

DS90C402 Dual Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) Receiver

Check for Samples: [DS90C402](#)

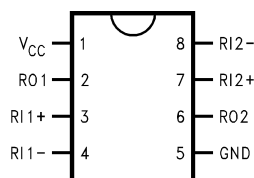
FEATURES

- Ultra Low Power Dissipation
- Operates above 155.5 Mbps
- Standard TIA/EIA-644
- 8 Lead SOIC Package saves PCB space
- $V_{CM} \pm 1V$ center around 1.2V
- ± 100 mV Receiver Sensitivity

DESCRIPTION

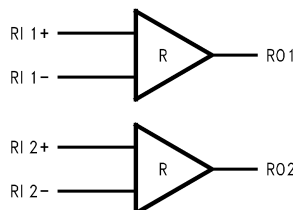
The DS90C402 is a dual receiver device optimized for high data rate and low power applications. This device along with the DS90C401 provides a pair chip solution for a dual high speed point-to-point interface. The device is in a PCB space saving 8 lead small outline package. The receiver offers ± 100 mV threshold sensitivity, in addition to common-mode noise protection.

Connection Diagram



See Package Number D (SOIC)

Functional Diagram



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.



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Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})		-0.3V to +6V
Input Voltage (R_{IN+} , R_{IN-})		-0.3V to ($V_{CC} + 0.3V$)
Output Voltage (R_{OUT})		-0.3V to ($V_{CC} + 0.3V$)
Maximum Package Power Dissipation @ +25°C	D Package	1025 mW
	Derate D Package	8.2 mW/°C above +25°C
Storage Temperature Range		-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature Range Soldering (4 sec.)		+260°C
Maximum Junction Temperature		+150°C
ESD Rating ⁽³⁾	(HBM, 1.5 k Ω , 100 pF)	$\geq 3,500V$
	(EIAJ, 0 Ω , 200 pF)	$\geq 250V$

- (1) "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. [Electrical Characteristics](#) specifies conditions of device operation.
- (2) If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the Texas Instruments Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.
- (3) ESD Rating: HBM (1.5 k Ω , 100 pF) $\geq 3,500V$ EIAJ (0 Ω , 200 pF) $\geq 250V$

Recommended Operating Conditions

	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	+4.5	+5.0	+5.5	V
Receiver Input Voltage	GND		2.4	V
Operating Free Air Temperature (T_A)	-40	+25	+85	°C

Electrical Characteristics

Over Supply Voltage and Operating Temperature ranges, unless otherwise specified.⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Pin	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{TH}	Differential Input High Threshold	$V_{CM} = +1.2V$	R_{IN+} R_{IN-}			+100	mV
V_{TL}	Differential Input Low Threshold			-100			mV
I_{IN}	Input Current	$V_{IN} = +2.4V$	$V_{CC} = 5.5V$	-10	± 1	+10	μA
		$V_{IN} = 0V$		-10	± 1	+10	μA
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = -0.4 mA$, $V_{ID} = +200 mV$	R_{OUT}	3.8	4.9		V
		$I_{OH} = -0.4mA$, Inputs terminated		3.8	4.9		V
		$I_{OH} = -0.4mA$, Inputs Open		3.8	4.9		V
		$I_{OH} = -0.4mA$, Inputs Shorted			4.9		V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OL} = 2 mA$, $V_{ID} = -200 mV$			0.07	0.3	V
I_{OS}	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0V^{(3)}$		-15	-60	-100	mA
I_{CC}	No Load Supply Current	Inputs Open	V_{CC}		3.5	10	mA

- (1) Current into device pins is defined as positive. Current out of device pins is defined as negative. All voltages are referenced to ground unless otherwise specified.
- (2) All typicals are given for: $V_{CC} = +5.0V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$.
- (3) Output short circuit current (I_{OS}) is specified as magnitude only, minus sign indicates direction only. Only one output should be shorted at a time, do not exceed maximum junction temperature specification.

Switching Characteristics

$V_{CC} = +5.0V \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$ ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{PHLD}	Differential Propagation Delay High to Low	$C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $V_{ID} = 200\text{ mV}$ (Figure 1 and Figure 2)	1.0	3.40	6.0	ns
t_{PLHD}	Differential Propagation Delay Low to High		1.0	3.48	6.0	ns
t_{SKD}	Differential Skew $ t_{PHLD} - t_{PLHD} $		0	0.08	1.2	ns
t_{SK1}	Channel-to-Channel Skew ⁽³⁾		0	0.6	1.5	ns
t_{SK2}	Chip to Chip Skew ⁽⁴⁾				5.0	ns
t_{TLH}	Rise Time			0.5	2.5	ns
t_{THL}	Fall Time			0.5	2.5	ns

(1) All typicals are given for: $V_{CC} = +5.0V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$.

(2) Generator waveform for all tests unless otherwise specified: $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $Z_O = 50\Omega$, t_r and t_f (0%–100%) $\leq 1\text{ ns}$ for R_{IN} .

(3) Channel-to-Channel Skew is defined as the difference between the propagation delay of one channel and that of the others on the same chip with an event on the inputs.

(4) Chip to Chip Skew is defined as the difference between the minimum and maximum specified differential propagation delays.

(5) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Parameter Measurement Information

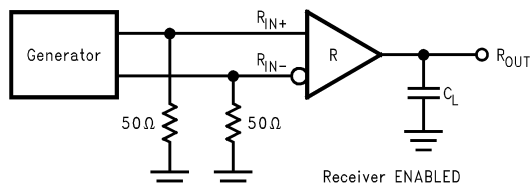


Figure 1. Receiver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Test Circuit

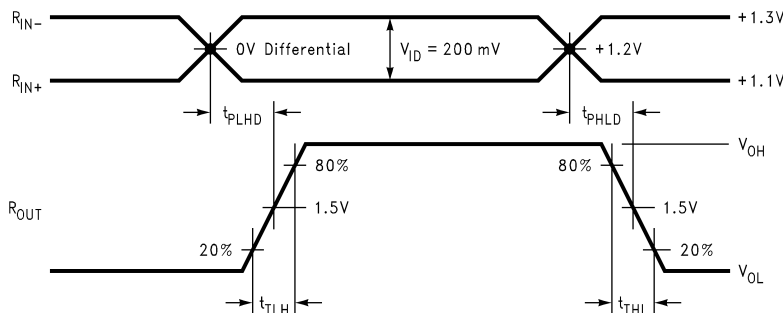


Figure 2. Receiver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Waveforms

TYPICAL APPLICATION

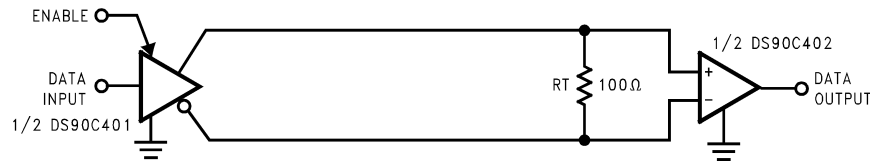


Figure 3. Point-to-Point Application

Applications Information

LVDS drivers and receivers are intended to be primarily used in an uncomplicated point-to-point configuration as is shown in Figure 3. This configuration provides a clean signaling environment for the quick edge rates of the drivers. The receiver is connected to the driver through a balanced media which may be a standard twisted pair cable, a parallel pair cable, or simply PCB traces. Typically the characteristic impedance of the media is in the range of 100Ω. A termination resistor of 100Ω should be selected to match the media, and is located as close to the receiver input pins as possible. The termination resistor converts the current sourced by the driver into a voltage that is detected by the receiver. Other configurations are possible such as a multi-receiver configuration, but the effects of a mid-stream connector(s), cable stub(s), and other impedance discontinuities as well as ground shifting, noise margin limits, and total termination loading must be taken into account.

The DS90C402 differential line receiver is capable of detecting signals as low as 100 mV, over a ±1V common-mode range centered around +1.2V. This is related to the driver offset voltage which is typically +1.2V. The driven signal is centered around this voltage and may shift ±1V around this center point. The ±1V shifting may be the result of a ground potential difference between the driver's ground reference and the receiver's ground reference, the common-mode effects of coupled noise, or a combination of the two. Both receiver input pins should honor their specified operating input voltage range of 0V to +2.4V (measured from each pin to ground), exceeding these limits may turn on the ESD protection circuitry which will clamp the bus voltages.

Fail-Safe Feature:

The LVDS receiver is a high gain, high speed device that amplifies a small differential signal (20mV) to CMOS logic levels. Due to the high gain and tight threshold of the receiver, care should be taken to prevent noise from appearing as a valid signal.

The receiver's internal fail-safe circuitry is designed to source/sink a small amount of current, providing fail-safe protection (a stable known state HIGH output voltage) for floating, terminated or shorted receiver inputs.

1. **Open Input Pins.** The DS90C402 is a dual receiver device, and if an application requires only one receiver, the unused channel(s) inputs should be left OPEN. Do not tie unused receiver inputs to ground or any other voltages. The input is biased by internal high value pull up and pull down resistors to set the output to a HIGH state. This internal circuitry will guarantee a HIGH, stable output state for open inputs.
2. **Terminated Input.** If the driver is disconnected (cable unplugged), or if the driver is in a power-off condition, the receiver output will again be in a HIGH state, even with the end of cable 100Ω termination resistor across the input pins. The unplugged cable can become a floating antenna which can pick up noise. If the cable picks up more than 10mV of differential noise, the receiver may see the noise as a valid signal and switch. To insure that any noise is seen as common-mode and not differential, a balanced interconnect should be used. Twisted pair cable will offer better balance than flat ribbon cable.
3. **Shorted Inputs.** If a fault condition occurs that shorts the receiver inputs together, thus resulting in a 0V differential input voltage, the receiver output will remain in a HIGH state. Shorted input fail-safe is not supported across the common-mode range of the device (GND to 2.4V). It is only supported with inputs shorted and no external common-mode voltage applied.

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Pin No.	Name	Description
2, 6	R _{OUT}	Receiver output pin
3, 7	R _{IN} ⁺	Positive receiver input pin
4, 8	R _{IN} ⁻	Negative receiver input pin
5	GND	Ground pin
1	V _{CC}	Positive power supply pin, +5V ± 10%

Typical Performance Characteristics

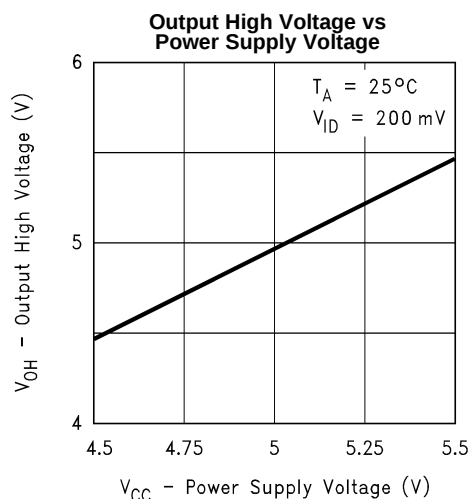


Figure 4.

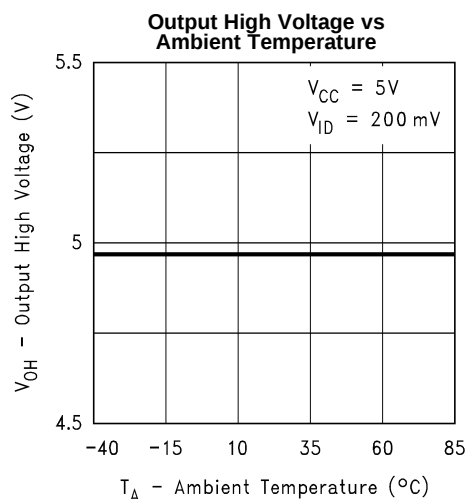


Figure 5.

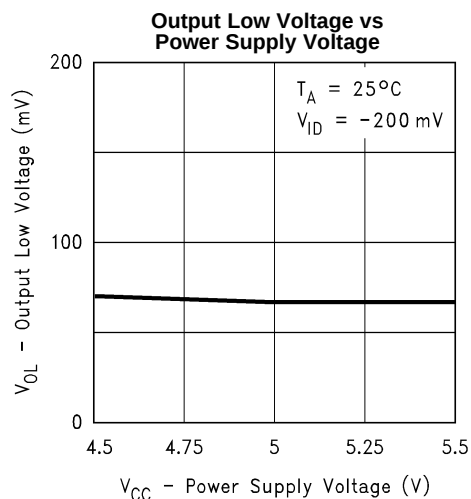


Figure 6.

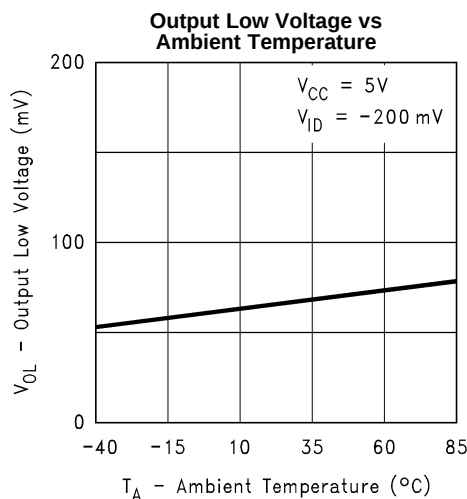


Figure 7.

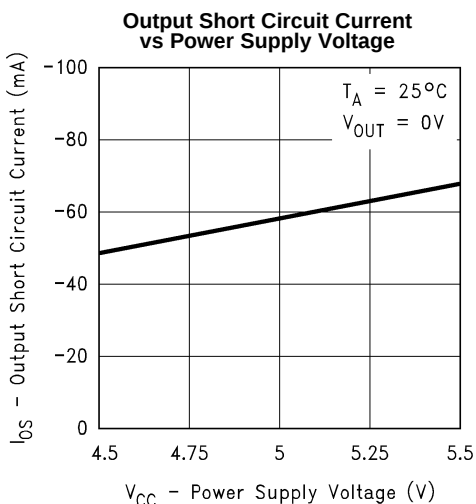


Figure 8.

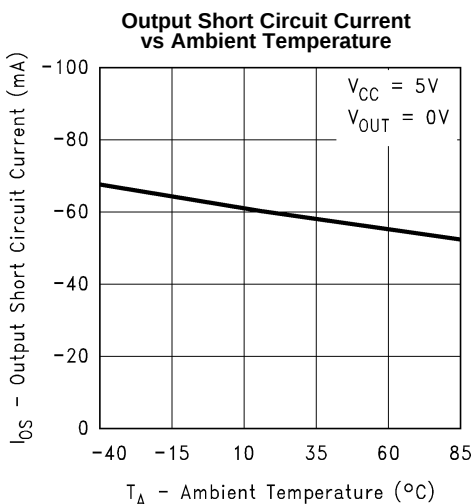


Figure 9.

Typical Performance Characteristics (continued)

**Differential Propagation Delay
vs
Power Supply Voltage**

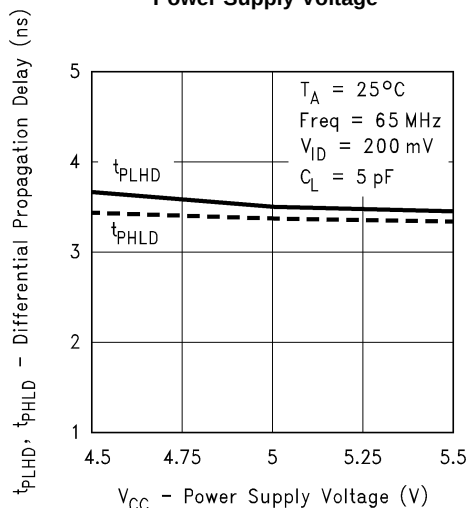


Figure 10.

**Differential Propagation Delay
vs Ambient Temperature**

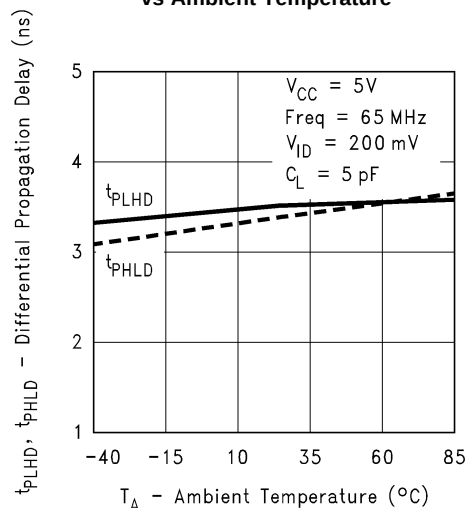


Figure 11.

**Differential Skew vs
Power Supply Voltage**

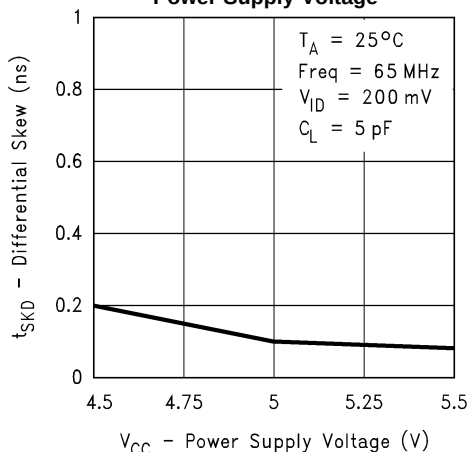


Figure 12.

**Differential Skew vs
Ambient Temperature**

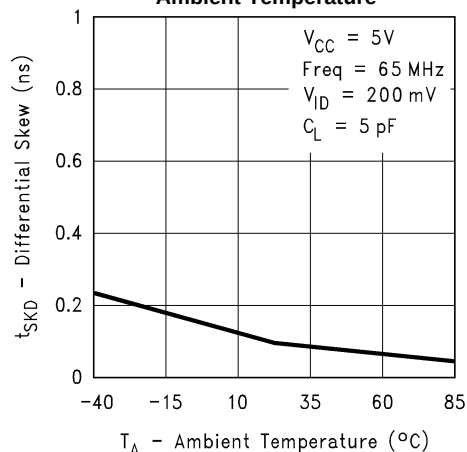


Figure 13.

**Transition Time vs
Power Supply Voltage**

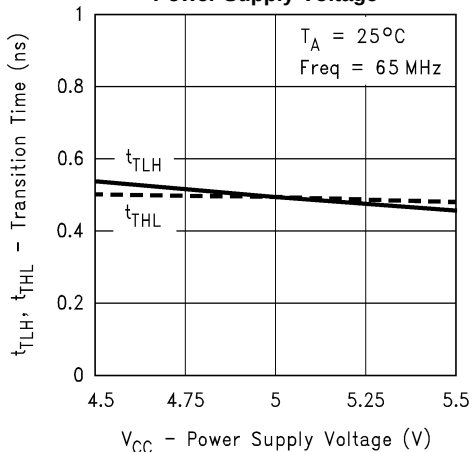


Figure 14.

**Transition Time vs
Ambient Temperature**

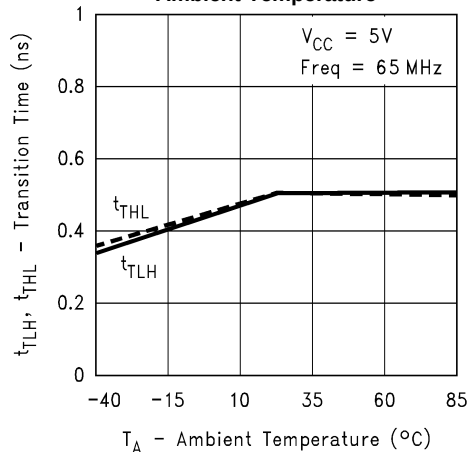


Figure 15.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings (4)	Samples
DS90C402M	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	95	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	DS90C 402M	Samples
DS90C402M/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	95	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	DS90C 402M	Samples
DS90C402MX	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	DS90C 402M	Samples
DS90C402MX/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	DS90C 402M	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

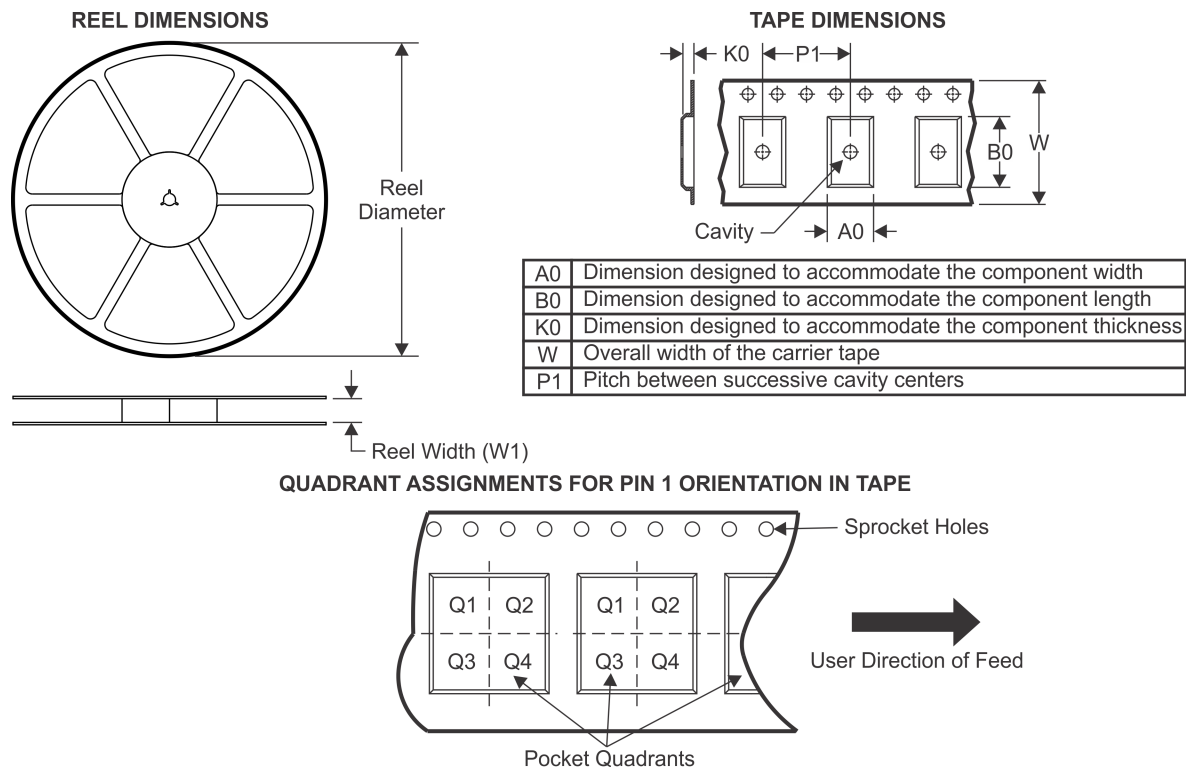
Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) Only one of markings shown within the brackets will appear on the physical device.

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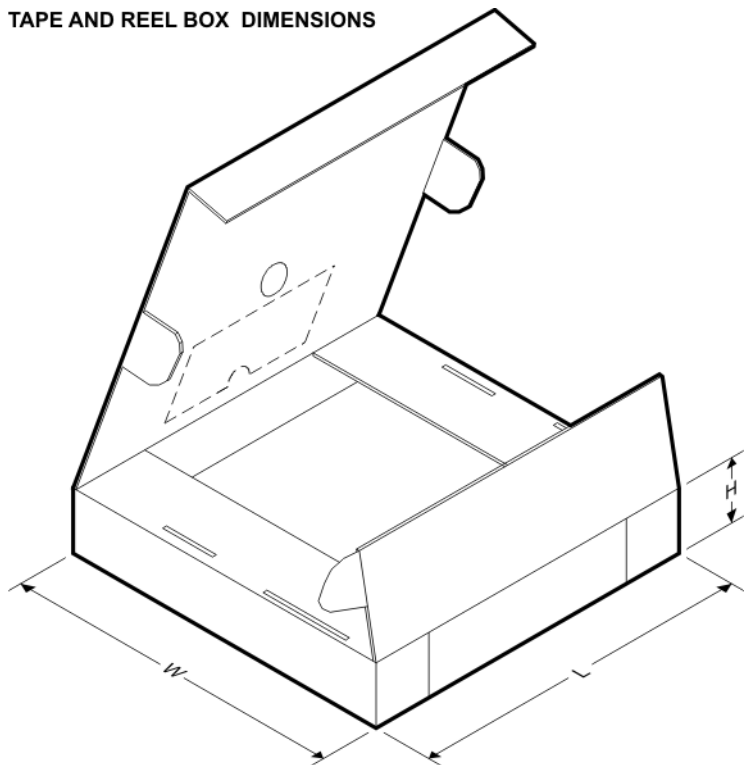
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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
DS90C402MX	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.5	5.4	2.0	8.0	12.0	Q1
DS90C402MX/NOPB	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.5	5.4	2.0	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

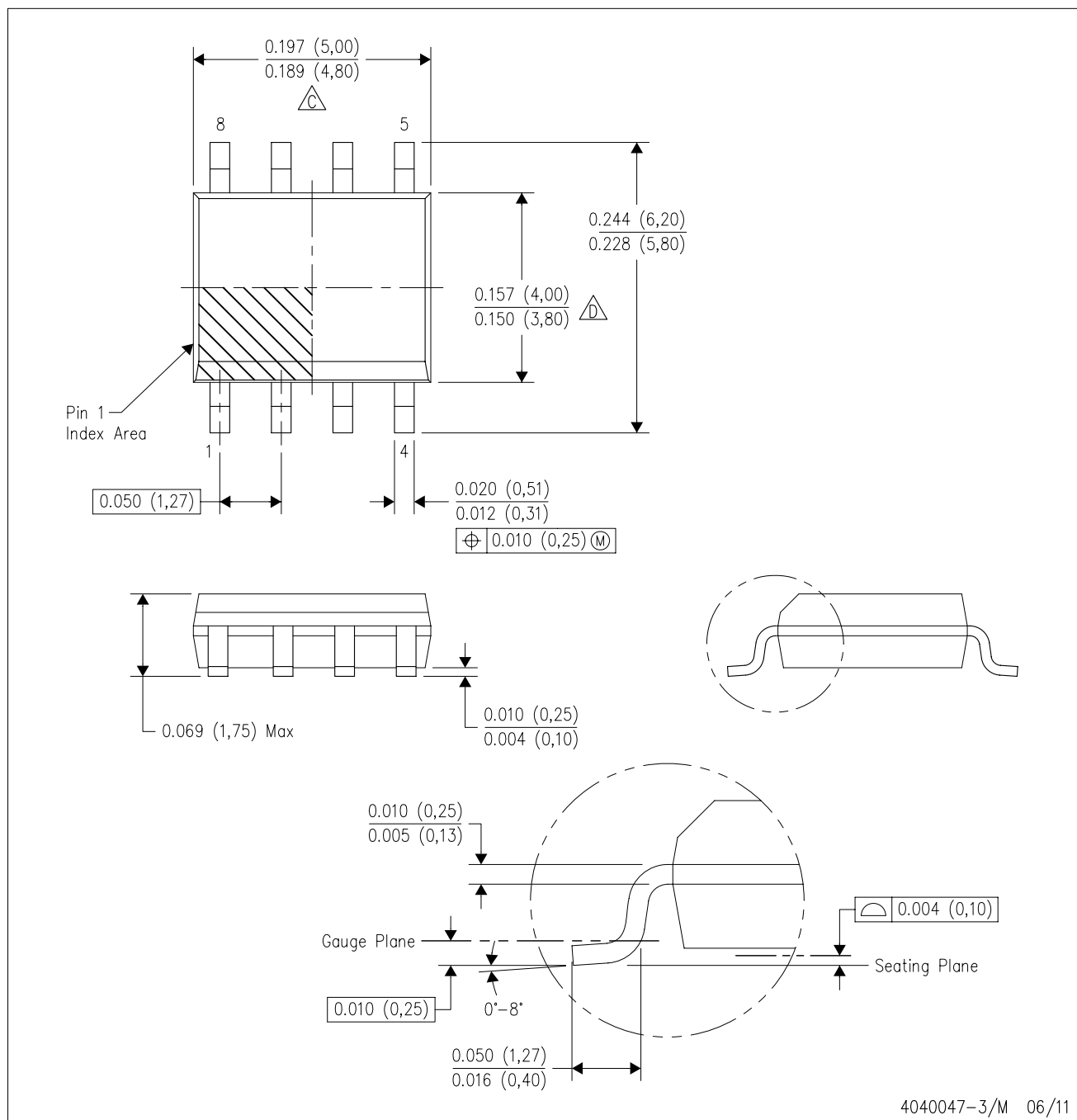


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
DS90C402MX	SOIC	D	8	2500	349.0	337.0	45.0
DS90C402MX/NOPB	SOIC	D	8	2500	349.0	337.0	45.0

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- $\triangle C$ Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- $\triangle D$ Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.

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