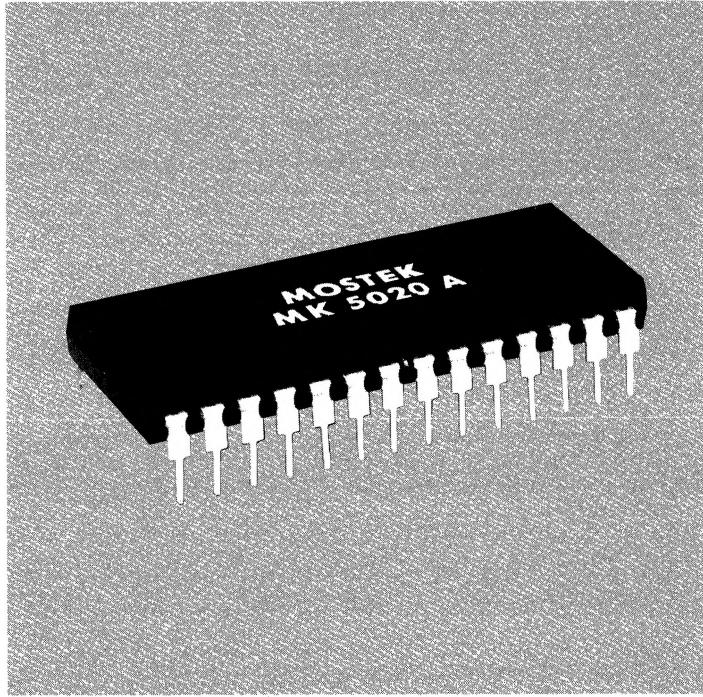


## MOS Calculator Series

# MOSTEK

### FEATURES:

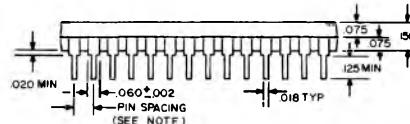
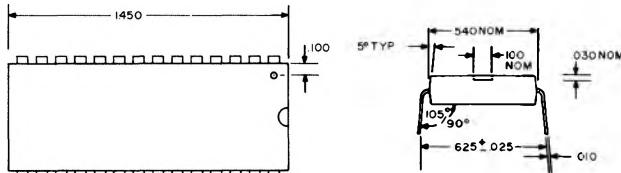
- Direct Segment Drive for LED's
- Low Power Consumption
- Single Power Supply Voltage
- Internal Encoding of Keyboard Inputs
- Internal Debouncing of Keyboard Inputs
- Single 28-pin, Dual-in-line Package
- ROM controlled



### STANDARD PRODUCTS:

- Consumer MK 5020 A 8-digit, six-function (+, -, X, ÷, %, √) with constant
- MK 5021 C 10-digit, six-function (+, -, X, ÷, %, √) with constant
- MK 5022 A 8-digit, five-function (+, -, X, ÷, %) with constant fully independent memory, and store/recall memory.
- MK 50203 8-digit, five-function (+, -, X, ÷, %) with constant, fully independent memory, reciprocal, and constant register exchange

### PACKAGE 28-pin dual-in-line plastic



NOTES:  
1. THE TRUE-POSITION PIN SPACING IS .0100 BETWEEN  
CENTERLINES EACH PIN CENTERLINE IS LOCATED  
WITHIN ±.0100 OF ITS TRUE LONGITUDINAL POSITION  
RELATIVE TO PINS 1 AND 28.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS OVER OPERATING FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE RANGE**  
 (All voltages relative to  $V_{SS}$ )

Supply Voltage Range $V_{GG}$	.....	+0.3V to -20V
Input Voltage Range	.....	+0.3V to -20V
Output Voltage Breakdown SA-SG	.....	+0.3V to -7V
DI-DII	.....	+0.3V to -17V
Operating Free-Air Temperature Range	.....	0°C to +55°C
Storage Temperature Range	.....	-40 °C to +100 °C

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (0°C  $\leq T_A \leq 55^\circ C$ )**

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
$V_{GG}$	Supply Voltage	-12	-14.5	-17	volts	1
$V_{IH}$	Input Voltage, Logic 1	$V_{SS} - 1.2$			volts	2, 8
$V_{IL}$	Input Voltage, Logic 0	$V_{GG}$		$V_{SS} - 5$	volts	2
$\phi$	Clock Period	5.5		11	$\mu$ sec	3

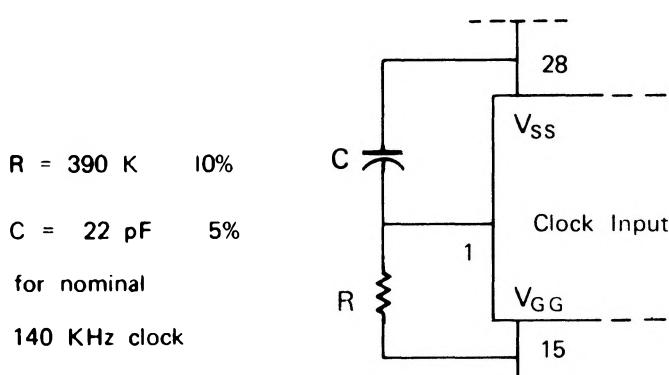
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (12  $\leq V \leq 17$ ; 0°C  $\leq T_A \leq 55^\circ C$ )**

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
$I_{GG}$	Supply Current		6		mA	
$I_I$	Input Current @ $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$		150	300	$\mu$ A	2
$R_{ON(SEG)}$	Segment Output "On" Resistance		300	750	$\Omega$	4, 7
$R_{ON(DIGI)}$	Digit Output "On" Resistance		250	600	$\Omega$	4, 8
$I_{OL(SEG)}$	Segment Output Leakage Current		.1	10	$\mu$ A	5, 9
$I_{OL(DIGI)}$	Digit Output Leakage Current		.1	10	$\mu$ A	6, 9

Notes:

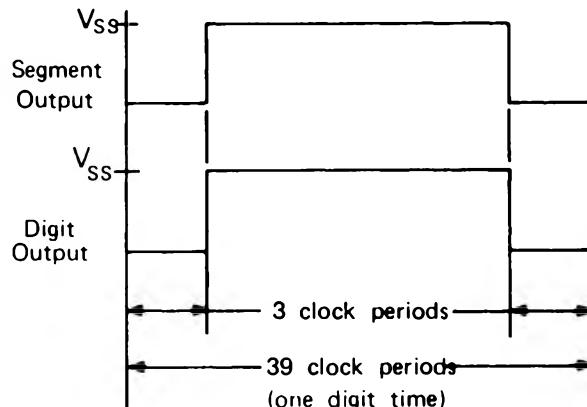
- (1) This parameter is relative to  $V_{SS}$ .
- (2) This parameter applies to the KN, KO, KP, and KQ inputs.
- (3) The maximum clock period is related to the worst-case keyboard entry time. 11  $\mu$ sec corresponds to approximately 44 msec "key down" time. Any increases in the clock period will affect this entry time proportionately.
- (4) Voltage across the output (relative to  $V_{SS}$ ) is 0 volts to 1.5 volts.
- (5) Voltage across the output (relative to  $V_{SS}$ ) is 0 volts to 7 volts.
- (6) Voltage across the output (relative to  $V_{SS}$ ) is 0 volts to 17 volts.
- (7) Segment output current must be limited to less than 7 mA per output.
- (8) Because digit output voltages are used in scanning keyboard inputs, external circuitry (e.g., a display driver) must require less than 2 mA from each digit output in order that the minimum value of  $V_{IH}$  can be satisfied in all applications.
- (9) Segment and digit outputs are open drain transistors.

**INTERNAL CLOCK OSCILLATOR**



The oscillator waveform appears as a "sawtooth" voltage variation swinging between  $V_{SS}$  and  $V_{GG}$ /2.

**SEGMENT AND DIGIT TIMING AND POLARITY**



Note: Segment and digit outputs are turned on to  $V_{SS}$  for a displayed segment.

# MK 5020AN

## DESCRIPTION

The MK 5020 A is a six-function (+, -, X, ÷, %, √) 8-digit calculator, featuring selectable constant, floating or fixed decimal point (selectable to eight positions), selectable roundoff, algebraic or business entry, credit balance, chain calculations, leading zero suppression, and internal debouncing and encoding of keyboard inputs.

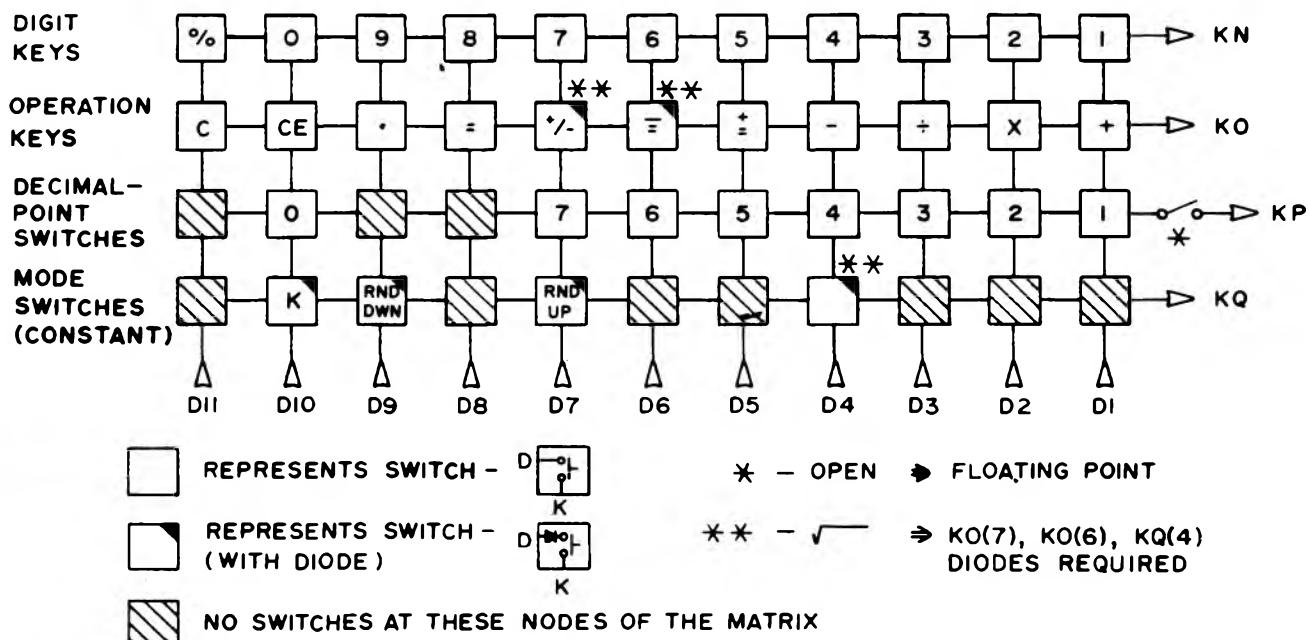
Low power dissipation, broad supply voltage range, a single power supply, and an internal clock oscillator makes the MK 5020 A ideal for battery-operated, hand-held calculators with lower system costs.

## PIN CONNECTION

CLOCK	1	•	28	V <sub>SS</sub>
KP	2		27	KQ
DI	3		26	KN
D2	4		25	KO
D3	5		24	DP
D4	6		23	H
D5	7		22	G
D6	8		21	F
D7	9		20	E
D8	10		19	D
D9	11		18	C
DIO	12		17	B
DII	13		16	A
NC	14		15	V <sub>GG</sub>

NC = NO CONNECTION

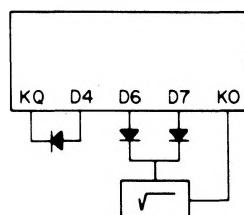
## KEY MATRIX



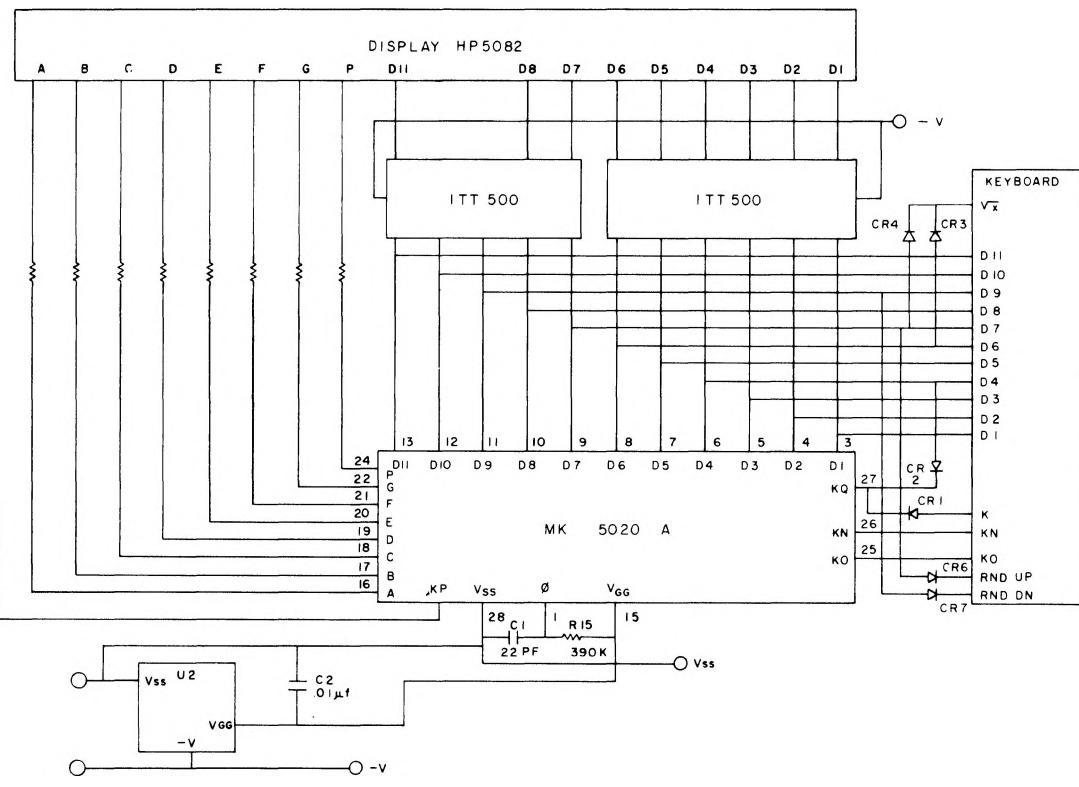
## DISPLAY FONT



## CONNECTIONS FOR SQUARE ROOT KEY



## SCHEMATIC



PROBLEM	FIXED POINT OR FLOATING	CONSTANT	KEY ENTRIES	REMARKS	DISPLAY
<b>PERCENT KEY</b>					
Find 15% of 200	Floating	*	C 15 % X 200 =		0. 15. 0.15 0.15 200. 30.
Find 15% of 200	Floating	*	C 200 X 15 %		0. 200. 200. 15. 30.
Find 15% mark up on \$200 and total	Floating	*	C 200 + 15 % =	This gives the mark up This gives the total	0. 200. 200. 15. 30. 230.
Find 22% discount and selling price on \$526	Floating	*	C 526 - 22 % =	This is the discount This is the selling price	0. 526. 526. 22. 115.72 410.28
<b>CONSTANT PERCENT</b>					
Find 15% of: 200, 450, 372	Floating	on	C 15 % X 200 =		0. 15. 0.15 0.15 200. 30. 450. 67.5 372. 55.8

# MK 5021CN

The MK 5021 C is a six-function (+, -, X, ÷, %, √) 10-digit calculator featuring selectable constant, floating decimal point (selectable to ten positions), floating negative sign, algebraic or business entry, credit balance, chain calculations, display blanking during calculations, leading zero suppression, and internal debouncing and encoding of keyboard inputs.

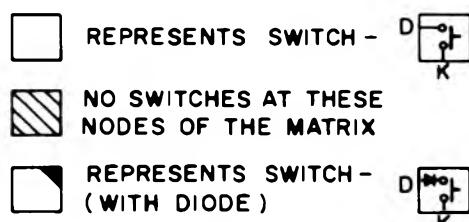
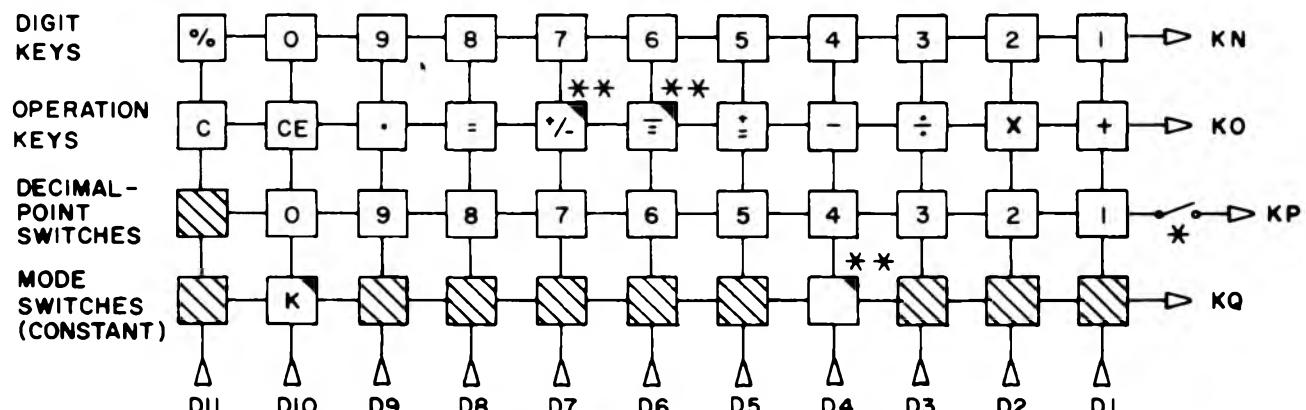
Low power dissipation, broad supply voltage range, a single power supply, and an internal clock oscillator make the MK 5021 C ideal for battery-operated, hand-held calculators with lower system costs.

## PIN CONNECTION

CLOCK	I	•	28	V <sub>SS</sub>
KP	2		27	KQ
DI	3		26	KN
D2	4		25	KO
D3	5		24	DP
D4	6		23	H
D5	7		22	G
D6	8		21	F
D7	9		20	E
D8	10		19	D
D9	11		18	C
DIO	12		17	B
DII	13		16	A
NC	14		15	V <sub>GG</sub>

NC = NO CONNECTION

## KEY MATRIX

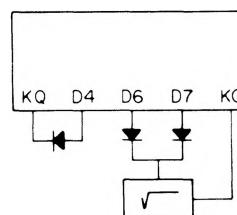


\* - OPEN  $\Rightarrow$  FLOATING POINT  
 \*\* -  $\sqrt{ }$   $\Rightarrow$  KO(7), KO(6), KQ(4)  
 DIODES REQUIRED

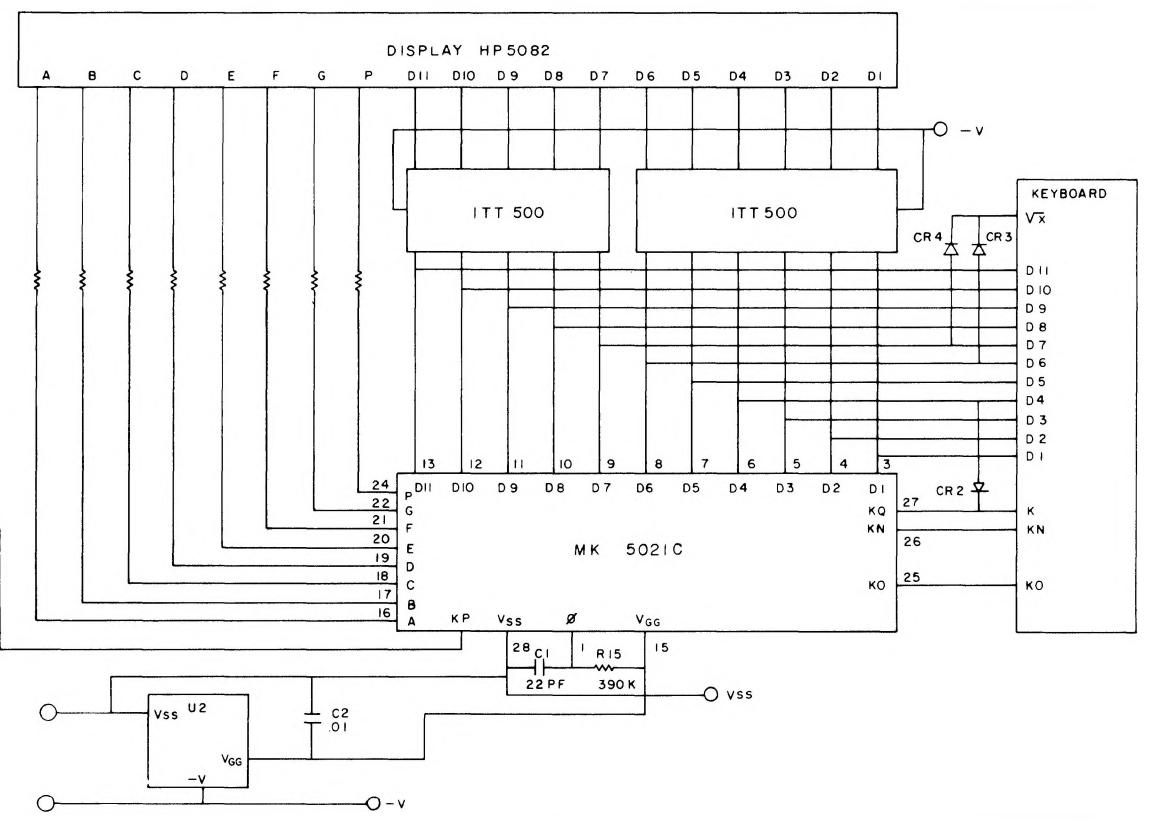
## DISPLAY FONT



## CONNECTIONS FOR SQUARE ROOT KEY



## SCHEMATIC



PROBLEM	FIXED POINT OR FLOATING	CONSTANT	KEY ENTRIES	REMARKS	DISPLAY
PERCENT KEY					
Find 15% of 527	Floating	*	C 15 % X 527 ±		0. 15. 0.15 0.15 527. 79.05
Find 15% of 527	Floating	*	C 527 X 15 %		0. 527. 527. 15. 79.05
Find 12.5% mark up and selling price on \$450 item	Floating	*	C 450 X 12.5 % ±	This is the mark up This is the selling price	0. 450. 450. 12.5 56.25 506.25
Find 8.3% discount and selling price on \$200 item	Floating	*	C 200 X 8.3 % ±	This is the discount This is the selling price	0. 200. 200. 8.3 16.6 183.4
CONSTANT PERCENT					
Find 15% of: 200, 450, 372	Floating	on	C 15 % X 200 =		0. 15. 0.15 0.15 200. 30. 450. 67.5 372. 55.8

# MK 5022AN

## DESCRIPTION

The MK 5022 A is a five-function (+, -, X, ÷, %), 8-digit calculator with fully independent memory. Only 20 keys are required to implement the five functions with memory, resulting in a unit which is compact, economical, and simple to operate. Additional features are automatic constant, floating negative sign, algebraic entry, floating decimal point, chain calculations, credit balance, leading zero suppression, display blanking during calculations, and internal debouncing and encoding of keyboard inputs.

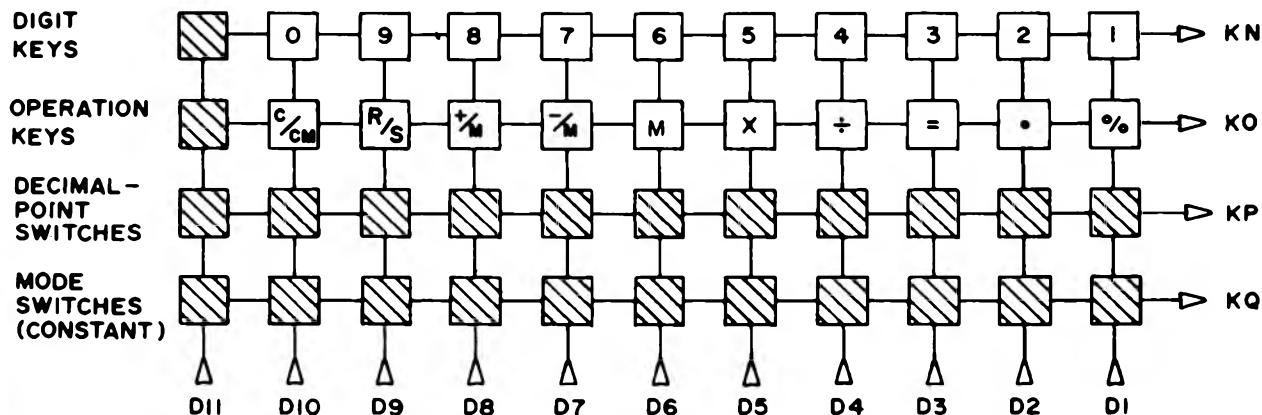
Low power dissipation, broad supply voltage range, a single power supply, and an internal clock oscillator make the MK 5022 A ideal for battery-operated hand-held calculators with lower system costs.

## PIN CONNECTION

CLOCK	1	•	28	V <sub>SS</sub>
KP	2		27	KQ
DI	3		26	KN
D2	4		25	KO
D3	5		24	DP
D4	6		23	H
D5	7		22	G
D6	8		21	F
D7	9		20	E
D8	10		19	D
D9	11		18	C
DIO	12		17	B
DII	13		16	A
NC	14		15	V <sub>GG</sub>

NC = NO CONNECTION

## KEY MATRIX



Consumer

## DISPLAY FONT

FLOATING  
MINUS

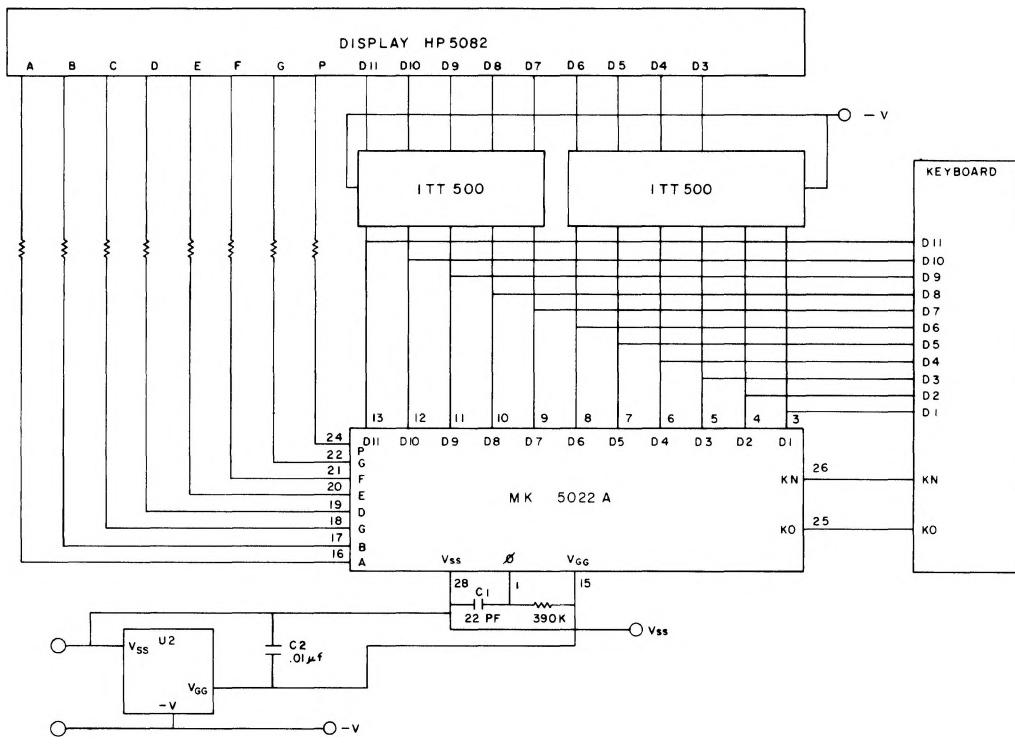
- 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

MEMORY  
IN  
USE

RESULT  
OVERFLOW

STROBED AT DIGIT  
II OUTPUT TIME

# SCHEMATIC



PROBLEM	KEY ENTRIES	REMARKS	DISPLAY
MEMORY ADD	M } C }	{ Clears Memory	
+27.84	C	Clears display	0.
+56.352	27.84		27.84
	M		27.84
	+		27.84
56.352	56.352	Memory in use indicator	L 27.84
	M }	{ adds display	L 56.352
	+	to memory	L 56.352
	R/S	recals total	L 56.352
	M }	{ clears	L 84.192
	C }	memory	L 84.192
	C	clears display	0.
MEMORY SUBTRACT	27.20		84.192
+27.20	27.20		0.
-56.35	M }	{ adds display	27.20
	+	to memory	27.20
	56.35		L 27.20
	M }	{ subtracts display	L 56.35
	-	from memory	L 56.35
	R/S	recalls difference	L 56.35
		memory has credit	L -29.15
		balance	
MEMORY STORE	M }	Scratchpad	-29.15
	C }		0.
	C		9.
9/4, 9/5, 9/6, 9X4	9	{ constant dividend	9.
	M	stores	9.
	R/S	in memory	L 9.
	÷		L 9.
	4	division # 1	L 4.
	=	quotient # 1	L 2.25
	R/S	recalls memory	L 9.
	÷		L 9.
	5	divisor # 2	L 5.
	=	quotient # 2	L 1.8
	R/S	recalls memory	L 9.
	÷		L 9.
	6	divisor # 3	L 6.
	=	quotient # 3	L 1.5
	R/S		L 9.
	X		L 9.
	4	multiplier	L 4.
	=	product	L 36.

# MK 50203 N

## DESCRIPTION

The MK 50203 is a six-function (+, -, X, ÷, %, 1/X), 8-digit calculator with fully independent memory. Additional features are automatic constant, repeat add, exchange, floating negative sign, algebraic entry, floating decimal point, chain calculations, credit balance, leading zero suppression, display blanking during calculations, and internal debouncing and encoding of keyboard inputs.

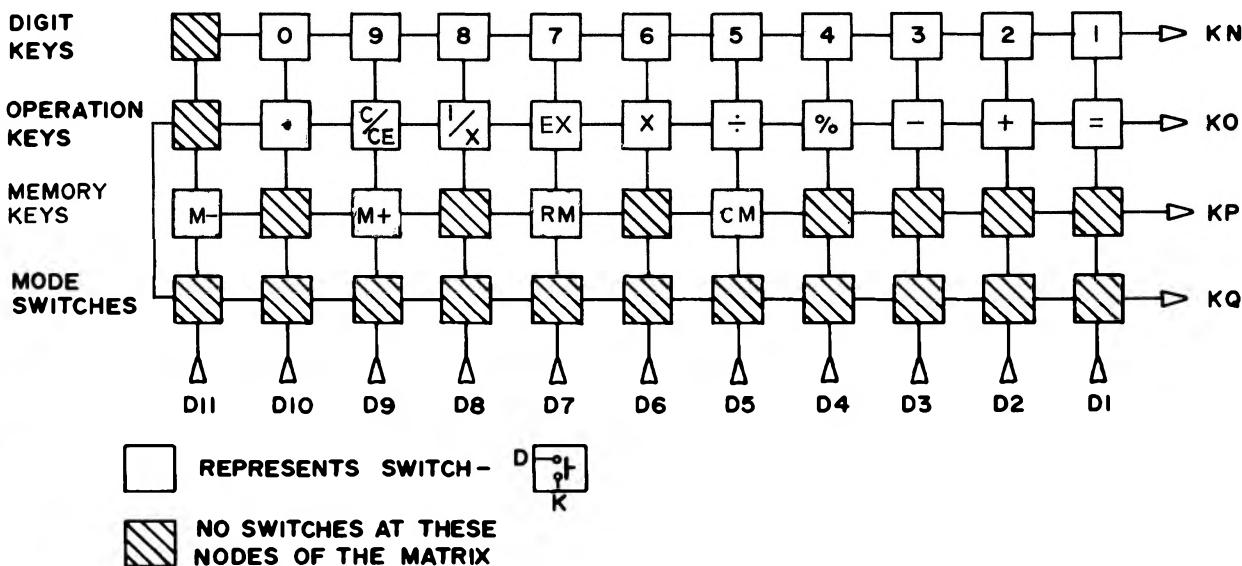
Low power dissipation, broad supply voltage range, a single power supply, and an internal clock oscillator make the MK 50203 ideal for battery-operated handheld calculators with lower system costs.

## PIN CONNECTION

CLOCK	1	•	28	$V_{SS}$
KP	2		27	KQ
DI	3		26	KN
D2.	4		25	KO
D3	5		24	NC
D4	6		23	C
D5	7		22	P
D6	8		21	A
D7	9		20	E
D8	10		19	D
D9	11		18	G
DIO	12		17	B
DII	13		16	F
NC	14		15	$V_{DD}$

NC = NO CONNECTION

## KEY MATRIX

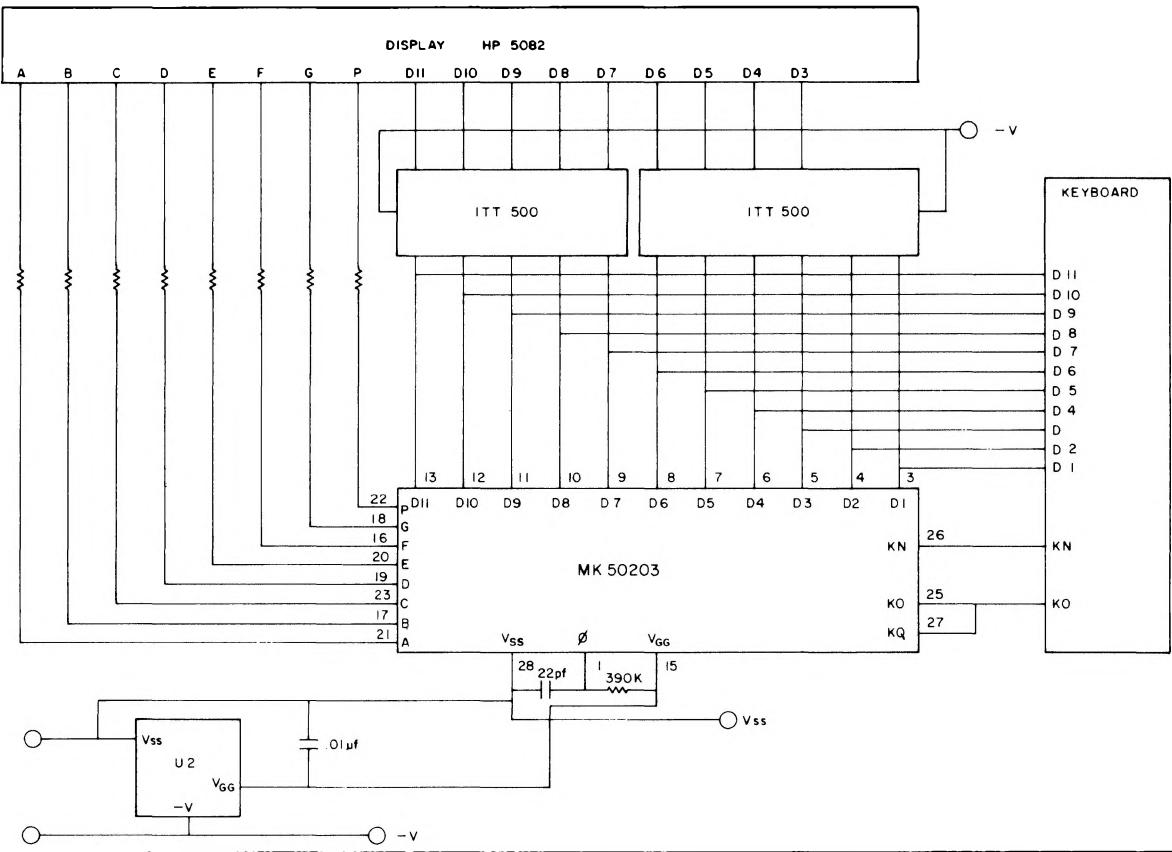


EXTERNALLY CONNECT KQ AND KO

## DISPLAY FONT



# SCHEMATIC



REMARKS	KEY ENTRIES	REMARKS	DISPLAY
MEMORY ADD  +27.84 +56.352	M } C C 27.84 M + 56.352 M } + R/S	{ Clears Memory Clears display  Memory in use indicator  { adds display to memory recals total	1.0 0. 27.84 27.84 L 27.84 L 56.352 L 56.352 L 56.352 L 84.192
Exchange Operands			
26.3 ÷ 2.18 =	C 26.3 ÷ 2.18 =		0. 26.3 26.3 2.18 12.06422
2.18 ÷ 26.3 =	C 26.3 ÷ 2.18 EX =	1st entry will be stored as constant	0. 26.3 26.3 2.18 26.3 0.0828897
39.7 ÷ 26.3 =	39.7 =		39.7 1.5095057
2X3 = 4X2 = 5X2 =	C 2 X 3 EX =	1st entry will be stored as constant	0. 2. 2. 3. 2. 6. 4. 8. 5. 10.