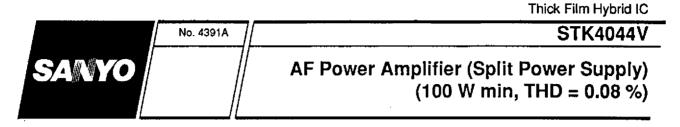
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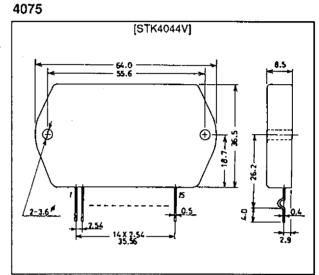


Features

- · Compact packaging supports slimmer set designs
- Series designed from 20 up to 100 W (200 W) and pincompatibility (120 to 200 W have 18 pins)
- Simpler heat sink design facilitates thermal design of slim stereo sets
- Current mirror circuit application reduces distortion to 0.08%
- Supports addition of electronic circuits for thermal shutdown and load-short protection circuit as well as pop noise muting which occurs when the power supply switch is turned on and off

Package Dimensions

unit : mm



Specifications

Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25	°C			Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V _{CC} max	L	±73	v
Thermal resistance	θj-c		1.1	°C/W
Junction temperature	Tj		150	°C
Operating substrate temperature	Tc		125	°C
Storage temperature	Tsig		-30 to +125	°C
Available time for load shorted	t, *1	$V_{CC} = \pm 51V, R_{L} = 8\Omega, f = 50Hz, P_{O} = 100W$	1	s
Recommended Operating		Unit		
Recommended supply voltage	v_{cc}		±51	v
Load resistance	RL		8	Ω

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Operating Characteristics at Ta = 25°C, $V_{CC} = \pm 51V$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, VG = 40dB, $Rg = 600\Omega$, 100k LPF ON, R_L (noninductive)

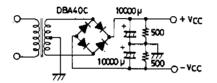
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	-	-	min	typ	max	Unit
Quiescent current	lcco	V _{CC} =±61V	15		120	mA
Output power	Po	THD = 0.08%, f = 20Hz to 20kHz	100			W
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$P_0=1.0W$, f = 1kHz			0.08	%
Frequency response	ք _L , ք _H	$P_0 = 1.0W, \frac{+0}{-3} dB$		20 to 50k		Hz
Input resistance	r,	$P_0=1.0W$, f=1kHz		55		kΩ
Output noise voltage	V _{NO} *2	$V_{cc} = \pm 61 V, Rg = 10 k\Omega$			1.2	mVrms
Neutral voltage	VN	$V_{CC}=\pm 61V$	-70	0	+70	πV
• Use record nower supply for test	unlars otherwise .	manified				

Use rated power supply for test unless otherwise specified.

*1 When measuring available time for load shorted and output noise voltage, use transformer power supply indicated below.

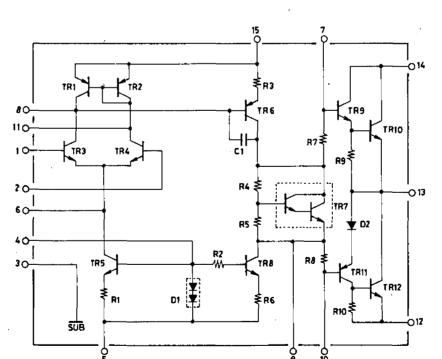
*2 Output noise voltage represents the peak value on the rms scale (VTVM). The noise voltage waveform does not include the pulse noise.



Specified Transformer Power Supply (MG-200 Equivalent)

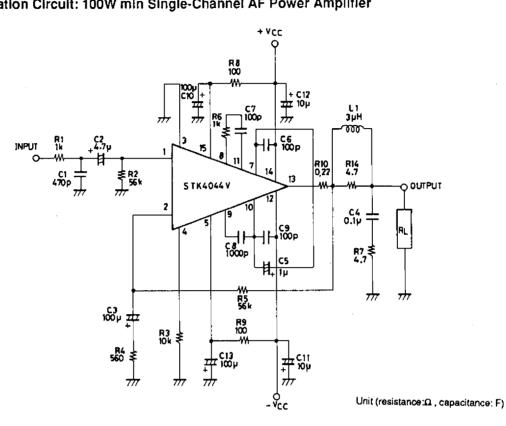
Unit (resistance: Ω , capacitance: F)

Equivalent Circuit



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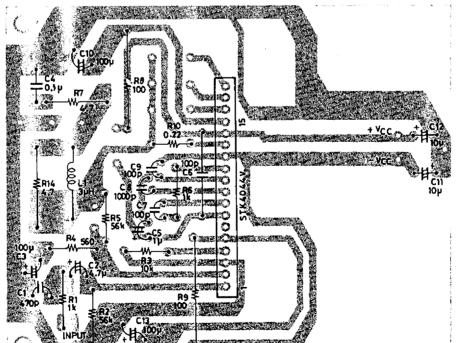
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Sample Application Circuit: 100W min Single-Channel AF Power Amplifier

Sample Printed Circuit Pattern for Application Circuit (Copper-foiled side)





760 x 970 mm2

Unit (resistance: Ω , capacitance: F)

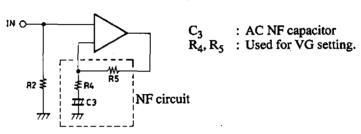
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Description of External Parts

- R_1, C_1 : Input filter circuit
 - Reduces high-frequency noise.
- C₂ : Input coupling capacitor
 - DC current suppression. A reduction in reactance is effective because of increases in capacitor reactance at low frequencies and 1/f noise dependence on signal source resistance which result in output noise worsening.
- R₂ : Input bias resistor
 - Biases the input pin to zero.
 - Affects V_N stability (refer to NF circuit).
 - Due to differential input, input resistance is more or less determined by this resistance value.
- R_4,R_5 $\hfill :$ NFB circuit (AC NF circuit). Use of resistor with 1% error is suggested.

 $C_3(R_2)$



• VG settings are obtained using R_4 and R_5 according to the following equation:

$$\log_{20} \frac{R_5}{R_4}$$
 40 dB is recommended.

• Low-frequency cutoff frequency settings are obtained using R_4 and C_3 according to the following equation:

$$f_{L} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot R_4 \cdot C_3} \quad [Hz]$$

When changing the VG setting, you should change R_4 which requires a recheck of the low cutoff frequency setting. When the VG setting is changed using R_5 , the setting should ensure R_2 equals R_5 so that V_N balance stability is maintained. If the resistor value is increased more than the existing value, V_N balance may be disturbed and result in deterioration of V_N temperature characteristics.

R₃ : Differential constant-current bias resistor

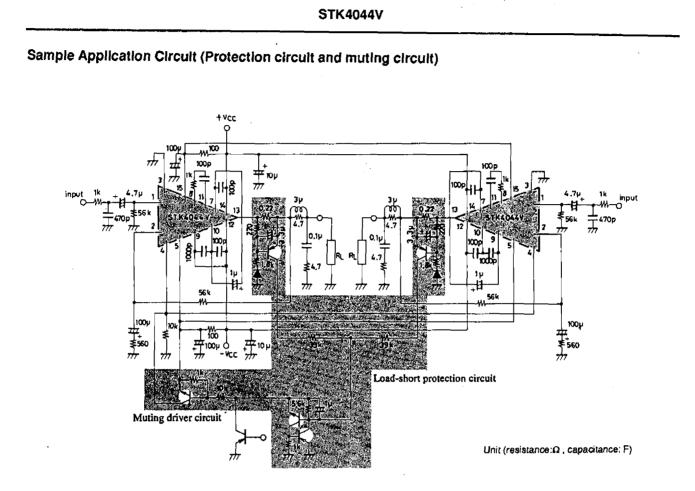
R₆, R₇ : For oscillation suppression and phase compensation applications (For use with differential stage applications)

- R₇, C₄ : For oscillation suppression and phase compensation applications
 (A Mylar capacitor is recommended for C₄ for use with output stage applications)
- C₆, C₉ : For oscillation suppression and phase compensation applications Power stage (Must be connected near the pin) C₆: Positive (+) power
 -) power C₉: Negative (-) power
- C₈ : For oscillation suppression and phase compensation applications (Oscillation suppression before power step clip)
- C₅ : For oscillation suppression and distortion improvement applications
- R_8, C_{10} : Ripple filter circuit on positive (+) side.
- R_9, C_{13} : Ripple filter circuit on negative (-) side.
- C_{11}, C_{12} : For oscillation suppression applications
 - Used for reducing power supply impedance to stable IC operation and should be connected near the IC pin. We recommend that you use an electrolytic capacitor.
- R₁₀ : Output resistor
 - Increases load short handling capability during times of high output.

R₁₄, L₁ : For oscillation suppression applications Increases oscillation stability against capacitance loads.

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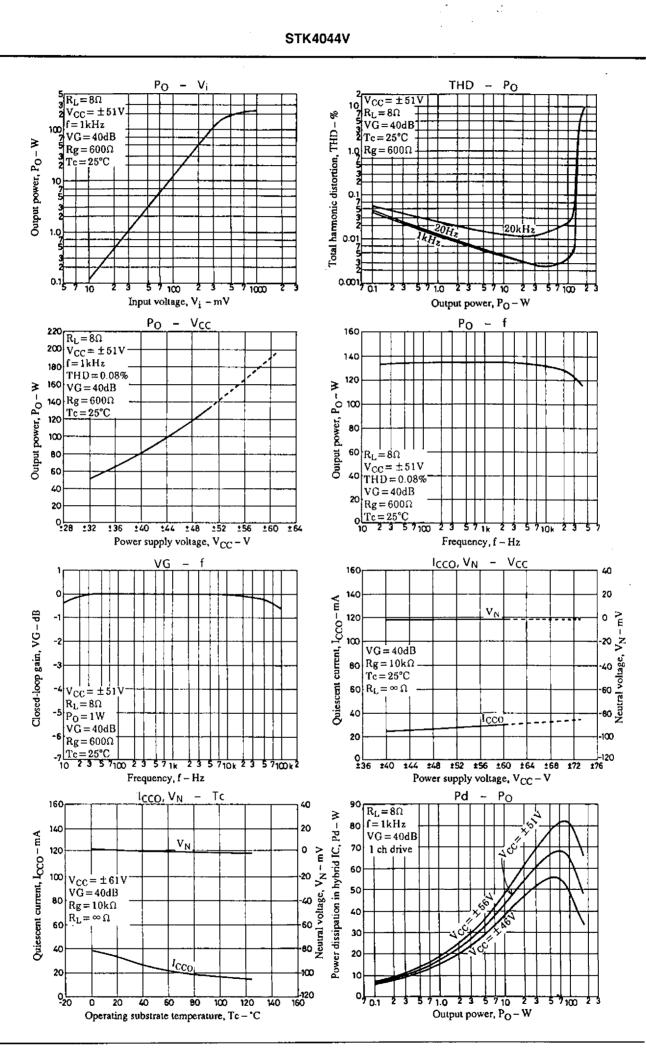
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STK4044V

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