20-A Programmable Integrated Switching Regulator



(Revised 6/27/2002)



Features

- 3.3V Input Voltage
- 20-A Output Current
- 4-bit Programmable: 1.8V to 2.55V (50mV Steps)
- High Efficiency (90%)
- Differential Remote Sense
- Over-Current Protection
- 27-Pin Space-Saving Package
- Solderable Copper Case
- Compatible with PT7744 20A "Current Booster"

Description

The PT7713 Excalibur™ power module is a 20-A integrated switching regulator (ISR) housed a 27-pin space-saving copper package. Operating from a 3.3V input bus, the PT7713 produces a tightly regulated supply voltage that is programmable over the range, 1.8V to 2.55V. The output voltage is selected via a unique 4-bit input code that adjusts the output in steps of 50mV.

This regulator is most suitable for microprocessor and DSP applications requiring core or I/O logic supply voltages as low as 1.8V.

The PT7713 incorporates output short-circuit protection, and a differential remote sense to compensate for voltage drop between the regulator and load.

Ordering Information

PT7713 = 1.8 to 2.55 Volts **PT7744** = 20-A Booster *

* Consult the related application note for information on current booster operation.

PT Series Suffix (PT1234x)

Case/Pin Configuration	Order Suffix	Package Code †
Vertical	N	(ENE)
Horizontal	Α	(ENF)
SMD	C	(ENG)

† Previously known as package styles 1420 & 1430

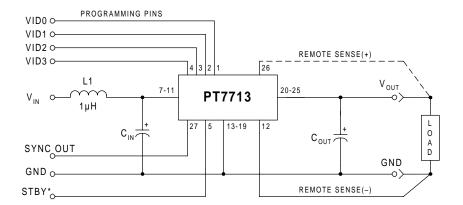
(Reference the applicable package code drawing for the dimensions and PC board layout)

Pin-Out Information

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	VID0	15	GND
2	VID1	16	GND
3	VID2	17	GND
4	VID3	18	GND
5	STBY *	19	GND
6	No Connect	20	Vout
7	Vin	21	Vout
8	Vin	22	Vout
9	Vin	23	Vout
10	Vin	24	Vout
11	Vin	25	Vout
12	Rem Sense Gnd	26	Rem Sense V
13	GND	27	Sync Out
14	GND		

For STBY* pin: open =output enabled ground =output disabled.

Standard Application



 C_{in} = Required 1500 μ F electrolytic C_{out} = Required 330 μ F electrolytic

L₁ = Optional 1μH input choke

20-A Programmable **Integrated Switching Regulator**

Programming Information

VID3	VID2	VID1	VID0	Vout
1	1	1	1	1.80V
1	1	1	0	1.85V
1	1	0	1	1.90V
1	1	0	0	1.95V
1	0	1	1	2.00V
1	0	1	0	2.05V
1	0	0	1	2.10V
1	0	0	0	2.15V
0	1	1	1	2.20V
0	1	1	0	2.25V
0	1	0	1	2.30V
0	1	0	0	2.35V
0	0	1	1	2.40V
0	0	1	0	2.45V
0	0	0	1	2.50V
0	0	0	0	2.55V

Logic 0 = Pin 12 potential (remote sense gnd) Logic 1 = Open circuit (no pull-up resistors) VID3 may not be changed while the unit is operating.

PT7710 Product Family Comparison

Product	Input Voltage	Description	Adjust Method	Output Range
PT7711	5V	VID	5-Bit	1.3V-3.5V
PT7712	3.3V	VID	4-Bit	1.3V-2.05V
PT7713	3.3V	VID	4-Bit	1.8V-2.55V
PT7714	3.3V	VID	5-Bit	0.8V-1.575V
PT7715	5V	VID	5-Bit	1.075V-1.85V
PT7716	3.3V	VID	5-Bit	1.075V-1.85V
PT7744	3.3V	Booster	_	_
PT7745	5V	Booster	_	_

Specifications (Unless otherwise stated, T_a =25°C, V_{in} =3.3V, C_{in} =1,500 μ F, C_{out} =330 μ F, V_o =2.5V, and I_o = $I_o max$)

				PT7713			
Characteristics Symbols		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
Output Current	Io	T _a = +25°C, Natural convection T _a = +60°C, 200 LFM, pkg N	0.1 (1) 0.1 (1)		20 19	A	
Input Voltage Range	V_{in}	Over Io range	3.1	_	3.6	V	
Set-Point Voltage Tolerance	V_{o} tol	All output voltages	_	±10	±25 (2)	mV	
Temperature Variation	Reg_{temp}	-40 °C \leq T _a \leq +85°C, I _o =I _o min	_	±0.75	_	$%V_{o}$	
Line Regulation	Regline	Over Vin range	_	±5	_	mV	
Load Regulation	Regload	Over Io range	_	±5	_	mV	
Total Output Voltage Variation	ΔV_o tol	Includes set-point, line, load, -40 °C \leq T _a \leq +85°C	_	±1	±3	$%V_{o}$	
Efficiency	η	I _o =10A	_	90 86	_	%	
		I _o =20A	_	87 82		%	
Vo Ripple (pk-pk)	$V_{\rm r}$	20MHz bandwidth	_	35	_	mV_{pp}	
Transient Response	t tr	1A/µs load step, 50% and 100% Iomax	_	50	_	μSec	
-	V_{os}	Vo over/undershoot	_	±100	_	mV	
Short Circuit Threshold	I _{sc} (pk)	Reset followed by auto-recovery	_	32	_	A	
Switching Frequency	$f \circ$	Over Vin range	300	350	400	kHz	
STBY* Input Requirements Input High Voltage Input Low Voltage Input Low Current	$V_{ m IH} \ V_{ m IL} \ I_{ m IL}$	Referenced to GND Pin 5 to GND	2.0 -0.2 —	 	Open (3) 0.8	V mA	
Standby Input Current	I _{in} standby	Pin 5 to GND	_	30	_	mA	
External Capacitance	Cout		330 (4)	_	15,000	μF	
Operating Temperature Range	Ta	Over Vin Range	-40	_	+85 (5)	°C	
Storage Temperature	Ts	_	-40	_	+125	°C	
Mechanical Shock	_	Per Mil-STD-883D, Method 2002.3 1 msec, Half Sine, mounted to a fixture	_	500	_	G's	
Mechanical Vibration Mil-STD-883D, 20-2000 Hz	_	Through-hole SMT		20 (6) 15 (6)		G's	
Weight		Vertical/Horizontal		36	_	grams	
Flammability		Materials meet UL 94V-0					

Notes: (1) ISR-will operate down to no load with reduced specifications.

- (2) If the remote sense ground is not used, pin 12 must be connected to pin 13 for optimum output voltage accuracy.
- (3) The STBY* control (pin 5) has an internal pull-up. If it is left open-circuit, the module will operate when input power is applied. A low-leakage (<1µA) MOSFET must be used to control this pin. The open-circuit voltage may be as high as Vin.
 (4) For operation below 0°C, Cin and Cout must have stable characteristics. Use either low ESR tantalum or Oscon® capacitors.

- (5) See safe Operating Area curves or consult factory for the appropriate derating.
 (6) The case pins on the through-hole package types (suffixes N & A) must be soldered. For more information see the applicable package outline drawing.

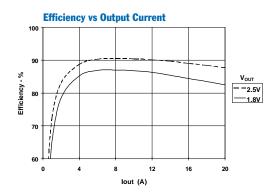
External Capacitors: The PT7715 require a minimum output capacitance of 330µF for proper operation. The PT7715 also requires an input capacitance of 1500µF, which must be rated for a minimum of 1.4Arms of ripple current. For transient or dynamic load applications, additional capacitance may be required. For further information refer to the application note regarding capacitor selection for this product.

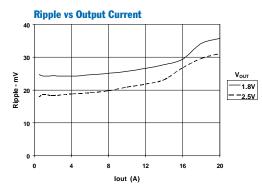
Input Filter: An input filter inductor is optional for most applications. The inductor must be sized to handle 20ADC with a typical value of 1µH.

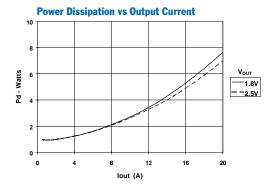


20 Amp Low Voltage Programmable Integrated Switching Regulator

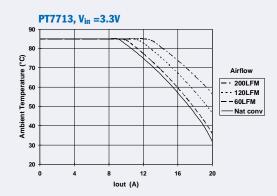
Performance Characteristics, V_{in} =3.3V (See Note A)







Safe Operating Area Curves $(See\ Note\ B)$



Note A: All characteristic data in the above graphs has been developed from actual products tested at 25°C. This data is considered typical for the ISR. **Note B:** SOA curves represent operating conditions at which internal components are at or below manufacturer's maximum rated operating temperatures.

PT7710 Family, PT7744/PT7745

Capacitor Recommendations for the PT7710 Series of Regulators and Current Boosters

Input Capacitors

The recommended input capacitance is determined by the 1.4 ampere minimum ripple current rating and $1500\mu F$ minimum capacitance. Capacitors listed below must be rated for a minimum of twice (2×) the input voltage with +5V operation. Ripple current and $\leq\!100m\Omega$ Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) values are the major considerations along with temperature when selecting the proper capacitor.

Output Capacitors

The minimum required output capacitance is $330\mu F$ with a maximum ESR less than or equal to $100m\Omega$. Failure to observe this requirement may lead to regulator instability or oscillation. Electrolytic capacitors have poor ripple performance at frequencies greater than 400kHz, but excellent low frequency transient response. Above the ripple frequency ceramic decoupling capacitors are necessary to improve the transient response and reduce any microprocessor high frequency noise components apparent during higher current excursions. Preferred low ESR type capacitor part numbers are identified in the Table 1-1 below.

Tantalum Characteristics

Tantalum capacitors with a minimum 10-V rating are recommended on the output bus, but only the AVX TPS Series, Sprague 594/595 Series, or Kemet T495/T510 Series. These AVX, Sprague, and Kemet capacitors are specified over other types due to their higher surge current, excellent power dissipation and ripple current ratings. As a caution, the TAJ Series by AVX is not recommended. This series exhibits considerably higher ESR, reduced power dissipation and lower ripple current capability. The TAJ series is also less reliable compared to the TPS series when determining power dissipation capability.

Capacitor Table

Table 1-1 identifies the characteristics of capacitors from a number of vendors with acceptable ESR and ripple current (rms) ratings. The suggested minimum quantities per regulator for both the input and output buses are identified.

This is not an extensive capacitor list. Capacitors from other vendors are available with comparible specifications. The RMS ripple current rating and ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance at 100kHz) are the critical parameters necessary to insure both optimum regulator performance and long capacitor life.

Table 1-1 Capacitors Characteristic Data

Capacitor Vendor/ Series			Capacitor		Qua	ntity		
	Working Voltage	Value(µF)	(ESR) Equivalent Series Resistance	105°C Maximum Ripple Current(Irms)	Physical Size(mm)	Input Bus	Output Bus	Vendor Number
Panasonic FC (SMT)	16V 35V	2200 330	0.038Ω 0.065Ω	2000mA 1205mA	18x16.5 12.5x16.5	1	1 1	EEVFC1C222N EEVFC1V331LQ
FC (Radial)	10V 16V	560 1800	0.090Ω 0.032Ω	755mA 2000mA	10x12.5 18x15	1	1 1	EEUFC1A561 EEUFC1C182S
United Chemi -Con LFZ Series	25V 16V 16V	330 1500 470	0.090Ω 0.038Ω 0.090Ω	760mA 1660mA 760mA	10x12.5 12.5x20 10x12.5	1	1 1 1	LXZ25VB331M10X12LL LXZ16VB222M12X20LL LXZ16VB471M10X12LL
Nichicon PL Series PM Series	10V 10V 25V	680 1800 330	0.090Ω 0.044Ω 0.095Ω	770mA 1420mA 750mA	10x15 16x15 10x15	1	1 1 1	UPL1A681MHH6 UPL1A182MHH6 UPL1E331MPH6
Oscon SS (Radial) SVP (SMT)	10V 10V	330 330	0.025Ω÷4 =0.006Ω 0.02Ω÷4 =0.005Ω	>9800mA >9800mA	10x10.5 9x8.3	4 4	N/R (Note)	10SS330M 10SVP330M
AVX Tanatalum TPS- Series	10V 10V	330 330	0.1Ω÷5 =0.02Ω 0.06Ω	3500mA 1826mA	7.3Lx 4.3Wx 4.1H	5 5	1	TPSV337M010R0100 TPSV337M010R0060
Sprague Tantalum 595D/594D	10V 10V	330 680	0.045Ω÷4 =0.011Ω 0.09Ω	>4500mA >1660mA	7.3L x 5.7W x 4.0H	5 2	1	594D337X0010R2T 595D687X0010R2T (Surface Mount)
Kemet Tantalum T510/T495 Series	10V 10V	330 220	0.035Ω 0.07Ω÷2 =0.035Ω	2000mA >2000mA	4.3Wx7.3L x4.0H	5 6	2	510X337M010AS T495X227M010AS (Surface Mount)
Sanyo Poscap TPB	10V	220	0.04Ω	3000mA	7.2L x 4.3W x 3.1H	6	2	10TPB220M (Surface Mount)

Note: (N/R) is not recommended for this application, due to extremely low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)



PT7710 Series, PT7744, PT7745

Increasing the Output of the PT7710 Family of ISRs with a 20-A Compatible Current Booster

The output of PT7710 family of regulators (PT7711–PT7716) can produce an additional 20-A output using a compatible current booster module. Two booster modules are available. They are the PT7744 and PT7745, which are compatible with regulators that operate off 3.3-V or 5-V input buses respectively. Refer to Table 2-1 for regulator/booster compatiblity.

The booster modules are controlled directly by the regulator and effectively add a parallel output stage. They operate sychronously, to provide a low-noise solution. Up to two booster modules can be connected to a PT771x regulator. Each booster added increases the regulator's output current by 20A, for up to 60A of output current.

Current boosters are not stand-alone products, and can only operate with a regulator. They are housed in the same package as the regulator, and share the same mechanical outline. Except for an increase in output current, the overall performance of a regulator/booster combination is identical to that of a stand-alone regulator. For more details refer to the applicable regulator specifications.

Table 2-1; Booster Compatibility

Regulator	P7744 Booster (3.3V Input Bus)	PT7745 Booster (5V Input Bus)
PT7711		•
PT7712	•	
PT7713	•	
PT7714	•	
PT7715		•
PT7716	•	

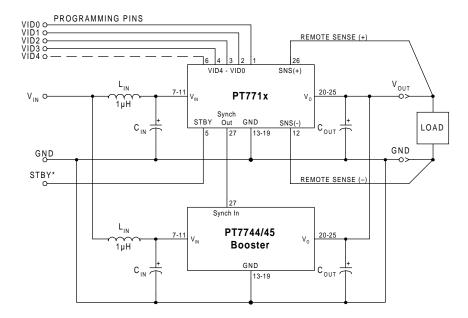
Notes:

- 1. Each booster requires the same amount of input and output capacitance as recommended for a stand-alone regulator. Consult the individual data sheet of the applicable regulator, and the related application note regarding capacitor selection for this product family.
- 2. The 1- μ H filter choke located at the input of each regulator and booster module (L_{in}) is optional for most applications. If specified, each inductor must be sized to handle 20ADC at full output load.
- 3. The pin-out of the current booster modules include a number pins identified, "No Connect" (see Table 2-2). These pins are not connected internally to the module but must be soldered to a pad to preserve the unit's mechanical integrity.
- A similar PCB footprint and trace layout between the regulator and each booster will facilitate current sharing between all modules.

Table 2-2; Booster Pin-Out Information

Function	Pin	Function	Pin	Function
No Connect	10	V_{in}	19	GND
No Connect	11	Vin	20	Vout
No Connect	12	No Connect	21	V _{out}
No Connect	13	GND	22	Vout
No Connect	14	GND	23	V _{out}
No Connect	15	GND	24	Vout
Vin	16	GND	25	Vout
Vin	17	GND	26	No Connect
V _{in}	18	GND	27	Sync In
	No Connect No Connect No Connect No Connect No Connect Vo Connect Vin Vin	No Connect 10 No Connect 11 No Connect 12 No Connect 13 No Connect 14 No Connect 15 Vin 16 Vin 17	No Connect 10 V _{in} No Connect 11 V _{in} No Connect 12 No Connect No Connect 13 GND No Connect 14 GND No Connect 15 GND V _{in} 16 GND V _{in} 17 GND	No Connect 10 V _{in} 19 No Connect 11 V _{in} 20 No Connect 12 No Connect 21 No Connect 13 GND 22 No Connect 14 GND 23 No Connect 15 GND 24 V _{in} 16 GND 25 V _{in} 17 GND 26

Figure 1-1; Current Booster Application Schematic



PT7710 Family

Using the Standby Function on the PT7710 Excalibur™ Series of 20-A ISRs

For applications requiring On/Off control of the output voltage, the PT7710 family of Excalibur ISRs incorporate a standby function. This feature may be used for power-up/shutdown sequencing, or to change the output voltage while input power is applied. *See related notes*: "Pin-Coded Output Voltage Adjustment of the PT7710 Excalibur™ Series of 20-A ISRs."

The standby function is provided by the *STBY** control, pin 5. If pin 5 is left open-circuit the regulator operates normally, providing a regulated output whenever a valid supply voltage is applied to V_{in} (pins 7-11) with respect to GND (pins 13-19). Connecting pin 5 to ground ¹ will set the regulator output to zero volts ². This places the regulator in standby mode, and reduces the input current to typcially 30mA (60mA max). If a ground signal is applied to pin 5 prior to power-up, the regulator output will be held at zero volts during the period that input power is applied.

The standby input must be controlled with an open-collector (or open-drain) discrete transistor (See Figure 1). Table 3-1 gives the input requirements.

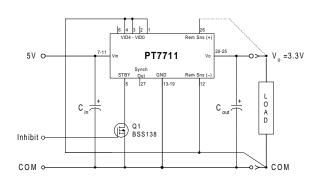
Table 3-1 Standby Control Input Requirements (1, 2)

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	
Enable	2V		Open Cct. 1	
Disable	-0.2V		0.8V	
I _{stby (low)}			0.5mA	
Vstby (o/c)		Vin		

Notes:

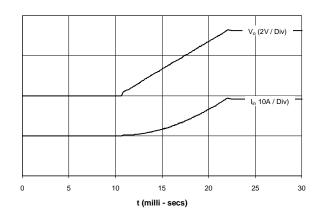
- 1. The Standby input on the PT7710 regulator family must be controlled using an open-collector (or open-drain) discrete transistor. $\underline{\textit{Do Not}}$ use a pull-up resistor. The control input has an open-circuit voltage equal to V_{in} . To set the regulator output to zero, the control pin must be "pulled" to less than 0.8Vdc with a 0.5mA sink to ground.
- When placed in the standby mode, the regulator output discharges the output capacitance with a low impedance to ground.
- 3. The turn-off time of Q_1 , or rise time of the standby input is not critical with the PT7710 family. Turning Q_1 off slowly, over periods up to 100ms, will not affect regulator operation. However, a slow turn-off time will increase both the initial delay and rise-time of the output voltage.

Figure 3-1



Turn-On Time: Turning Q_1 in Figure 3-1 off, removes the low-voltage signal at pin 5 and enables the output. After a delay of approximately 10ms, the output voltage of a PT771x regulator rises to full regulation within 30ms ³. Figure 3-2 shows the typical output voltage waveform of a PT7711 following the turn-off of Q_1 at time t =0 secs. The output voltage in Figure 3-1 is set to 3.3V by connecting VID0 (pin 1), VID2 (pin 3), and VID3 (pin 4) to the 'Rem Sense Gnd' (pin 12)*. The waveform was measured with a +5V input source voltage, and 10-A resistive load.

Figure 3-2



^{*} Consult the data sheet for details on other VID codes.



PT7710 Family

Pin-Coded Output Voltage Adjustment of the PT7710 Excalibur™ Series of 20-A ISRs

The PT7710 ExcaliburTM family of converters incorporate a pin-coded control to adjust the output voltage. This feature uses the control pins VID0-VID4 (pins 1-6). When the control pins are left open-circuit, the ISR output regulates at its default output voltage. Each control pin is internally connected to a precision resistor, which when grounded applies a weighted change to the output voltage. By selectively grounding VID0-VID4, the output voltage of these ISRs can be programmed in incremental steps over the specified output voltage range. The program codes and output voltage range offered by these ISRs are compatible with the Voltage ID specifications defined by Intel Corporation for VRMs (voltage regulator modules). The codes are used by both the Pentium® and Athlon® microprocessors. Refer to Figure 4-1 for the connection schematic, and the respective device Data Sheet for the programming code information.

Notes:

- 1. The programming convention is as follows:-
 - Logic 0: Connect to pin 12 (Remote Sense Ground). Logic 1: Open circuit/open drain (See notes 2, & 4)
- Do not connect pull-up resistors to the voltage programming pins.
- 3. Use pin 12 (Remote Sense Ground) as the logic "0" reference. While the regular ground (pins 13-19) can also be used for programming, doing so will degrade the load reglation of the product. If the remote sense ground is not used, pin 12 must be connected to pin 13 for optimum output voltage accuracy.

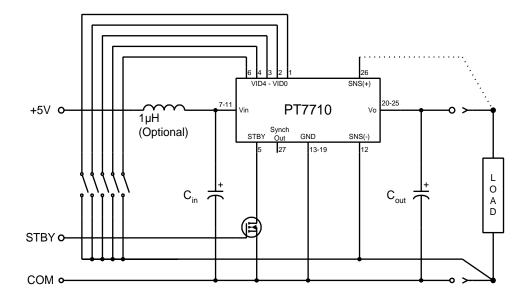
4. If active devices are used to ground the voltage control pins, low-level open drain MOSFET devices should be used over bipolar transistors. The inherent V_{ce}(sat) in bipolar devices introduces errors in the device's internal divider network. Discrete transistors such as the BSS138, 2N7002, or IRLML2402 are examples of appropriate devices.

Active Voltage Programming:

Special precautions should be taken when making changes to the output voltage progam code while the unit is powered. This activity can induce current transients through the device as a result of the electrolytic output capacitors being either charged or discharged to the new output voltage set-point. The transient current can be minimized by making only incremental changes to the binary code, i.e. one LSB at a time. A minimum of 100µs settling time between each program state is also recommended. Making non-incremental changes to VID3 or VID4 is discouraged.

When active devices are used to program the output voltage, their state should be asserted prior to the input power being applied. An alternative is to pull pin 5 (STBY) control to GND during the application of input voltage, then assert the required program code and release pin 5. The module will then intiate a soft-start power-up to the desired program voltage. For more information on the use of the Standby function, consult the related application note, "Using the Standby Function on the PT7710 Excalibur™ Series of 20-A ISRs."

Figure 4-1





PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

28-Aug-2008

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins F	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
PT7713A	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	ENF	27	10	TBD	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM
PT7713C	NRND	SIP MOD ULE	ENG	27		TBD	Call TI	Call TI

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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