## FDZ2040L

## Integrated Load Switch

## Features

－Optimized for low－voltage core ICs in portable systems
－Very small package dimension：WL－CSP 0．8X0．8X0．5 $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$
－Current $=1.2 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }} \max =4 \mathrm{~V}$
－Current $=2 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }} \max =4 \mathrm{~V}$（Pulsed）
－$R_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}=80 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ON}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=4 \mathrm{~V}$
－ $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}=85 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ON}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$
－$\quad \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}=90 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ON}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$
－RoHS Compliant

## General Description

This device is particularly suited for compact power management in portable application where 1.6 V to 4 V input and 1.2 A output current capability are needed．This load switch integrates a level shifting function that drives a P － Channel Power MOSFET in the very small $0.8 \times 0.8 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{3}$ WL－CSP package．

## Applications

－Load switch
－Power management in portable applications


BOTTOM


TOP

## Ordering Information

| Part <br> Number | Device <br> Marking | Ball <br> Pitch | Operating <br> Temperature <br> Range | Switch | Eco Status | Package | Packing <br> Method |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FDZ2040L | ZL | 0.4 mm | -25 to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $80 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$, P－ch <br> FET | RoHS | $0.8 \times 0.8 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{3}$ <br> WL－CSP | Tape and <br> Reel |

For Fairchild＇s definition of Eco Status，please visit：http：／／www．fairchildsemi．com／company／green／rohs green．html．

## Application Diagram and Block Diagram



Figure 1.Block Diagram and Typical Application Pin Configuration


Top View: Bumps Facing Down
Bottom View: Bumps Facing Up
Figure 2. Pin Assignment

## Pin Definitions

| Pin \# | Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| A1 | V IN | Supply Input: Input to the load switch |
| A2 | V $_{\text {OUT }}$ | Switch Output: Output of the load switch |
| B1 | ON | ON/OFF Control Input, active LOW |
| B2 | GND | Ground |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter |  | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}, \mathrm{ON}$ to GND |  | -0.3 | 4.2 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {out }}-$ Load Current (Continuous) | (Note 1a) |  | 1.2 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {out }}$ - Load Current (Pulsed) | (Note 2) |  | 2 | A |
| Power Dissipation @ $\mathrm{TA}^{\text {a }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | (Note 1a) |  | 0.9 | W |
| Operating Temperature Range |  | -40 | 105 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature |  | -65 | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Electrostatic Discharge Capability | Human Body Model, JESD22-A114 | 8 |  | kV |
|  | Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101 | 2 |  |  |

## Thermal Characteristics

| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient | (Note 1a) |  | 117 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | 1.6 |  | 4 | V |
| Ambient Operating Temperature, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | -25 |  | 75 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Electrical Characteristics $\quad \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{I}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise noted

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | Operation Voltage |  | 1.6 |  | 4 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {II }}$ | ON Input Logic Low Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$, Ramp down $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ON }}$ from 1 V to 0 V , $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OuT }}$ Low to High, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=-25$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.35 |  |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=4 \mathrm{~V}$, Ramp down $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ov }}$ from 1 V to 0 V , $V_{\text {Out }}$ Low to High, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=-25$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.35 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ | ON Input Logic High Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$, Ramp up $\mathrm{V}_{\text {of }}$ from 0 V to 1 V , <br> $V_{\text {Out }}$ High to Low, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=-25$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 1.35 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=4 \mathrm{~V}$, Ramp up $\mathrm{V}_{\text {on }}$ from 0 V to 1 V , <br> $V_{\text {Out }}$ High to Low, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=-25$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 1.35 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}$ | Quiescent Current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ON }}=0.35 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=0 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=-25 \text { to } 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  | 1.55 | 2.5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {Q_off }}$ | Off Supply Current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{ON}}=1.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=0 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=-25 \text { to } 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  | 2.4 | 6.5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SD_off }}$ | Off Switch Current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ON }}=1.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {out }}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=-25 \text { to } 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.1 | 3.5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q} \_ \text {off }} \\ \text { (von float) } \end{gathered}$ | Off Supply Current with ON pin floating | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ON }}=$ floating, $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=0 \mathrm{~A}$, |  | 1.6 | 2.3 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ON }}=\text { floating, } \mathrm{I}_{\text {out }}=0 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=-25 \text { to } 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  | 1.6 | 4 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | On Resistance | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ON }}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=300 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ON }}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=300 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ON }}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=300 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=4 \mathrm{~V}, \quad \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ON }}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=300 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=-25 \\ & \text { to } 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 68 \\ & 50 \\ & 48 \\ & 47 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 120 \\ 90 \\ 85 \\ 80 \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{V} \text {-ON(INP) }}$ | ON Input Capacitance | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=-25$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 5 | pF |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {ON(PULL-UP) }}$ | ON Pull Up Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ON }}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=-25$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.3 | 0.76 | 1.2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

## Switching Characteristics

| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {on }}$ | Turn on time ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ON}} 50 \%$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Out }}$ 90\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{ON}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { as logic low and } 1.3 \mathrm{~V} \text { as } \\ & \text { logic high, } \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{OUT}}=1 \mathrm{nF}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \Omega \text {, } \\ & \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=-25 \text { to } 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | 45 | 150 | ns |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {don }}$ | Turn on delay time ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ON}} 50 \%$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }} 10 \%$ ) |  | 35 | 100 | ns |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {rise }}$ | Turn on rise time (Vout $10 \%$ to 90\%) |  | 10 | 50 | ns |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {off }}$ | Turn off time ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ON }} 50 \%$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Out }}$ 10\%) |  | 60 | 150 | ns |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {doff }}$ | Turn off delay time ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ON }} 50 \%$ to Vout $90 \%$ ) |  | 25 | 100 | ns |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {fall }}$ | Turn off fall time ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }} 90 \%$ to 10\%) |  | 35 | 65 | ns |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {don }}-\mathrm{T}_{\text {doff }}$ | Turn on Turn off Delay Delta time |  |  | 50 | ns |

## Notes:

1. $R_{\theta J A}$ is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins. $\mathrm{R}_{\text {ӨJC }}$ is guaranteed by design while $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{\theta JA}}$ is determined by the user's board design.

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width $<300 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, Duty Cycle $<2.0 \%$.
b. $277^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper.

Typical Performance Characteristics


Figure 3. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature


Figure 5. Off Supply Current vs. Temperature


Figure 7. Off Supply Current( $V_{\text {ON }}$ Float) vs. Temperature


Figure 4. Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage


Figure 6. Off Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage


Figure 8. Off Supply Current( $V_{\text {ON }}$ Float) vs. Supply Voltage

Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)


Figure 9. ON Pin Pull Up Current vs. Temperature


Figure 11. ON Pin Logic High Voltage vs. Temperature


Figure 13. ON Pin Logic Low Voltage vs. Temperature


Figure 10. ON Pin Pull Up Current vs. Supply Voltage


Figure 12. ON Pin Logic High Voltage vs. Supply Voltage


Figure 14. ON Pin Logic Low Voltage vs. Supply Voltage

Typical Performance Characteristics(Continued)


Figure 15. Output Pull Down Resistance vs.
Temperature


Figure 17. Static Drain to Source ON Resistance vs. Temperature


Figure 16. Output Pull Down Resistance vs. Supply Voltage


Figure 18. Static Drain to Source ON Resistance vs. Supply Voltage

## Typical Performance Characteristics(Continued)


$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{ON}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1 \mathrm{uF}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{OUT}}=1 \mathrm{nF}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \Omega$
Figure 19. $\mathrm{T}_{\text {on }}$ Response


Figure 20. Toff Response

## Operation Description

The FDZ2040L is a low $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})} \mathrm{P}$-Channel load switch packaged in space saving $0.8 \mathrm{x} 0.8 \mathrm{WL}-\mathrm{CSP}$.
The core of the device is a $80 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ P-Channel MOSFET and capable of functioning over a wide input operating range of $1.6-4 \mathrm{~V}$.

## Applications Information



Figure 21. Typical Application

## Input Capacitor

To reduce device inrush current effect, a 0.1 uF ceramic capacitor, $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ is recommended close to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ pin. A higher value of $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ can be used to further reduce the voltage drop experienced as the switch is turned on into a large capacitive load.

## Output Capacitor

FDZ2040L switch works without an output capacitor. However, if parasitic board inductance forces Vout below GND when switching off, a 1 nF capacitor, $\mathrm{C}_{\text {Out }}$, should be placed between Vout and GND.

Notes: The intrinsic diode for P-Channel load switch would conduct if $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ is greater than $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$, by a diode drop

## Demo Board Layout



Figure 22. Top View


Figure 23. Bottom View

## Dimensional Outline and Pad Layout



Figure 24. Official FSC Drawings
Product-Specific Dimensions

| Product | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{X}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FDZ2040L | $0.8 \pm 0.03 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $0.8 \pm 0.03 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 0.21 mm | 0.21 mm |

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| EfficentMax ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | ISOPLANARTM | $\mathrm{Tm}^{\text {T }}$ | TinyPWM ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ |
| EZSWTCH ${ }^{\text {TM* }}$ | MegaBuck ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | Saving our world, $1 \mathrm{mW/W} / \mathrm{kW}$ at a time ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | Tiny Mire'm |
| E-7 ${ }^{\text {M* }}$ | MICROCOUPLERTM | SmartMax ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | TriFault Detect ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ |
| E- | MicroFETM | SMART STARTTM | TRUECURRENTTM* |
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| ${ }_{\text {FACT }}{ }^{\text {FACT }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | OPTOLOGIC ${ }^{\text {OPTOPLANAR }}$ | SuperSOTTM-6 | Ultra FRFET'M |
| FAST ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | - | SuperSOTTM-8 | UniFET ${ }^{\text {tm }}$ |
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