



#### **OVERVIEW**

The SM8706B/C is a dual-PLL clock generator IC that generates 3 different system clocks using 6 outputs, derived from a 36.8640MHz master clock. Each PLL loop filter and crystal oscillator circuit are built-in, requiring no external components, and generate the independent 384fs/768fs audio system clocks, 27/54MHz video system clocks, and 16.9344/33.8688MHz signal processor clocks necessary for DVD player/recorder applications. Each system output can be stopped using control pins. The device also is compatible with 44.1/48kHz sampling frequencies, and the sampling frequency can also be switched during operation without generating any output spike noise. The control method is described in "Table 1. Sampling frequency and output clock frequency" on page 6.

### **FEATURES**

- Difference between SM8706B and SM8706C
  - SM8706B
    - MO1/2 output: MO1 = 27MHz, MO2 = 54MHz
  - SM8706C
    - MO1/2 output:
       MO1 = 54MHz, MO2 = 27MHz
    - Pb free
- 36.8640MHz master clock (internal PLL reference clock)
- PLL loop filter built-in
- Crystal oscillator circuit built-in
- Generated clocks
  - Video system output: 27MHz, 54MHz
  - Audio system output: 384fs, 768fs
  - Signal processor system output: 16.9344MHz, 33.8688MHz
- Supported sampling frequency fs: 44.1/48kHz
- Low jitter output: 40ps typ. (1-sigma, 25pF load)
- Supply voltage:  $3.3V \pm 0.3V$
- 16-pin VSOP package

## **APPLICATIONS**

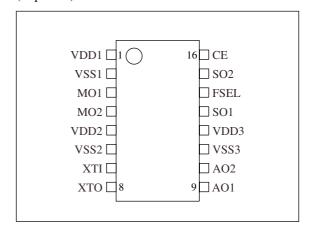
- DVD players/recorders
- DVD car navigation system

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Package
SM8706BV	16-pin VSOP
SM8706CV	10-μπ νους

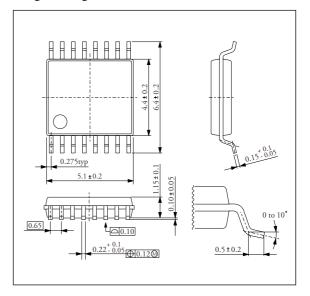
### **PINOUT**

(Top view)

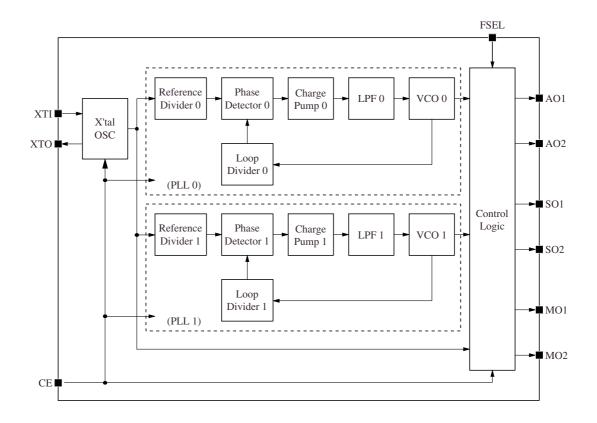


#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

(Unit: mm) Weight: 0.07g



# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# **PIN DESCRIPTION**

Number	Name	I/O	Description			
1	VDD1	_	Supply 1 for digital block			
2	VSS1	_	Ground 1 for digital block			
3	MO1	0	Video system output 1 (SM8706B: 27MHz fixed, SM8706C: 54MHz fixed)			
4	MO2	0	Video system output 2 (SM8706B: 54MHz fixed, SM8706C: 27MHz fixed)			
5	VDD2	_	Supply 2 for analog block			
6	VSS2	_	Ground 2 for analog block			
7	XTI	ı	Crystal oscillator connection or external clock input			
8	XTO	0	Crystal oscillator connection			
9	AO1	0	udio system output 1 (384fs output)			
10	AO2	0	udio system output 2 (768fs output)			
11	VSS3	_	around 3 for digital block			
12	VDD3	_	Supply 3 for digital block			
13	SO1	0	Signal processor system output 1 (16.9344MHz fixed)			
14	FSEL	I	Sampling frequency select FSEL = HIGH: fs = 48kHz FSEL = LOW: fs = 44.1kHz (with internal pull-up resistor, Schmitt-trigger input)			
15	SO2	0	Signal processor system output 2 (33.8688MHz fixed)			
16	CE	I	Chip enable (HIGH = Enable, LOW = Disable)			

Note: Unless otherwise noted, VDD applies to VDD1, VDD2, and VDD3. Similarly, VSS applies to VSS1, VSS2, and VSS3.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage range	V <sub>DD1</sub> , V <sub>DD2</sub> , V <sub>DD3</sub>		- 0.3 to + 6.5	V
Supply voltage deviation	$\begin{array}{c} V_{DD1} - V_{DD2} , \\ V_{DD1} - V_{DD3} , \\ V_{DD2} - V_{DD3} \end{array}$		± 0.1	V
Input voltage range	V <sub>IN</sub>		$-0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Output voltage range	V <sub>OUT</sub>		$-0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>		165	mW
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>		- 55 to + 125	°C

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

 $V_{SS} = V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0V$  unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Cumbal	Condition		Unit			
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Oilit	
Supply voltage ranges <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>	V <sub>DD1</sub> , V <sub>DD2</sub> , V <sub>DD3</sub>		+ 3.0	-	+ 3.6	V	
Output load capacitance 1	C <sub>L1</sub>	MO1, SO1, SO2 outputs	-	-	25	pF	
Output load capacitance 2	utput load capacitance 2 C <sub>L2</sub>		-	_	15	pF	
Master clock frequency	f <sub>XTAL</sub>	When using crystal oscillator	_	36.8640	-	MHz	
Operating temperature range	T <sub>opr</sub>		- 40	-	+ 85	°C	

<sup>1.</sup> The supply voltage is defined relative to  $V_{SS} = 0V$ 

## **DC Electrical Characteristics**

 $f_{XTAL}$  = 36.8640MHz,  $V_{DD}$  = 3.3V  $\pm$  0.3V,  $V_{SS}$  = 0V, Ta = -40 to + 85 °C unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Cumbal	Condition		Unit		
Parameter	Symbol Condition		min	typ	max	Unit
Current consumption I <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V, Ta = 25°C, fs = 48kHz, Crystal oscillator, no load on all outputs	-	35	45	mA
HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	FOEL OF VILV. 0.0V	0.8 V <sub>DD</sub>	-	_	٧
LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	$V_{IL}$ FSEL, CE, XTI, $V_{DD} = 3.3V$		-	0.2 V <sub>DD</sub>	V
HIGH-level input current <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IH1</sub>	FSEL, CE, V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub>	-	-	1	μA
LOW-level input current <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>IL1</sub>	FSEL, CE, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V	- 100	-	_	μA
HIGH-level input current	I <sub>IH2</sub>	$XTI, V_{IN} = V_{DD}$	-	-	40	μA
LOW-level input current	OW-level input current I <sub>IL2</sub> XTI, V		- 40	-	_	μA
HIGH-level output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	All outputs excluding XTO, I <sub>OH</sub> = - 2mA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4	-	_	V
LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	All outputs excluding XTO, I <sub>OL</sub> = 2mA	_	-	0.4	V

<sup>1.</sup> FSEL and CE pins have Schmitt-trigger input and built-in pull-up resistor.

<sup>2.</sup> The supply voltages applied on VDD1, VDD2, and VDD3 should be derived from a common supply source.

<sup>3.</sup> If the supply voltages on VDD1, VDD2, and VDD3 are from different sources, they should be applied simultaneously. The SM8706B/C may be damaged if the supply voltage timing is different.

#### **AC Electrical Characteristics**

 $f_{XTAL}$  = 36.8640MHz,  $V_{DD}$  = 3.3V  $\pm$  0.3V,  $V_{SS}$  = 0V, Ta = -40 to + 85 °C unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Cumbal	Condition		Unit			
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Oilit	
External input clock frequency <sup>1</sup>	f <sub>XTI</sub>	XTI, applies to external clock input use only	-	36.8640	-	MHz	
		MO1, SO1, SO2, $C_L = 25 \text{ pF}$ , transition between $V_{OL} = 0.2 V_{DD}$ and $V_{OH} = 0.8 V_{DD}$	-	2.0 –			
Output clock rise time <sup>2</sup>	t <sub>r</sub>	Outputs excluding MO1, SO1, SO2, and XTO, $C_L = 15 pF$ , transition between $V_{OL} = 0.2 V_{DD}$ and $V_{OH} = 0.8 V_{DD}$	-	2.0	-	ns	
		MO1, SO1, SO2, $C_L = 25pF$ , transition between $V_{OH} = 0.8V_{DD}$ and $V_{OL} = 0.2V_{DD}$	-	2.0	-		
Output clock fall time <sup>2</sup>	t <sub>f</sub>	Outputs excluding MO1, SO1, SO2, and XTO, $C_L = 15 pF$ , transition between $V_{OH} = 0.8 V_{DD}$ and $V_{OL} = 0.2 V_{DD}$	-	2.0	-	ns	
Output clock jitter <sup>3</sup>	t <sub>jitter</sub> (1-sigma)	MO1, SO1, SO2, Ta = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 25pF, V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5V <sub>DD</sub>	-	40	-	200	
Output Glock Jillet				40	-	ps	
Output clock duty cycle <sup>2</sup>	Dt	MO1, SO1, SO2, Ta = 25°C, $C_L$ = 25pF, $V_O$ = 0.5 $V_{DD}$	45	50	55	%	
Output Glock duty Cycle		Outputs excluding MO1, SO1, SO2, and XTO, Ta = 25°C, $C_L$ =15 pF, $V_O$ = 0.5 $V_{DD}$	45	50	55	/0	
Settling time <sup>2</sup>	t <sub>S</sub>	All outputs excluding XTO	-	_	1	μs	
Power-up time <sup>2,4</sup>	t <sub>P</sub>	All outputs excluding XTO	1	1	5	ms	

<sup>1.</sup> When using an external clock input, the XTI duty should be 50% with 3.3V clock signal amplitude level. The input signal voltage should not exceed the absolute maximum rating, otherwise damage may occur.

- 2. The numeric values are measured values obtained using the circuit in Figure 1 and the NPC standard evaluation board.
- 3. The numeric values are measured values obtained using the circuit in Figure 2 and the NPC standard evaluation board.
- 4. This is the time, after the supply is turned ON from the OFF state, until the output clock reaches  $\pm$  0.1% of the specified frequency.

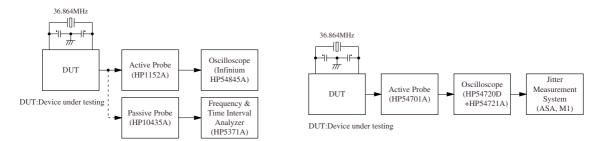


Figure 1. Measurement circuit 1

Figure 2. Measurement circuit 2

#### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

#### 36.8640MHz Master Clock

The SM8706B/C 36.8640MHz master clock circuit is configured, as shown in Figure 3, with the crystal oscillator element connected between XTI (pin 7) and XTO (pin 8).

Alternatively, the 36.8640MHz master clock can be supplied from an external master clock input on XTI, as shown in Figure 4.

If an external input clock on XTI is used, it is recommended that the frequency be 36.8640MHz, with 50% duty, and 3.3V voltage amplitude level.

Furthermore, when using an external clock input, the input signal voltage should not exceed the absolute maximum rating, otherwise damage may occur.

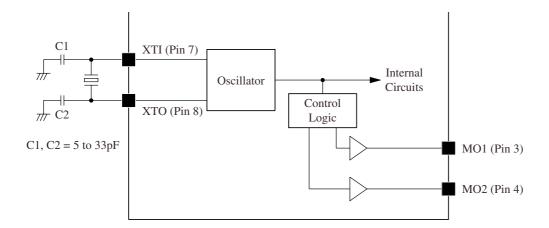


Figure 3. Crystal oscillator connection

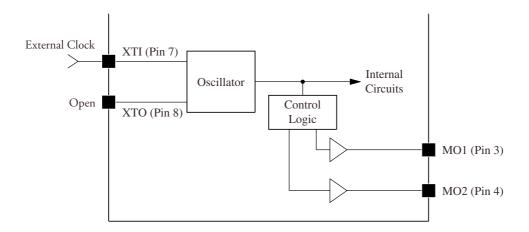


Figure 4. External clock input

## **Sampling Frequency and Output Clock Frequency**

The SM8706B/C sampling frequency fs can be switched between 44.1kHz when FSEL (pin 14) is LOW, and 48kHz when FSEL is HIGH. The audio outputs (AO1 and AO2) are a 384fs and 768fs frequency clock, respectively, where fs is determined by the setting on FSEL. In addition, the signal processor outputs (SO1 and SO2) are a 16.9344MHz and 33.8688MHz frequency clock, respectively, derived from the master clock. The video system clocks are output on pins MO1 [27/54MHz (SM8706B/SM8706C)], and MO2 [54/27MHz (SM8706B/SM8706C)].

When CE (Pin16) is HIGH, the chip is enabled. When LOW, the chip is disabled. When disabled, all output go LOW and all internal circuits stop operating. When CE goes LOW to HIGH, the chip moves from disabled to enabled, the time taken until the output frequency clocks stabilize is a maximum of 5ms.

The SM8706B/C output clock frequencies that can be selected is shown in Table 1. The output clock response timing relative to the CE setting is shown in Figure 5.

000	Compline		Output clock frequency [MHz]								
FSEL (Pin 14)	FSEL (Pin 14) Sampling frequency fs [kHz]	frequency	CE (Pin 16)	AO1	AO2	SO1	SO2	MO1 (Pin 3)		MO2 (Pin 4)	
,		, ,	(Pin 9) (Pin 10)	(Pin 10)	(Pin 13)	(Pin 15)	SM8706B	SM8706C	SM8706B	SM8706C	
LOW	44.1	Н	16.9344	33.8688	16.9344	33.8688	27.0000	54.0000	54.0000	27.0000	
HIGH	48		18.4320	36.8640	16.9344	33.8688	27.0000	54.0000	54.0000	27.0000	
LOW	44.1	L		,	,					,	
HIGH	48		-	_	_			_			

Table 1. Sampling frequency and output clock frequency (36.8640MHz master clock frequency)

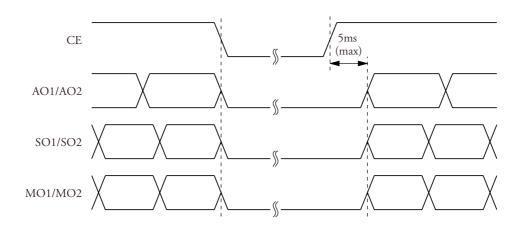


Figure 5. CE switching response

## **Spike Noise Prevention Function**

The SM8706B/C has a spike noise prevention circuit that operates to prevent the generation of spike noise on the audio output clocks when the sampling frequency is switched using FSEL.

The AO1 and AO2 output clock state before and after FSEL changes state is shown in Figure 6.

When FSEL is switched LOW to HIGH or switched HIGH to LOW, the spike noise circuit stops the AO1 and AO2 outputs for a maximum of  $1\mu$ s to prevent output spike noise, and then the outputs change to reflect the FSEL setting.

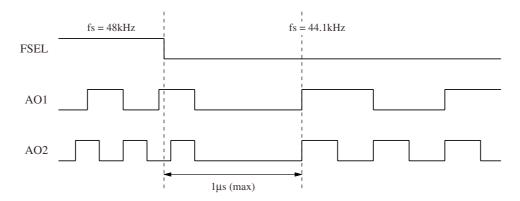


Figure 6. Spike noise prevention circuit timing (sampling frequency  $fs = 48kHz \rightarrow fs = 44.1kHz$  switching example)

## Sampling Frequency Switching Settling Time

The clock output response timing when the sampling frequency fs is switched using FSEL is shown in Figure 7. The SM8706B/C has a built-in spike noise prevention circuit. As a result, the AO1 and AO2 outputs stop for a fixed interval after FSEL changes state, as described above, and hence the settling time  $t_s$  for the audio output clock when switching the sampling frequency is  $1\mu s$  maximum.

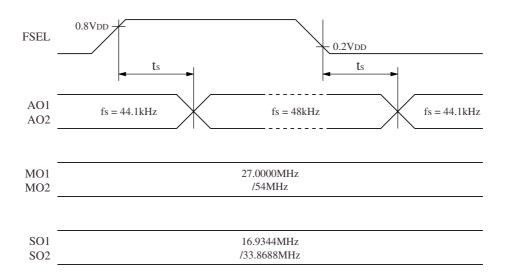


Figure 7. Output signal switching timing

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