-E/060N-E/130N-E/330N-E

	,	- v- (— v = v- (—		
Parts	Recommended	O'm 'Y a man	Above	Below
Location	value	Circuit purpose	Recommended value	Recommended value
R01, R23	100Ω/1W	Resistance for Ripple filter. (Fuse resistance is recommended.	Short-through current	Short-through current
		Ripple filter is constituted with C03, C23.)	may decrease at	may increase at high
			high frequency.	frequency.
R02, R03, R04	1kΩ	Resistance for input filters.	-	=
R05, R06, R07	56kΩ	Input impedance is determined.	Output neutral voltage(VN) shift.
			(It is referred that R05=	R08, R06=R09)
R08, R09, R10	56kΩ	Voltage Gain (VG) is determined with R11, R12, R13	-	=
R11, R12, R13	1.8kΩ	Voltage Gain (VG) is determined with R8, R9, R10	It may oscillate.	With especially no
		(As for VG, it is desirable to set up by R11, R12, R13)	(Vg < 30dB)	problem
R14, R15, R16	4.7Ω	Resistance for oscillation prevention.	-	-
R17, R18, R19	4.7Ω/1W	Resistance for oscillation prevention.	-	=
R20, R21, R22	0.22Ω/2W	This resistance is used as detection resistance of the protection	Decrease of	
		circuit application.	Maximum output	It may cause thermal
			Power	runaway
R30	Note *5	Select Restriction resistance, for the impression voltage of '#17	(Stand-By) pin' must no	t exceed the maximum
		rating.		
C01, C02	100μF/50V	Capacitor for oscillation prevention.		
		Locate near the HIC as much as possible.		
		Power supply impedance is lowered and stable operation of	-	-
		the IC is carried out. (Electrolytic capacitor is recommended.)		
C03, C23	100μF/50V	Decoupling capacitor	The change in the Ripp	le ingredient mixed in
		The Ripple ingredient mixed in an input side Is removed from a	an input side from a por	wer supply line
		power supply line. (Ripple filter is constituted with R01, R23.)		
C04, C05, C06	2.2μF/50V	Input coupling capacitor.(for DC current prevention.)		-
C07, C08, C09	470pF	Input filter capacitor		
		A high frequency noise is reduced with the filter constituted by		-
		R02, R03, R04		
C10, C11, C12	3pF	Capacitor for oscillation prevention.	It may oscillate.	
C13, C14, C15	10μF/10V	Negative feedback capacitor.	The voltage gain (VG)	The voltage gain (VG)
		The cutoff frequency of a low cycle changes.	of low frequency is	of low frequency
		$(fL = 1/(2\pi \cdot C13 \cdot R11))$	extended. However,	decreases.
			the pop noise at the	
			time of a power	
			supply injection also	
			becomes large.	
C16, C17, C18	0.1μF	Capacitor for oscillation prevention.	It may oscillate.	
C19, C20, C21	100pF (040N-E)	Capacitor for oscillation prevention.	It may oscillate.	
	56pF (060N-E)			
	N.C. (130N-E,			
	330N-E)			
L01, L02, L03	3μΗ	Coil for oscillation prevention.	With especially	It may oscillate.
			no problem	

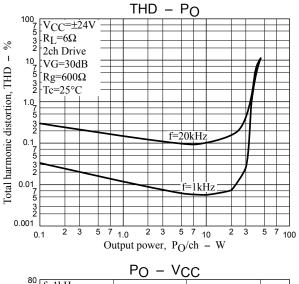
STK433-040N-E

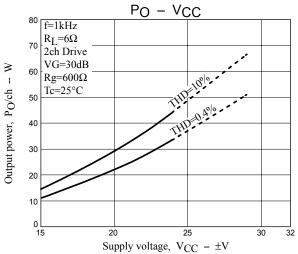
D111135 00011/ 10011/ 500	1 491	1 111	Luy	outj															
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15				
(Size) 47.0mm×25.6mm×9.0mm						2c	h clas	sAB/	2.00r	nm									
STK433-040N 40W/JEITA	-	-	+	0	0	0	0	+			I	N	S	N	Ι				
STK433-060N 50W/JEITA	Р	٧	٧	U	U	U	U	Р	S	G	N	F	Т	F	N				
	R	С	С	Т	Т	Т	Т	R	U	N	1	1	Α	1	/				
	Е	С	С	/	/	/	/	Е	В	D	C	C	N	C	C				
(Size) 67.0mm×25.6mm×9.0mm				C H	С	С	С				H 1	H 1	D I	H 2	H 2				
STK433-130N 150W/JEITA				1	1	2	2				'	'	B	_	_				
				+	-	+	-						Y						
					_	_	_	_		40		40	40		4-	40		T 40	40
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
(Size) 64.0mm×36.6mm×9.0mm								3с	n clas	sAB/	2.00r	nm							
STK433-330N 150W/JEITA	-	-	+	0	0	0	0	+			1	Ν	S	N	1	-1	N	0	0
	Р	V	V	U	U	U	U	Р	S	G	N	F	Т	F	N	N	F	U	U
	R	С	С	T	T	T	T	R	U	N	1	/	Α	/	/	/	/	T	T
	E	С	С	/	/ C	C	C /	Е	В	D	С	С	N D	С	C H	С	С	/	C
				C H	Н	Н	Н				H 1	1	U I	н 2	н 2	H 3	3	С	Н
				1	1	2	2				'	'	В		_	3	3	3	3
				+		+	-						Y					+	-

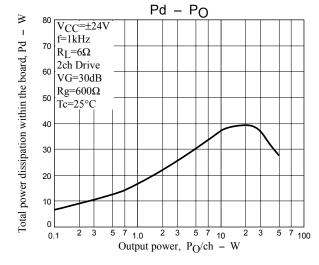
[STK433-000N/-100N/-800Nsr Pin Layout]

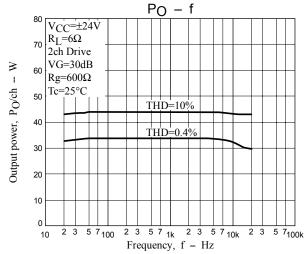
[31K433-000N/-100N/-800	INSI	PIII	Lay	ouij																			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15								
(Size) 47.0mm×25.6mm×9.0mm						2c	h clas	sAB/	2.00r	nm													
STK433-040N 40W/JEITA	-	-	+	0	0	0	0	+			Ι	N	S	N	Ι								
STK433-060N 50W/JEITA	Р	٧	٧	U	U	U	U	Р	S	G	N	F	Т	F	N								
	R	С	С	T	Т	T	Т	R	U	N	1	/	Α	/	1								
	E	С	С	/	/	C /	/	Е	В	D	С	С	N	С	С								
(Size) 67.0mm×25.6mm×9.0mm				С	С	Н	С				H 1	H 1	D 	H 2	H 2								
STK433-130N 150W/JEITA				1	1	2	2					·	В	_	_								
				+	-	+	-						Υ										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
(Size) 64.0mm×31.1mm×9.0mm										4c	h clas	sAB/	2.00r	nm									
STK433-840N 40W/JEITA	-	-	+	0	0	0	0	+			I	Ν	S	N	I	N	I	Ι	N	0	0	0	0
STK433-870N 60W/JEITA	Р	٧	٧	U	U	U	U	Р	S	G	N	F	Т	F	N	F	Ν	N	F	U	U	U	U
	R	С	С	Т	Т	Т	Т	R	U	N	1	1	Α	1	1	1	1	1	1	Т	Т	Т	Т
	E	С	С	1	/	1	1	E	В	D	С	С	N	С	С	С	С	С	С	1	1	/	/
(Size) 78.0mm×44.1mm×9.0mm				С	С	С	С				Н	H	D	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	C	C	С	С
STK433-890N 80W/JEITA	1			H 1	H	H 2	H 2				1	1	В	2	2	3	3	4	4	H 3	H 3	H 4	H 4
S1K433-890N 80W/JEITA	-			+	<u>'</u>	+	_						Y							-	+	-	+
	1			'									'										
	4																						

Characteristic of Evaluation Board









A Thermal Design Tip For STK433-040N-E Amplifier

[Thermal Design Conditions]

The thermal resistance (θ c-a) of the heat-sink which manages the heat dissipation inside the Hybrid IC will be determined as follow:

(Condition 1) The case temperature (Tc) of the Hybrid IC should not exceed 125°C

$$Pd \times \theta c - a + Ta < 125^{\circ}C$$
(1)

Where Ta: the ambient temperature for the system

(Condition 2) The junction temperature of each power transistor should not exceed 150°C

$$Pd \times \theta c-a + Pd/N \times \theta j-c + Ta < 150^{\circ}C$$
 (2)

Where N: the number of transistors (two for 1 channel , ten for channel)

 θ_{j-c} : the thermal resistance of each transistor (see specification)

Note that the power consumption of each power transistor is assumed to be equal to the total power dissipation (Pd) divided by the number of transistors (N).

From the formula (1) and (2), we will obtain:

$$\theta c-a < (125 - Ta)/Pd$$
(1)' $\theta c-a < (150 - Ta)/Pd - \theta j-c/N$ (2)'

The value which satisfies above formula (1)' and (2)' will be the thermal resistance for a desired heat-sink. Note that all of the component except power transistors employed in the Hybrid IC comply with above conditions.

[Example of Thermal Design]

Generally, the power consumption of actual music signals are being estimated by the continuous signal of $1/8 P_{\rm O}$ max. (Note that the value of $1/8 P_{\rm O}$ max may be varied from the country to country.) (Sample of STK433-040N-E; $25W\times2ch$)

If V_{CC} is $\pm 24V$, and R_L is 6Ω , then the total power dissipation (Pd) of inside Hybrid IC is as follow;

Pd = 26W (at 3.13W output power, 1/8 of P_O max)

There are four (4) transistors in Audio Section of this Hybrid IC, and thermal resistance (θ j-c) of each transistor is 4.2°C/W. If the ambient temperature (Ta) is guaranteed for 50°C, then the thermal resistance (θ c-a) of a desired heat-sink should be;

From (1)'
$$\theta c-a < (125 - 50)/26$$

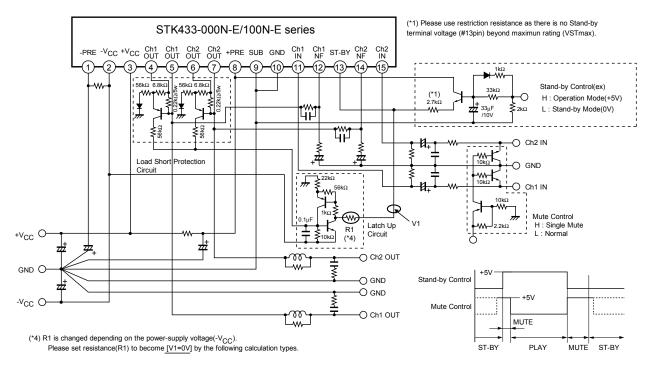
 < 2.88
From (2)' $\theta c-a < (150 - 50)/26 - 4.2/4$
 < 2.79

Therefore, in order to satisfy both (1)' and (2)', the thermal resistance of a desired Heat-sink will be 2.79°C/W.

[Note]

Above are reference only. The samples are operated with a constant power supply. Please verify the conditions when your system is actually implemented.

STK433-000N-E/100N-E series Stand-by Control & Mute Control & Load-Short Protection Application

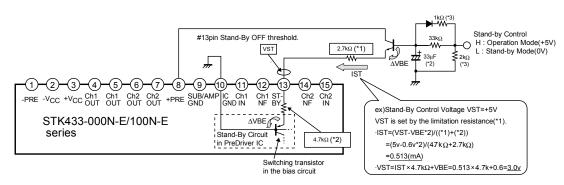


[STK433-000N-E/100N-E series Stand-By Control Example]

[Feature]

- The pop noise which occurs to the time of power supply on/off can be improved substantially by recommendation Stand-By Control Application.
- Stand-By Control can be done by additionally adjusting the limitation resistance to the voltage such as miccom, the set design is easy.

(Reference circuit) STK433-000N-E/100N-E series test circuit To Stand-By Control added +5V.



[Operation explanation] #13pin Stand-By Control Voltage VST

(1) Operation Mode

The switching transistor in the bias circuit turns on and places the amplifier into the operating mode, when 13pin (VST) voltage added above 2.5V (typ 3.0V).

(2) Stand-By Mode

When 13pin (VST) voltage is stopped (= 0V), the switching transistor in the bias circuit turn off. placing the amplifier into the standby mode.

- (*1) The current limiting resistor must be used to ensure that stand-by pin (13pin) voltage does not exceed its maximum rated value VST max.
- (*2) The pop noise level when the power is turned on can be reduced by setting the time constant with a capacitor in operating mode.
- (*3) Determines the time constant at which the capacitor (*2) is discharged in stand-by mode.

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